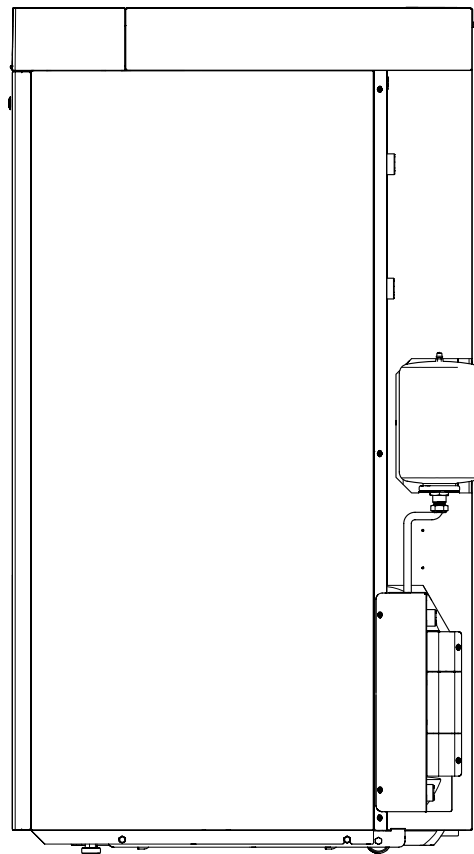
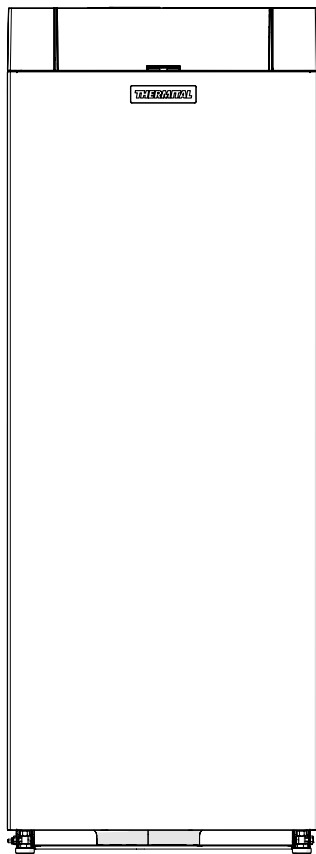


THERMITAL

INSTALLATION AND
MAINTENANCE MANUAL

ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU



Dear heating engineer,
Congratulations on having chosen a **THERMITAL** boiler. You have selected a modern, quality product that is designed to give dependable, efficient and safe service and to provide comfort in the home for many years to come.

This manual provides information that is essential to the installation of the appliance. Used in conjunction with your own knowledge and expertise it will enable you to install the appliance quickly, easily, and correctly.

Please accept our thanks and our congratulations on your choice of product.
Thermital

RANGE

MODEL	CODE
ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	20132491

ACCESSORIES

For a complete list of accessories and details of their compatibility, refer to the Catalogue.

CONFORMITY

ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU boilers conform to the following directives:

- Directive 92/42/EEC on efficiency requirements
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
- Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/CE for energy-related products
- Energy Labelling Directive 2010/30/EU
- Delegated Regulation (EU) N. 811/2013
- Delegated Regulation (EU) N. 813/2013
- Delegated Regulation (EU) N. 814/2013



CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION	4	COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE	36
General Safety Information.....	4	Preparing for initial startup.....	36
Precautions.....	4	Initial startup.....	36
Description of the appliance	4	Adjustment of heating setpoint.....	37
Safety and control devices.....	5	Enable/disable the heating function.....	37
Identification.....	5	Adjustment of domestic setpoint	37
System layout.....	6	Enable/disable the domestic function	37
Technical specifications	8	Setting the heating parameters	37
Pump	9	Setting the domestic hot water parameters	41
Location of sensors	10	DHW production setting.....	42
Control panel	11	Special functions	42
INSTALLATION	13	Ignition failure.....	43
Unpacking the product	13	Checks during and after initial start-up	43
Positioning of labels	13	Burner control and adjustment.....	44
Overall dimensions and weights	13	Burner functioning and programming	45
Moving and removing the packing.....	14	Error List.....	52
Installation premises.....	15	Permanent Errors	52
Recommended minimum distances.....	16	Temporary Errors	52
Installation in older systems and systems requiring modernisation	16	Warnings	52
Water connections	16	Temporary or short-term shut-down.....	53
Boiler water circuit	17	Preparing for extended periods of disuse	53
Typical water system schematics.....	17	Device cleaning and maintenance.....	53
Fuel connections	18	Annual cleaning	53
Discharge of combustion products	19	Cleaning and maintaining the burner.....	53
Technical specifications of stack	19	Boiler exchanger cleaning	55
Connection to the stack	19	Checking and replacing the storage cylinder anode.....	56
System filling and emptying.....	21	Extraordinary cleaning	57
Water quality requirements.....	21	Cleaning the storage cylinder	57
Filling	21	External cleaning	57
Emptying	22	Troubleshooting	58
Heater emptying.....	22	RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL	59
Wiring diagram.....	23		
Electrical connections	24		
Menu navigation.....	26		
Enter password	27		
Navigation scheme.....	28		
List of parameters.....	29		

The following symbols are used in this manual:



CAUTION! = Identifies actions that require caution and adequate preparation.






STOP! = Identifies actions that you MUST NOT do.

This manual, Code 20129594 - Rev. 0 (07/18) comprises 60 pages.












GENERAL INFORMATION

General Safety Information

-  After removing the packaging, check the condition and completeness of the supply. If there are any problems, contact the company **THERMITAL** that sold the equipment.
-  This product must be installed by a legally qualified heating engineer. On completion of the installation, the installer must issue the owner with a declaration of conformity confirming that the installation has been completed to the highest standards in compliance with the instructions provided by **THERMITAL** in this instruction manual, and that it conforms to all applicable laws and standards.
-  This product must only be used for the purpose for which it is designed and made, as specified by **THERMITAL**. **THERMITAL** declines all responsibility, contractual or other, for damage to property or injury to persons or animals caused by improper installation, adjustment, maintenance or use.
-  The room where the boiler is installed must be properly ventilated to ensure a sufficient supply of air for correct combustion.
-  In case of water leaks disconnect the equipment from the power mains, close the water supply and promptly alert Technical Assistance Centre **THERMITAL** or professionally qualified personnel.
-  The boiler must be serviced at least once a year. The failure to perform annual maintenance work will void the warranty of the equipment.
-  Periodically check that pressure in the central heating circuit, when cold, is approximately 1.5 bar and below the maximum limit specified for the boiler. If this is not the case, contact the Technical Assistance Centre **THERMITAL** or professionally qualified personnel.
-  If the boiler is not going to be used for an extended period of time, perform the operations described later in this manual.
-  This manual is an integral part of the equipment and therefore must be stored carefully and must ALWAYS accompany the boiler even if it is sold to another Owner or User or transferred to another plant. If it is damaged or lost, request another copy from your local Technical Assistance Centre **THERMITAL**.
-  This manual must be read carefully so as to ensure the correct and safe installation, operation and maintenance of the appliance. The Owner must be adequately informed and trained on how to operate the appliance. Make sure that he/she is familiar with all the information required for safe system operation.

Precautions

The operation of any appliance that uses fuel, electrical power and water demands that a number of fundamental safety precautions be respected:

-  Do not allow children or infirm persons to operate the system unsupervised.
-  It is forbidden to use electrical devices or equipment, such as switches, appliances, etc. if there is a smell of gas or un-burnt products. If so:
 - Ventilate the room, opening doors and windows
 - Close the fuel shut-off cock
 - Ask for the prompt intervention of the Technical Assistance Centre
-  Do not touch the boiler while barefoot or wet.
-  Any technical or cleaning operation is forbidden before:
 - removing the power supply by setting the main switch of the equipment to (I) and the main switch of the system to (OFF)
 - closing the water and fuel shut-off valves
-  Do not tamper with or adjust the safety or control devices without prior authorisation and instructions from the manufacturer.
-  Never pull, disconnect, or twist the electrical cables coming from the appliance even if it is disconnected from the mains electricity supply.
-  Do not obstruct or restrict the vents in the room where the boiler is installed. Adequate ventilation is essential for correct combustion.
-  Do not expose the boiler to the elements. It is not designed for use outdoors.
-  It is prohibited to leave inflammable substances and containers in the room where the boiler is installed.
-  Do not dispose of packaging material into the environment, or leave it within the reach of children, since it can become a potential hazard. Dispose of packaging material in compliance with applicable legislation.
-  It is forbidden to operate the boiler without water.

Description of the appliance

The thermal unit **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** is a hot water generator for the heating of environments and production of domestic hot water (DHW) by means of a vitrified heater. It can function at low temperature and is oil fuelled. The low NOx burner features a single-stage operation and a vertical steel combustion chamber. The boiler unit is effectively and accurately insulated with a high-density glass wool mat. The control panel includes a user interface with display and an electronic board for the thermal unit adjustment and control, which allows to manage the control and safety devices in compliance with the regulations in force.

Safety and control devices

The control panel, apart from managing the functions of the thermal unit **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU**, allows to highlight any anomaly which may affect its correct operation, ensuring the thermal unit safety by stopping it and automatically closing the burner light oil valve.

The burner control and adjustment board is also used to ensure the burner safety by managing its correct operation.

Any anomaly which may affect the generator operation forces it to stop (lock-out) and is promptly signalled with a numerical error code on the regulator display.

The following are installed on the water circuit:

- **Safety thermostat:** fitted on the generator body, it intervenes by stopping (permanent error) the thermal unit if the boiler temperature exceeds the limit threshold of 110°C;
- **Safety valve:** intervenes if the boiler pressure exceeds the limit threshold of 3 bar;
- **Pressure transducer:** sends a signal to the electronic regulator which views and continually checks the primary circuit pressure to switch on the generator or cause it to stop in case of low pressure;
- **Boiler temperature probes (delivery and return):** immersion probe on the delivery line of the generator is used by the regulator to view and check the delivery water temperature and check the correct switching on and off of the burner based on the programmed setpoint. The regulator uses the same probe to switch off the generator in case of overtemperature, before the triggering of the safety thermostat. The contact probe placed on the return line of the boiler is used by the regulator to view the return water temperature with which it calculates, together with the delivery temperature, the temperature difference between delivery and return (Δt), which allows regulating the modulation of the circulator in heating mode.
- **Domestic circuit temperature probe (heater):** the immersion probe in the heater is used by the regulator to view and check the domestic hot water temperature and to manage the relevant operating parameters (DHW Setpoint, DHW request, etc.).



The intervention of a safety device indicates a potentially dangerous malfunction in the system. Contact the manufacturer's Technical Assistance Centre immediately.



Safety devices must only be replaced by the manufacturer's Technical Assistance Centre using original spare parts. Refer to the spare parts catalogue supplied with the boiler. After making the repair, check that the appliance is working properly.



The appliance must not be put in service, even temporarily, when tampered safety devices are not in operation or have been tampered with.

Always check that the boiler is functioning correctly after repairs have been made.

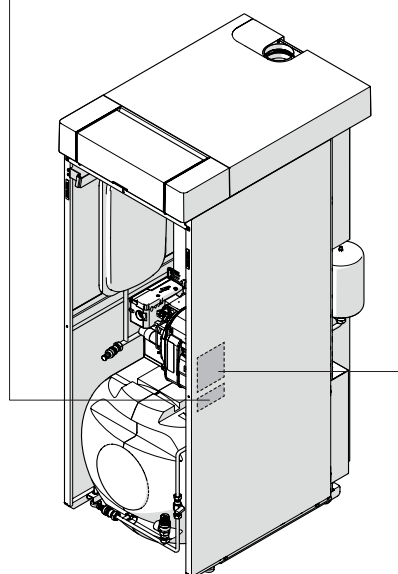
Identification

The products are identified by:

Serial number plate

Contains the serial number, the model and the main technical data.

THERMITAL		RIELLO S.p.A. Via Ing. Pilade Riello 7 37045 Legnago (VR) - ITALY		CE T067796GE	
Mod.	<input type="text"/>				
Cod.	<input type="text"/>	Qn(max)	<input type="text"/>	kW	
N°	<input type="text"/>	Pn(max)	<input type="text"/>	kW	
		Pms	<input type="text"/>	bar	



THERMITAL		RIELLO S.p.A. Via Ing. Pilade Riello 7 37045 Legnago (VR) - ITALY		CE T067796GE	
Mod.	<input type="text"/>				
Cod.	<input type="text"/>				
N°	<input type="text"/>				
PAESE DI DESTINAZIONE/PAIS DE DESTINATION/BESTIMMUNGSLAND/VON BESTEMMUNG					
COUNTRY OF DESTINATION/PAIS DE DESTINATION/PAIS DE DESTINATION					
COMBUSTIBLE/COMBUSTIBLE/BRENNSTOFF/BRANDSTOFF/FUEL/COMBUSTIBLE/COMBUSTIBLE					
TIPO/TYPE/TYP/TYP/TIPO/TIPO					
IP				NO _x = mg/kWh	
V-Hz	W			η_{c} = %	
	Qn(min)=	kW	kW		
	Pn(min)=	kW	kW		
Pmw=	bar	T = °C	Qn(max)=	kW	kW
			Pn(max)=	kW	kW
Pms=	bar	T = °C			

Data plate

This lists the technical specifications and performance of the product.



DHW section



Central heating section

Qn

Rated heat input

Pn

Rated useful heat output

IP

Electric degree of protection

Pmw

Maximum domestic operating pressure

Pms

Maximum heating operating pressure

T

Maximum permitted temperature

η

Efficiency

D

Specific flow rate

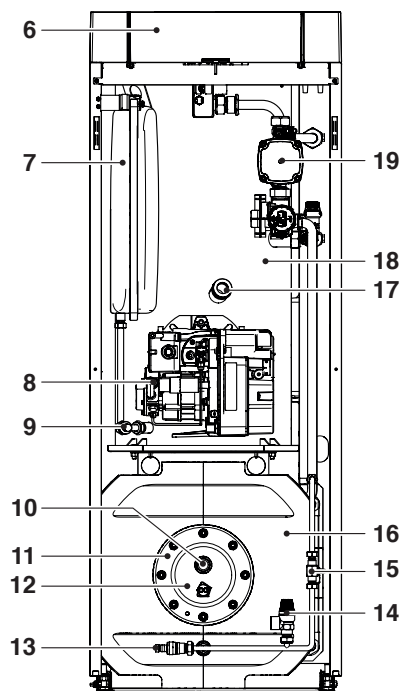
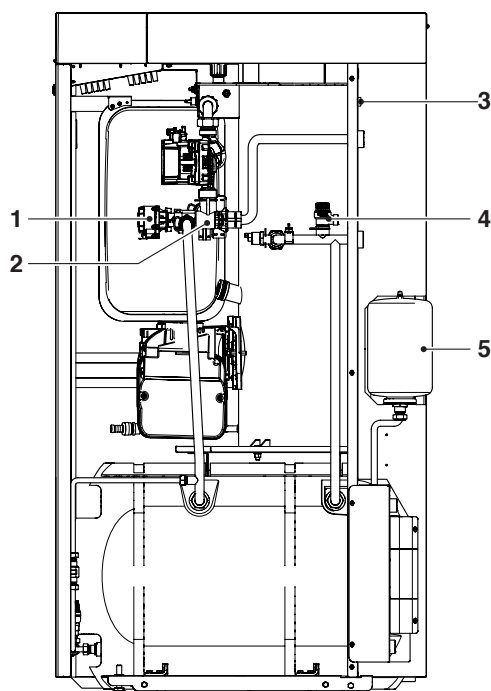
NOx

NOx class

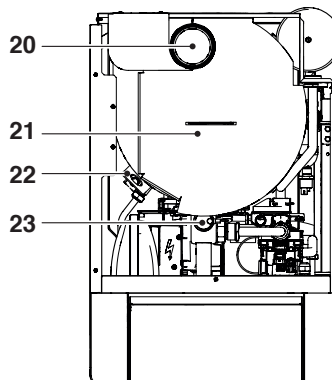


If these plates or any other means of clearly identifying the product are defaced, removed or lost, proper installation and servicing may be rendered difficult.

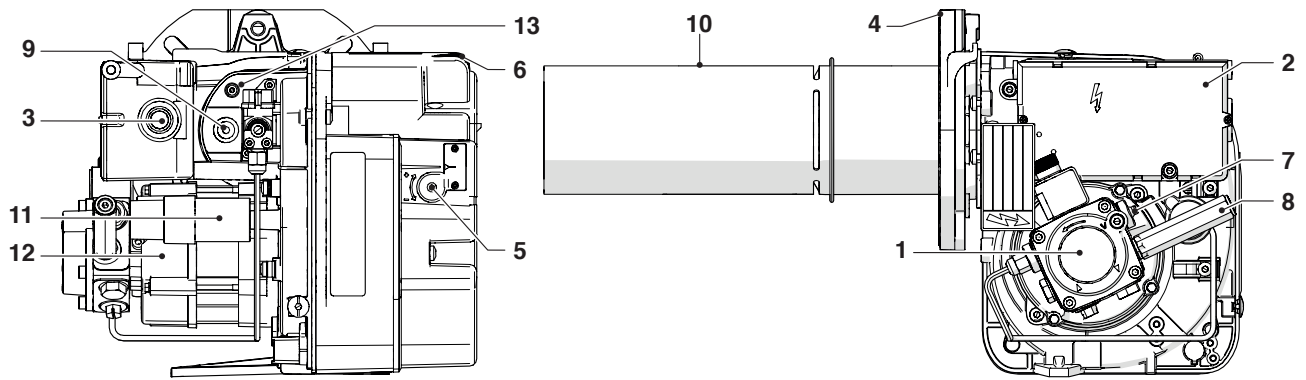
ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU



- 1 Electric actuator
- 2 3-way diverting valve
- 3 Main switch
- 4 Heating safety valve
- 5 Storage cylinder expansion vessel
- 6 Control panel
- 7 Heating expansion reservoir
- 8 Burner
- 9 Boiler drain cock
- 10 Magnesium anode
- 11 Storage cylinder inspection flange
- 12 Storage cylinder flange insulation
- 13 Storage cylinder drain cock
- 14 Storage cylinder safety valve
- 15 Storage cylinder fill cock
- 16 Storage cylinder with insulation
- 17 Flame inspection window
- 18 Boiler body
- 19 Pump
- 20 Flue gas exhaust fitting
- 21 Flue gas box cover
- 22 Lifting bracket
- 23 Automatic bleed valve

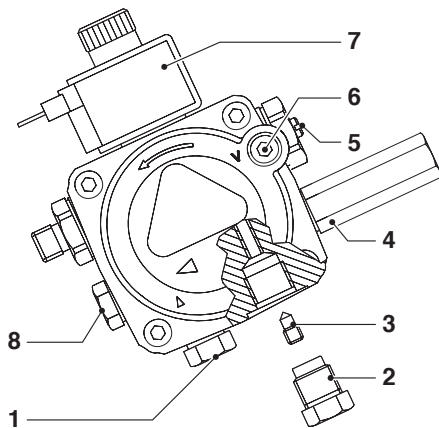


BURNER



- | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----|------------------------|
| 1 | Pump | 8 | Pressure gauge fitting |
| 2 | Burner controller | 9 | Photoresistor |
| 3 | Reset button with lockout indicator | 10 | Flame pipe |
| 4 | Flange with seal | 11 | Condenser |
| 5 | Air damper adjuster screw | 12 | Motor |
| 6 | Air intake | 13 | Heating element |
| 7 | Oil pump pressure adjuster screw | | |

OIL PUMP



- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Suction port |
| 2 | Return |
| 3 | By-pass screw |
| 4 | Pressure gauge fitting |
| 5 | Pressure adjuster screw |
| 6 | Vacuum gauge fitting |
| 7 | Solenoid valve |
| 8 | Auxiliary pressure measurement fitting |

Technical specifications

DESCRIPTION			ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
Device type			Mixed low temperature heating	
			B23-C13(*)-C33(*)-C63(*)	
Fuel			Heating fuel oil (light oil)	
Maximum rated heat input at furnace referred to HVC (LCV)			28,1 (26,5)	kW
Useful (rated) heat output			25	kW
Maximum useful heat output	P4	(60-80°C)	25,3	kW
30% heat output	P1	with return at 37°C	7,7	kW
Efficiency class in central heating mode			B	
Seasonal energy efficiency in DHW mode			B	
Seasonal energy efficiency in central heating mode	ηs		86	%
Efficiency at rated heat output in high temperature mode referred to HCV	η4	Pn (60-80°C)	90	%
Efficiency at 30% rated heat output in low temperature mode referred to HCV	η1	with return at 37°C	91,1	%
Energy efficiency in DHW mode	wh		77	%
Domestic load profile			XL	
Chimney losses with burner on at max. Pn (80-60°C)			4,4	%
Heat loss in standby mode	Pstby		44	W
Annual energy consumption	QHE		84	GJ
Daily electrical energy consumption	Qelec		0,103	kWh
Annual electrical energy consumption	AEC		27,5	kWh
Daily fuel consumption	Qfuel		25,12	kWh
Annual fuel consumption	AFC		34,28	GJ
Noise level (sound power)	LWA		59	dB(A)
Emissions at maximum heat input	NOx	(referred to HCV)	92	mg/kWh
	CO2		12,5	%
	CO w.a. <		10	ppm
	Flue gas T	At Pn (60-80°C)	100	°C
Smoke scale			<0,5	
Flue gas mass flow rate			10	g/s
Maximum working pressure			3	bar
Maximum permitted temperature			110	°C
Maximum operating temperature			82	°C
Minimum return temperature			37	°C
Boiler water capacity			33	l
Turbulators			16	
Volume of expansion vessel (CH)			8	l
Precharge of expansion vessel (CH)			1,5	bar
Index of protection			X0D	IP
Power supply			230 V - 50 Hz	
Absorbed power supply (max)			205	W
Consumption at full load	Elmax		175	W
Consumption at part load	Elmin		53	W
Electrical consumption in standby mode	Psb		12	W

LCV: Lower calorific value of fuel

HCV: Higher calorific value of fuel

Test conditions:

- Room temperature 22°C
- Atmospheric pressure 1018 mbar

(*) Configurations possible only with the installation of the dedicated accessories (available separately).

DESCRIPTION	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
Type of storage cylinder	Vitrified	
Storage cylinder layout	Horizontal	
Heat exchanger layout	Horizontal	
Maximum power absorbed	23	kW
DHW temperature setting range	40-70	°C
Storage cylinder capacity	69	l
Coil water capacity	4	l
Heat exchange surface area	0,8	m ²
Production of domestic water with (ΔT 35°C) (*)	564	l/h
Water draw in 10 minutes with storage cylinder at 48°C	98	l
Water draw in 10 minutes with storage cylinder at 60°C	190	l
Specific flow rate (EN 13203)	20	l/min
Reset time (ΔT 35°C)	12	min
Maximum operating pressure of storage cylinder	6	bar
Volume of expansion vessel (DHW)	2	l
Precharge of expansion vessel (DHW)	3,5	bar

(*) Inlet temperature of 10°C and average outlet temperature of 45°C with coil inlet temperature of 80°C.

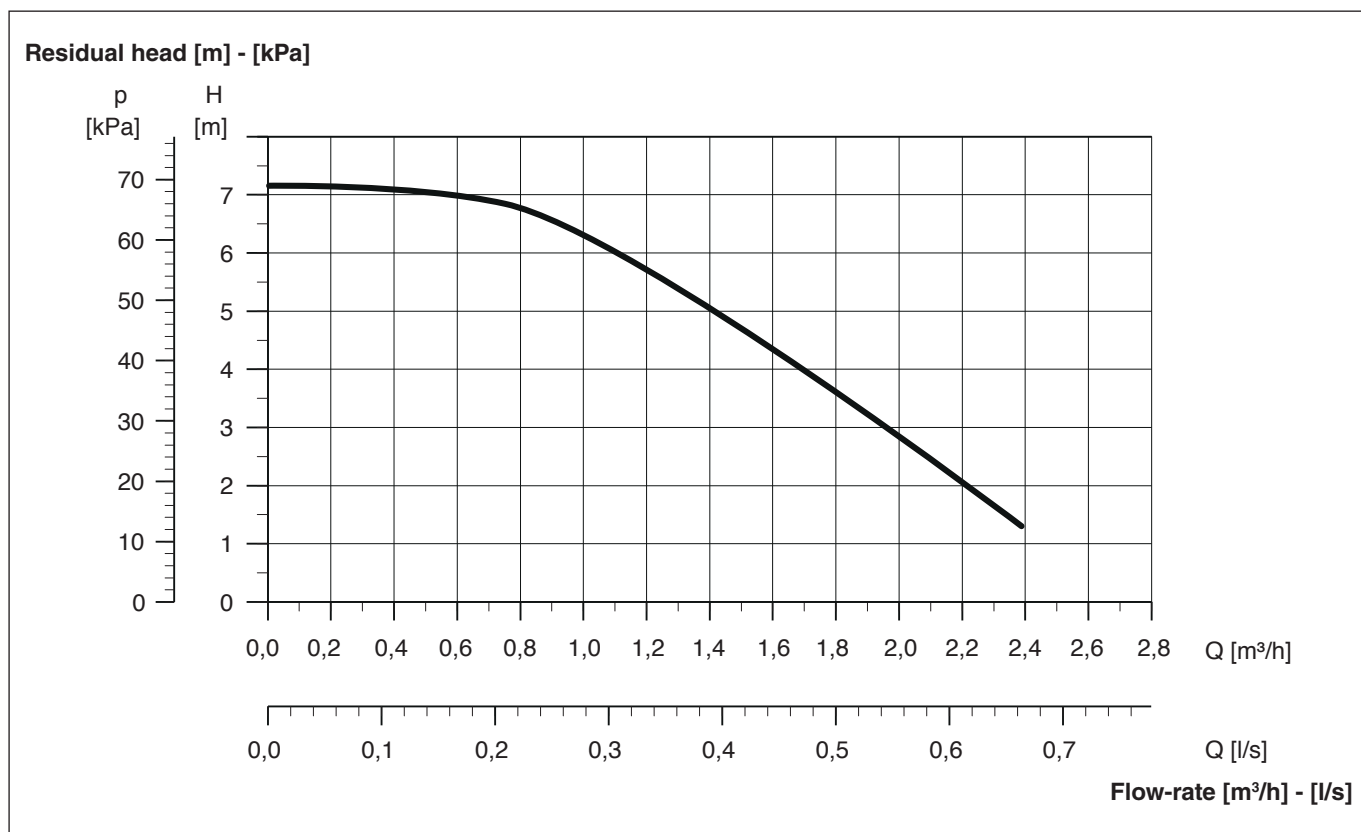
Pump

DESCRIPTION	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
Electrical consumption	52	W
EEL Part 3 (*)	$\leq 0,20$	
P L _{Avg} (**)	≤ 23	W
Minimum pressure at pump suction inlet	0,5	bar

(*) Energy efficiency rating according to regulations 641/2009-622/2012

(**) Approximate average annual electricity consumption according to regulations 641/2009-622/2012

PUMP CURVES

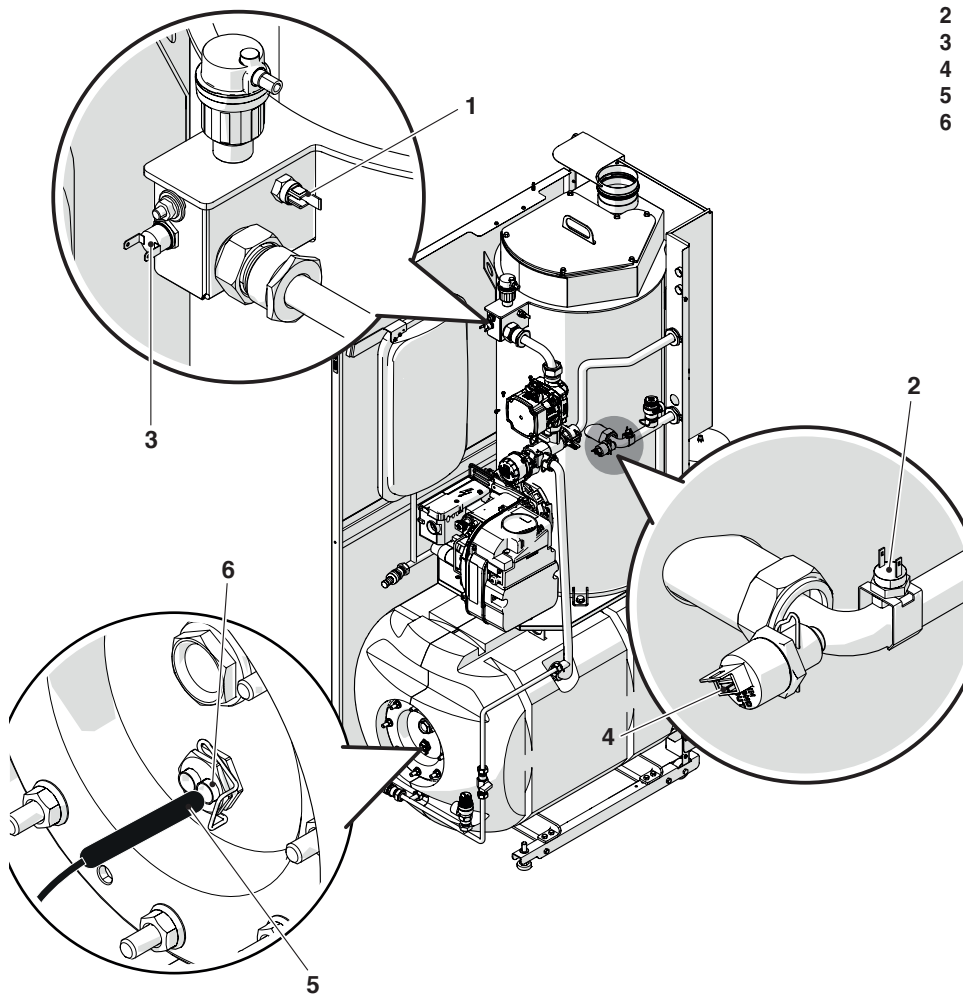


The curves refer to a density of 983.2 Kg/m³, a water temperature of +20°C and a kinematic viscosity of 0.474 mm²/s (0.474 cSt).

Location of sensors

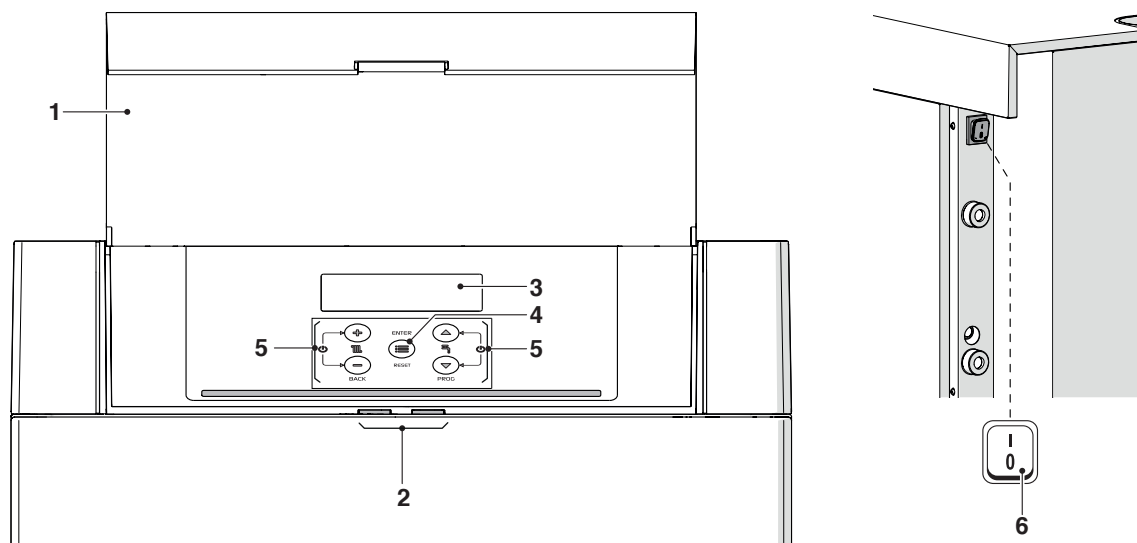
ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU

- 1 Delivery temperature probe
- 2 Return temperature probe
- 3 Safety thermostat
- 4 Pressure transducer
- 5 Boiler sensor
- 6 Heater sensor bath



Control panel

Controls interface

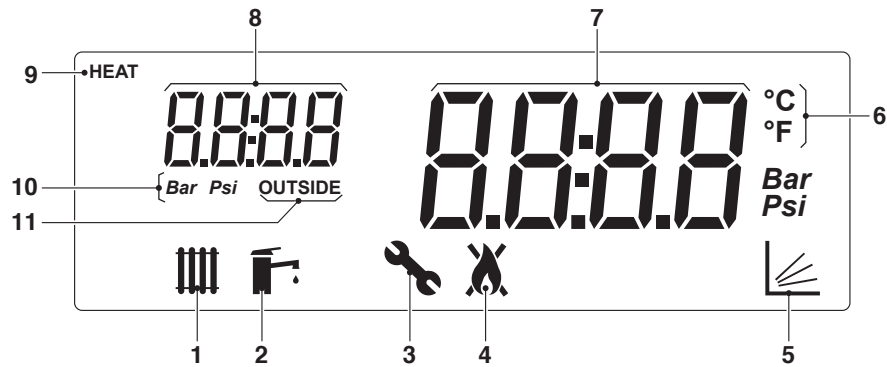


- 1 Door
- 2 Light guide
- 3 Rear light display
- 4 ENTER/RESET key: it allows accessing the main menu and restoring the operation after a stop due to an anomaly
- 5 Navigation keys
- 6 Main switch (located on the equipment rear wall)

Light Guide displaying

STATUS	DESCRIPTION
Green blinking	Thermal unit drain cycle and initialization in progress after the power supply reset.
Steady green	Thermal unit on
Steady red	Thermal unit in alarm mode
Red blinking	Thermal unit in lock-out mode

Display visualisation



- 1 Icon displayed when heating mode is enabled. Blinking when there is a heat demand
- 2 Icon displayed when DHW mode is enabled. Blinking when there is an DHW Demand
- 3 Icon displayed when entering the "Installer" or "Manufacturer" menu
- 4 Icon displayed when the burner of the equipment is on. The icon will be marked with a cross in case of Permanent or Temporary error.
- 5 Icon displayed when the climatic mode operation is active (Par. 2001= 1 or 2)
- 6 Celsius/Fahrenheit temperature
- 7 Displays current value
- 8 Displaying of system pressure or parameter number or external temperature
- 9 Icon displayed when the circulator is operating
- 10 Pressure in Bar/Psi
- 11 Icon displayed when the outdoor probe is connected

INSTALLATION

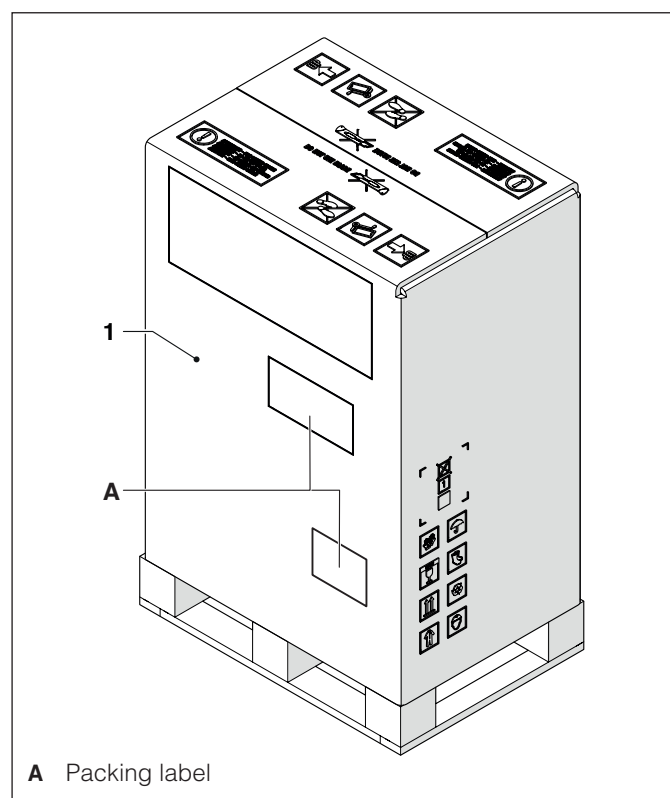
Unpacking the product


The **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** boiler is supplied on a pallet, protected by a non-scratch cloth and a triple wall cardboard box. Check immediately that there is no damage and that the boiler is exactly as ordered. The product specifications are shown on the outside of the packing: model, power, equipment, fuel type. If there is any difference between the boiler ordered and that received, contact your agent, the warehouse or the sales department at head office immediately.


The following items are delivered in a plastic bag (1) inside the boiler:

- User manual
- Installation and maintenance manual
- Hydraulic test certificate
- Energy label
- Conventional warranty conditions

Positioning of labels

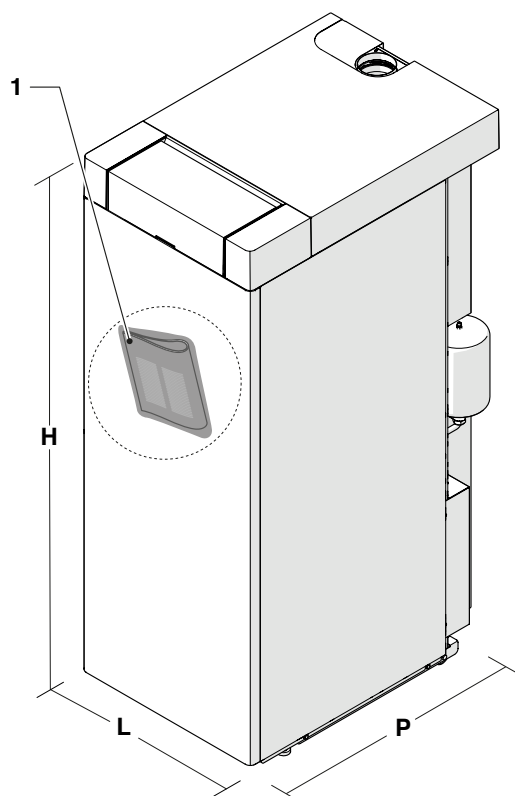


 The instruction manual is an integral part of the appliance; therefore, it should be read and stored carefully.

 Keep the documentation envelope in a safe place. Any replacement documents must be ordered from Thermital who reserve the right to charge for the cost of the replacement.

Overall dimensions and weights

ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU



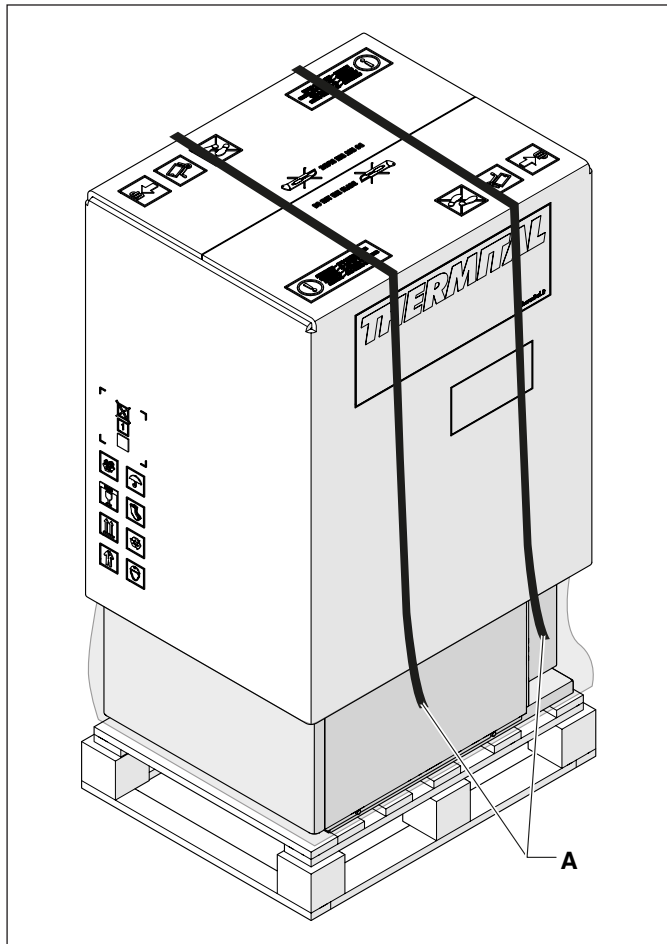
Description	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
L	500	mm
P	735	mm
H	1355	mm
Net weight	155	kg

Moving and removing the packing

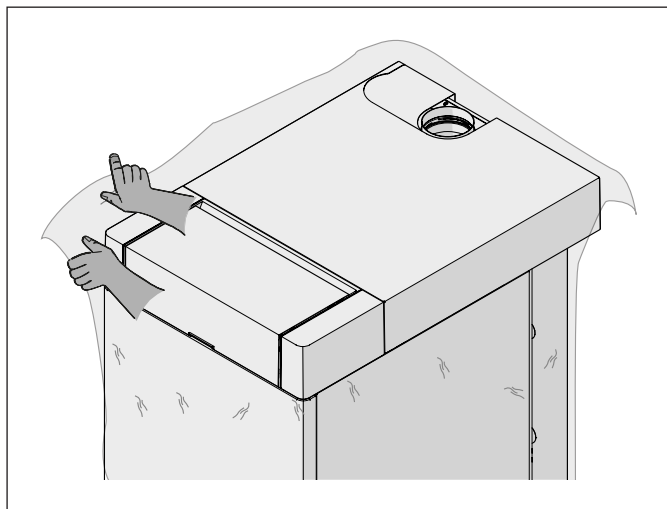
⚠ Wear suitable personal protection equipment when moving the boiler and removing the packing. Only use lifting equipment that is suitable for the weight involved.

Proceed as follows to remove the packing:

- remove the straps (A) fixing the packing to the pallet;

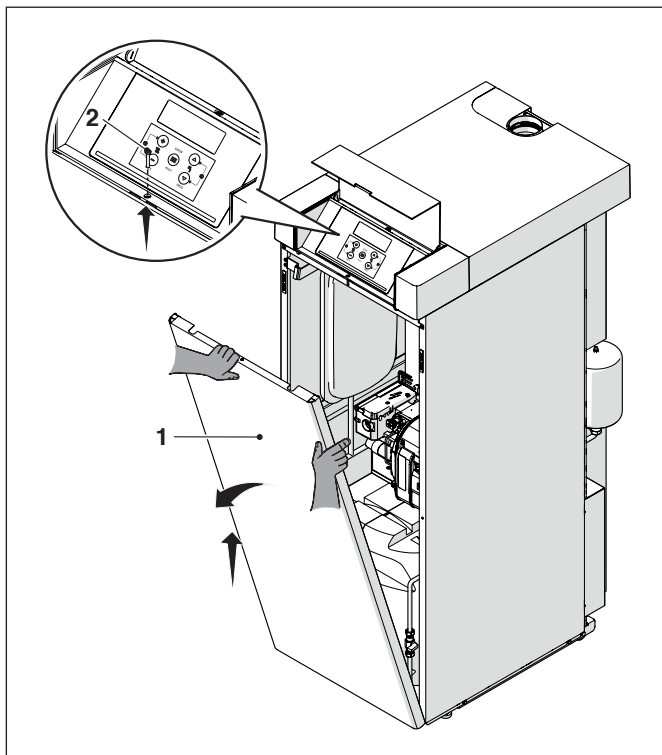


- remove the cardboard packing and non-scratch cloth.

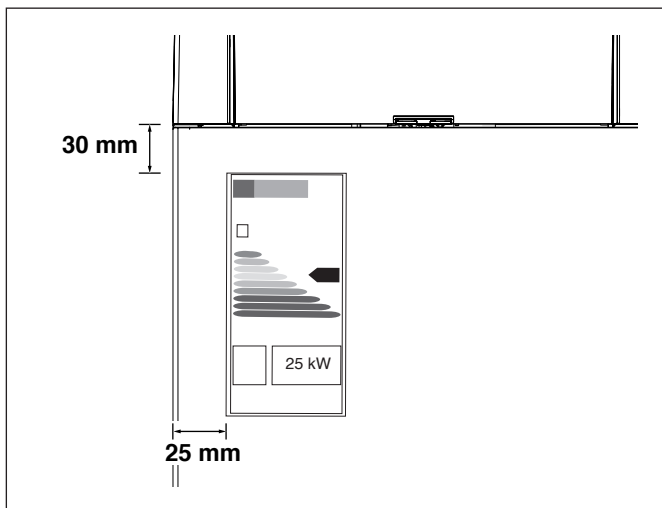


⊖ Do not dispose of packaging material into the environment, or leave it within the reach of children, since it can become a potential hazard. Dispose of packaging material in compliance with applicable legislation.

Once the packaging has been removed, remove the fixing screw (2) and extract the front panel (1).



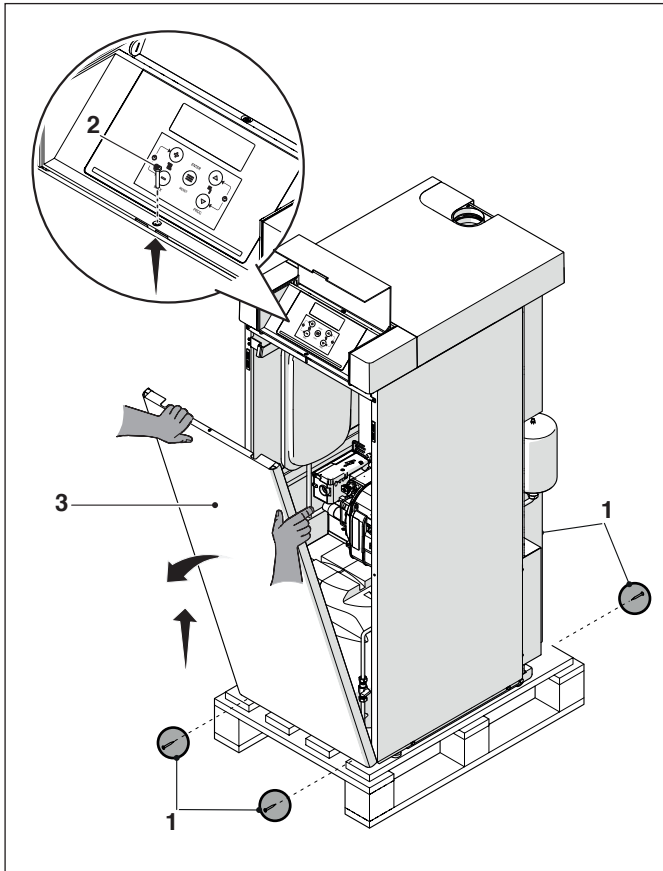
Locate the bag containing the documentation, extract the energy label and apply it to the boiler casing.



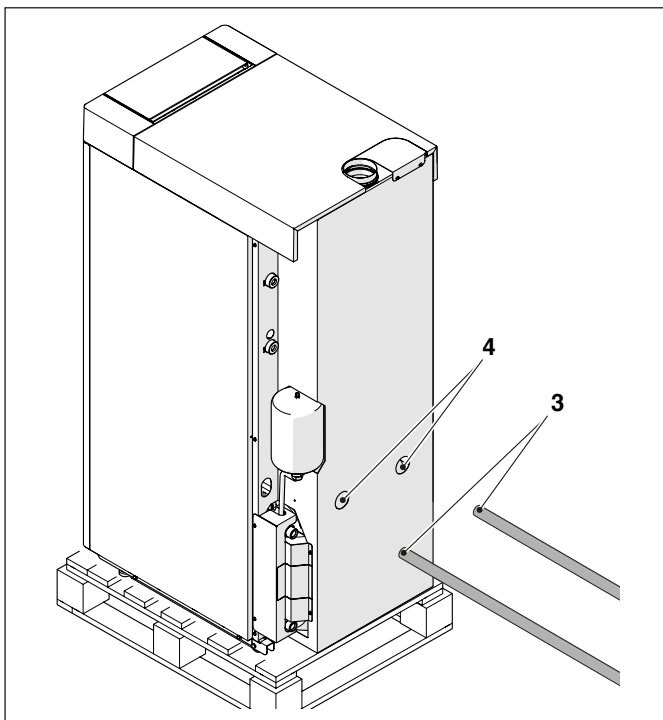
To move the boiler manually, proceed as follows:

- Unscrew the screws (1) securing the boiler to the pallet;
- remove the fixing screw (2) and extract the front panel (3).;

Use lifting equipment suitable for the weight involved.



- lift the thermal unit by inserting two pipes (3) with a diameter of 1" through the suitable holes (4) on the upper part of the thermal unit.



- ⚠ Take care because the boiler might swing when lifted.

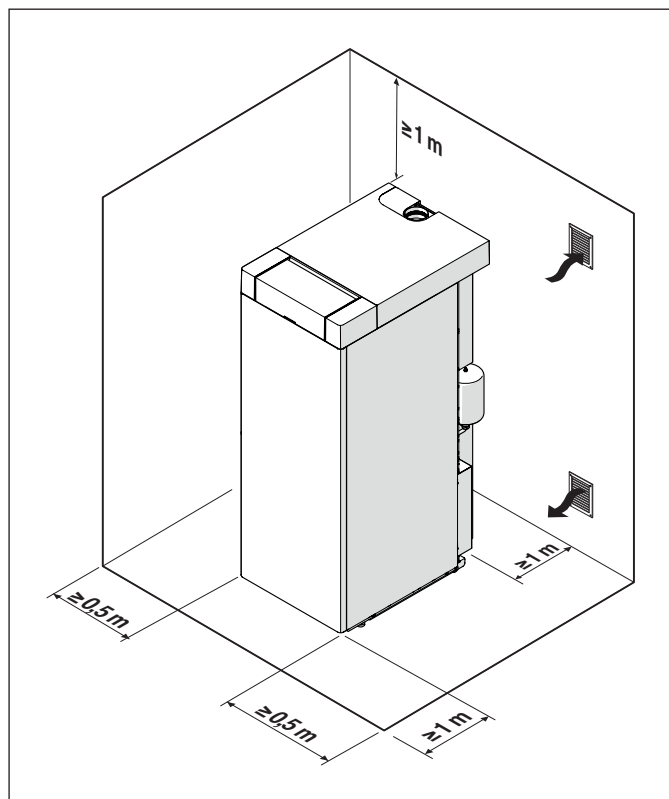
Installation premises

The thermal unit **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** must be installed in rooms with appropriately sized vent openings which comply with the Technical Standards and Regulations in force in the place of installation.

- ⚠ When installing the boiler, allow sufficient space around it to access all safety and control devices and to permit easy maintenance.
- ⚠ Check that the electric protection level of the appliance is suitable for features of the room where it is installed.
- ⚠ Make sure that comburent air is not contaminated by substances containing chlorine or fluorine (elements found in sprays, paints, detergents etc.).
- ⊘ These boilers must be installed indoors. They are not designed for outside use.
- ⊘ Do not obstruct or restrict the air vents in the room where the boiler is installed. A free air supply is essential for correct combustion.

Recommended minimum distances

This figure shows the minimum installation distances that must be respected in order to allow proper maintenance of the boiler.



Installation in older systems and systems requiring modernisation

When installing these boilers in older systems or systems requiring modernisation, always perform the following checks:

- Make sure that the flue is able to withstand the temperature of the combustion gases and that it has been designed and made in compliance with applicable standards. The flue must also be as straight as possible, sealed, insulated and not blocked or choked
- Make sure that the electrical supply system has been installed by a qualified electrician in compliance with applicable standards
- Make sure that the fuel feed line and any storage tank are made and installed in compliance with applicable standards
- Make sure that expansion vessels are big enough to contain the additional volume generated by thermal expansion
- Make sure that the flow rate, head and direction of flow of the pumps are suitable and correct
- Make sure that the central heating circuit has been flushed out to remove all sludge and lime scale, and that it has been bled and seal tested
- Make sure that a suitable water treatment system is installed if the quality of the supply/recirculation water so demands. (Refer to the reference values on page 21); See **THERMITAL's** Catalogue

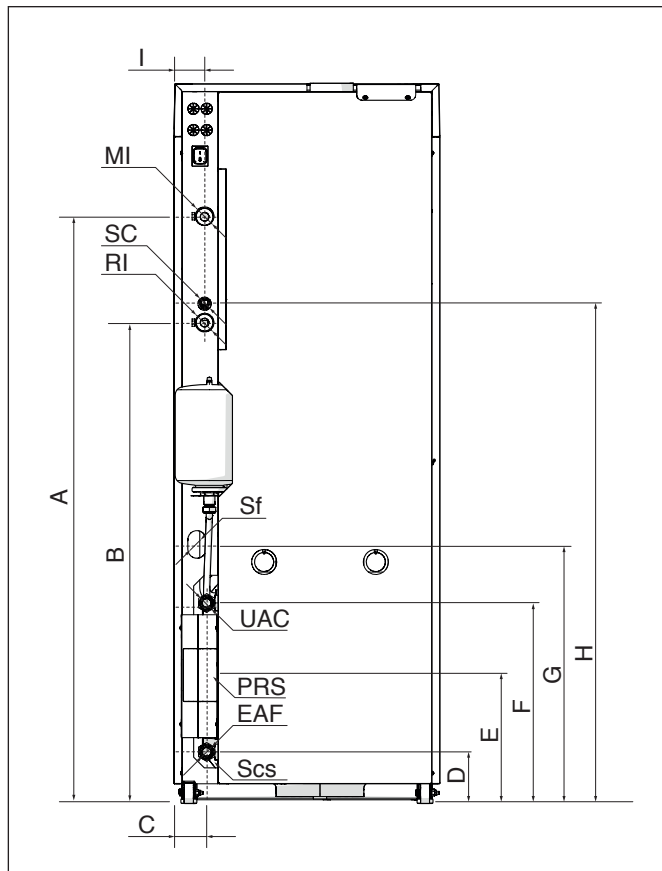


The manufacturer declines all responsibility for damage caused by incorrectly constructed flue systems.

Water connections

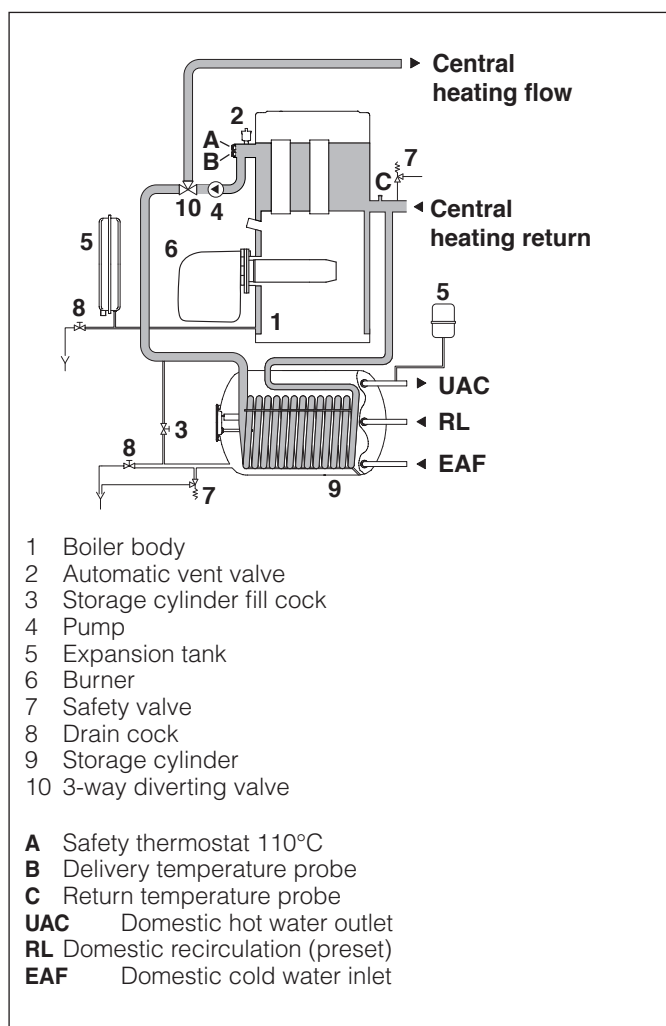
The following table gives the dimensions and positions of the water fittings for **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** boilers.

Before installing the boiler, flush out all the pipes of the central heating circuit to remove any machining residues.



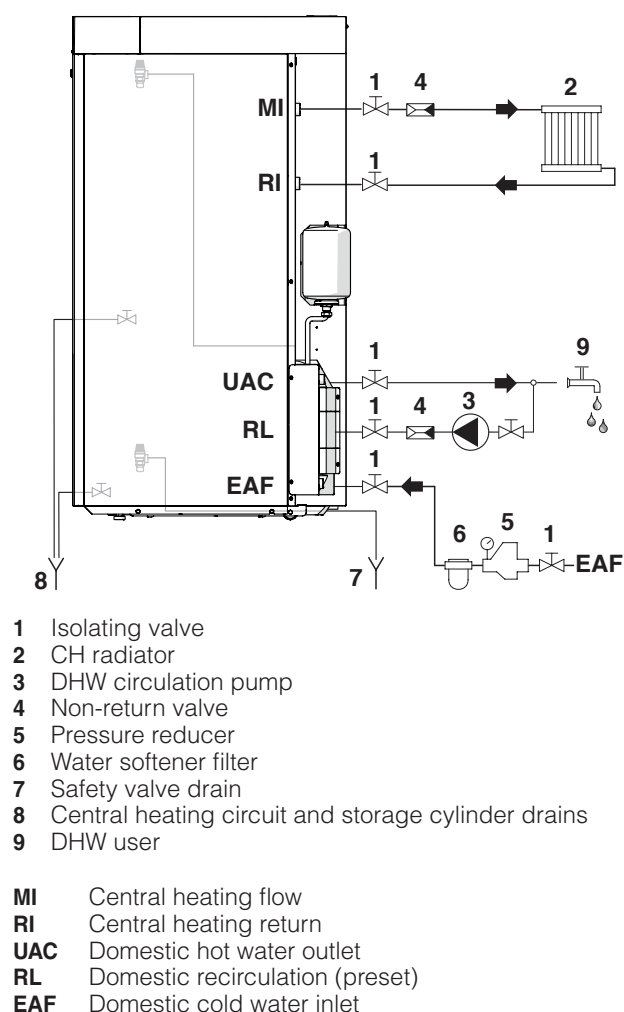
DESCRIPTION	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
A	1103	mm
B	904	mm
C	62	mm
D	97	mm
E	220	mm
F	377	mm
G	487	mm
H	940	mm
I	58	mm
MI (system delivery line)	1" M	Ø
RI (system return line)	1" M	Ø
UAC (domestic hot water outlet)	3/4" M	Ø
DRP (domestic recirculation preset)	3/4" M	Ø
EAF (domestic cold water inlet)	3/4" M	Ø
SC (safety valve drain)	21	Ø mm
Sf (automatic drain valve drain)	11	Ø mm
Dsd (domestic safety valve drain)	21	Ø mm





Boiler water circuit



Typical water system schematics

Typical installation schematic

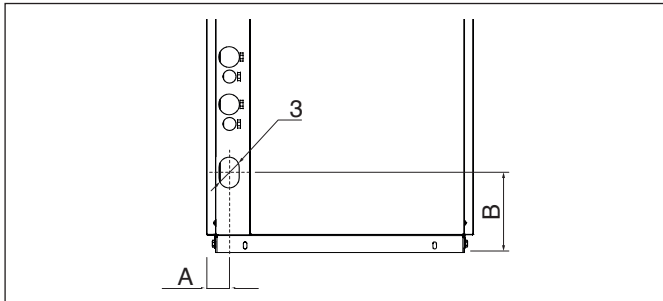
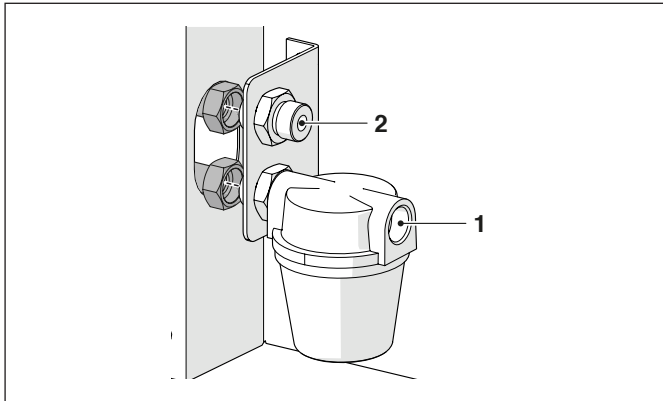


-  The safety valves must be connected to a suitable collection and drain system.
-  The selection and the installation of the components of the system is the responsibility of the installer, who must operate in accordance with good practice and current Legislation.
-  If needed, water supplies and recovery circuits must be conditioned by suitable treatment systems. Refer to the values listed in the table on page 21.
-  It is prohibited to operate the circulators without water.

Fuel connections

The thermal unit **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** is preset to receive the light oil supply pipes through the slot (3) of the rear panel. The light oil supply delivery pipe must be connected directly on the filter (1) (accessory), the return pipe to the preset union (2).

Make sure that these connections are oil tight.



Description	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
Fittings	2x3/8" M	Ø
A	45	mm
B	490	mm

If the oil feed system is in negative pressure, the return line must reach the same height as the suction line. This avoids having to install a bottom valve, which would be essential if the return hose were to be located above the level of the fuel.

⚠ The installer must ensure that the negative pressure differential in the oil feed never exceeds 0.4 bar (30 cm Hg). If this value is exceeded, the fuel oil will release gas. Make sure that the oil hoses are perfectly oil-tight.

⚠ Clean out the oil tank at suitable intervals.

⚠ The fuel supply system must be suitable for the burner capacity and must be equipped with all the safety and control devices required by the Standards in force. For its size, refer to the table on page "18" of paragraph "Priming the pump".

⚠ A filter must be installed in the oil feed line.

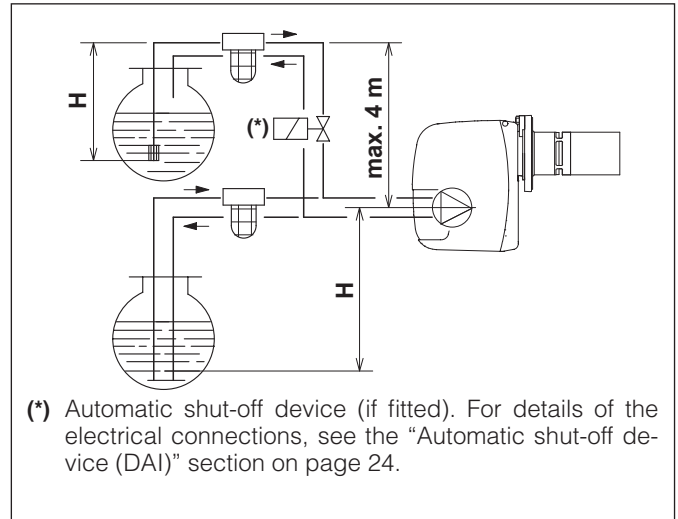
⚠ Before starting the thermal unit, make sure that the return pipe line is not clogged. An excessive back pressure would cause the breakage of the circulator seal.

⚠ On completion of the installation, check that all joints are sealed.

Priming the pump

To prime the oil pump simply start up the burner and check for a flame.

If the burner enters lockout before any fuel reaches it, wait at least 20 seconds then turn the function selector to position (II) "Reset burner" for at least 1 second before returning it to position (I). Wait for the burner to complete the entire ignition cycle again, up to the ignition of the flame.



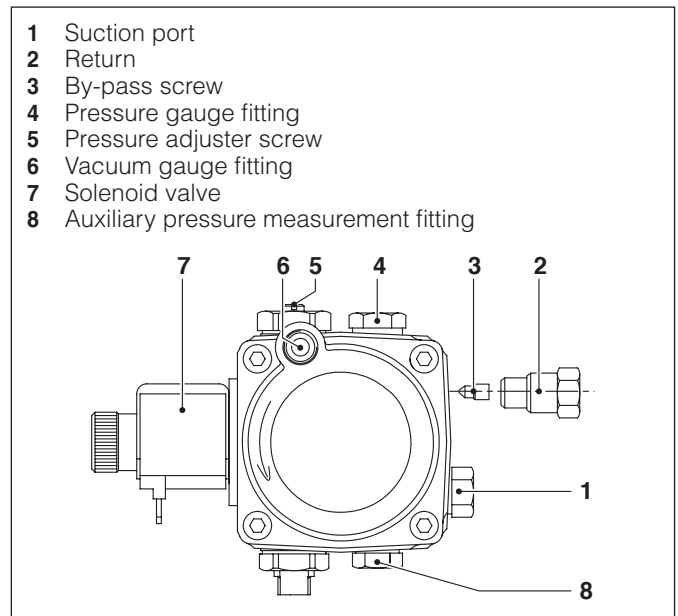
⚠ If a confirmation solenoid valve is to be installed in the light oil supply circuit to the burner, only a one-pipe system can be set. Any two-pipe connection can compromise the correct operation of the burner.

H (m)	L (m)	
	Øi (8mm)	Øi (10mm)
0	35	100
0,5	30	100
1	25	100
1,5	20	90
2	15	70
3	8	30
3,5	6	20

H = Height difference

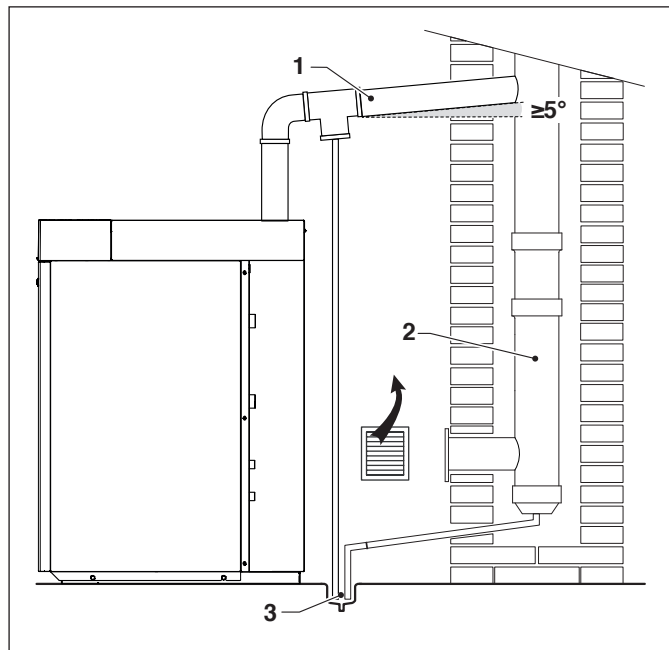
L = Maximum length of suction hose

Øi = Internal diameter of hose



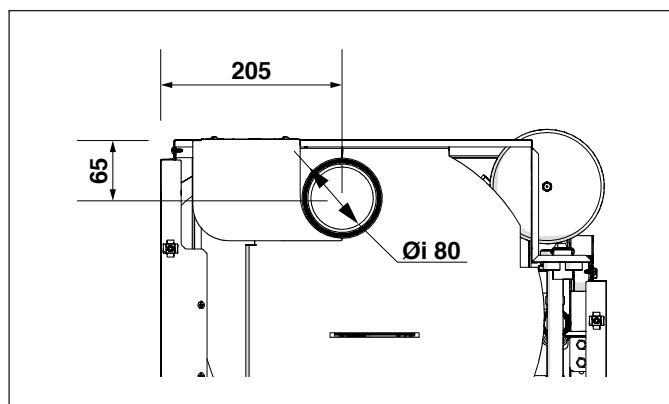
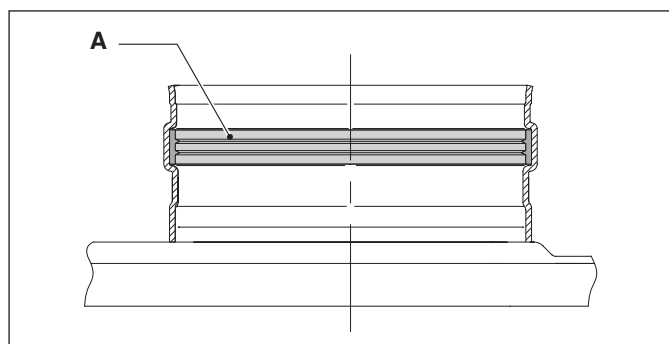
Discharge of combustion products

The flue pipe (1) and the connection to the stack (2) must be made in conformity to the laws, standards and regulations applicable in the place of installation.



⚠ The condensate drain system (3) must conform to national and local legislation and standards.

⚠ The stack fitting is equipped with a seal (A). Do not use pipes with riveted overlaps to construct the flue.



ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU boilers derive their comburent air from the room in which they are installed. Suitable air vents must therefore be provided in compliance with applicable laws and standards.



Do not obstruct or restrict the air vents in the room where the boiler is installed. Adequate ventilation is essential for correct combustion and functioning.

Technical specifications of stack

The stack must satisfy the following requirements::

- It must be constructed from materials that are impermeable to flue gases and that offer lasting resistance to mechanical stress, heat and the action of the products of combustion and condensate
- It must be vertical, free of restrictions and contain bends of no more than 45°
- It must be suitable for the specific operating conditions of the boiler and must be CE marked
- It must be of adequate dimensions to ensure draught and venting properties suitable for the needs of the boiler
- It must have adequate external insulation to prevent condensation and the cooling of flue gases
- the stack must have a dedicated condensate drain system at the bottom.



The diameter of the stack must never be smaller than that of the flue pipe from the boiler.



In configuration B23, the stack must guarantee the minimum draught specified by applicable technical standards, assuming zero pressure at the boiler's flue gas exhaust.

Connection to the stack

The boiler must be connected to the stack using rigid flue pipes that are resistant to heat, condensate and mechanical stress. All joins must be sealed and the finished flue must be insulated. Only use materials that are suitable for this purpose, e.g. stainless steel.

The near-horizontal section of flue pipe must have a slope of at least 5° towards the boiler and must also be properly insulated. In long near-horizontal sections of flue pipe ($L > 1$ m), install a condensate drain system near the boiler exhaust (as shown in the figure) to drain off any condensate forming in this section of flue.

The diameter of the stack must always be greater than that of the flue pipe from the boiler's exhaust fitting. To change direction, use a T section with an inspection cap to permit easy access for cleaning inside the pipe. After cleaning, always make sure that inspection caps are replaced tightly and that their seals are undamaged and efficient.



Flue pipes must maintain a distance of at least 500 mm from flammable or heat sensitive construction materials.



Joins must be sealed with materials that are resistant to acid condensate and to the high temperatures of the boiler's flue gases.



When installing flue pipes, always bear in mind the direction of the flue gases and of possible condensate flows.



Inadequate or badly dimensioned stacks and flues can increase combustion noise, cause condensation problems and affect combustion parameters.



Uninsulated flues are potentially dangerous and can cause burns.

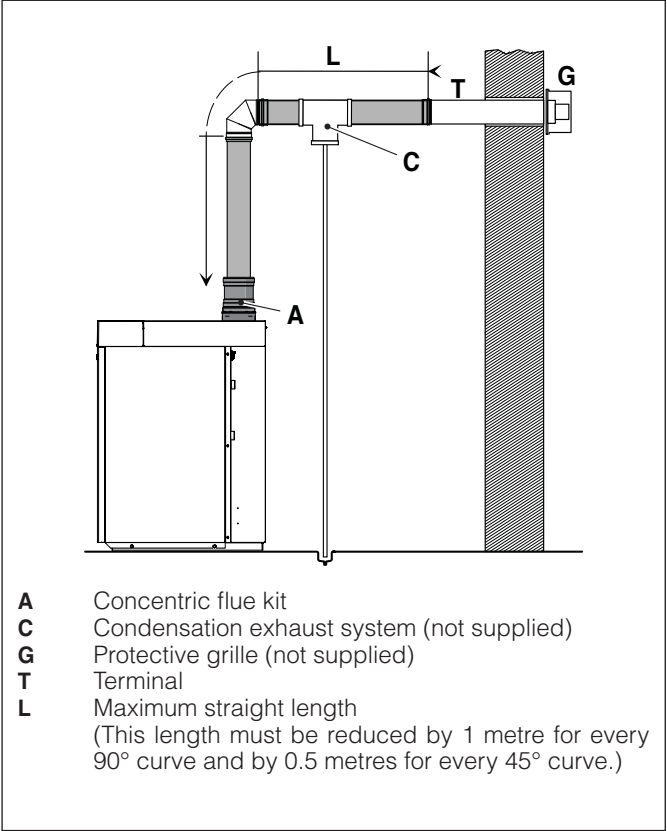
BOILER CONFIGURATIONS C “SEALED”

If comburent air is drawn from outdoors, the appliances are type C "sealed" and the boiler room does not require ventilation.

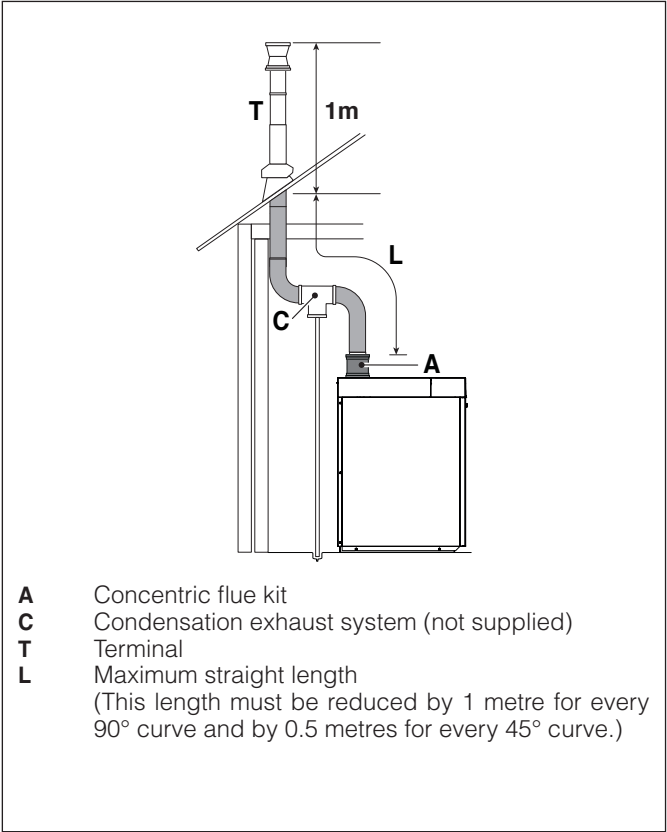
Coaxial flues (Ø 80/125)

The boiler must be fitted with the relevant kit for use in these configurations. (See the manual provided with the kit for installation instructions).

Coaxial flues can be oriented in whatever direction is most convenient for the room, provided the maximum specified lengths are respected.



Description	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
L	7	m

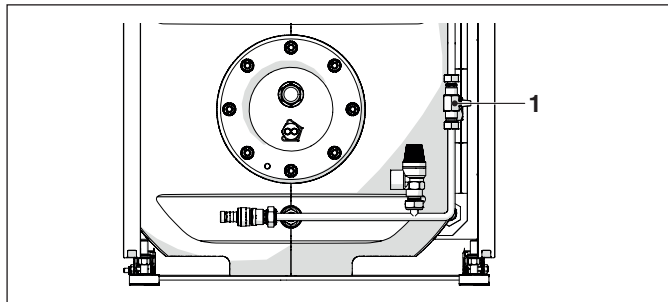


Description	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	
L	7	m

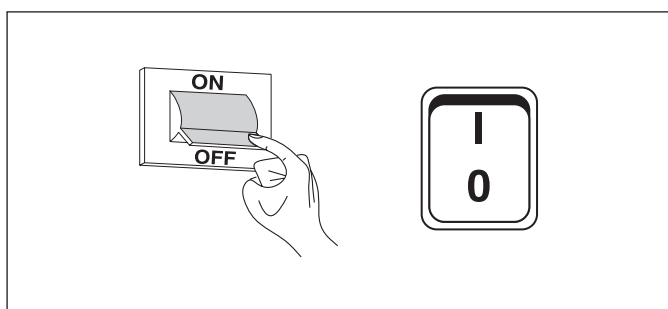
- ⚠ Use of flues longer than the specified maximum leads to a loss of heat output from the boiler.
- ⚠ Never obstruct or choke the comburent air intake pipe.

System filling and emptying

The thermal unit **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** is equipped with an internal system load valve (1), which can be reached by removing the front panel.



Before performing any system filling or emptying operation, set the system main switch to OFF and the equipment main switch to (0).



Water quality requirements

The manufacturer recommends the use of water as heat transfer fluid for the central heating system. A chemical treatment system must be provided for this water.

The heat transfer fluid (water) for the central heating circuit must conform to the quality parameters given in the following table:

REFERENCE VALUES	
pH	6-8
Electrical conductivity	less than 200 µS/cm (25°C)
Chlorine ions	less than 50 ppm
Sulphuric acid ions	less than 50 ppm
Total iron	less than 0.3 ppm
Alkalinity M	less than 50 ppm
Total hardness	less than 35°F
Sulphur ions	none
Ammonia ions	none
Silicon ions	less than 30 ppm

If the hardness of the water exceeds the value specified in the table, it is mandatory to install a water softening system.



Excessive water softening (leading to a total hardness < 15°F) can cause corrosion in metal parts (pipes and boiler components). Keep the electrical conductivity of the water under 200 µS/cm.

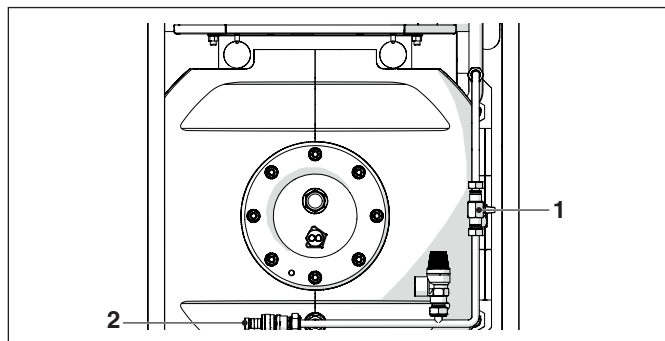


Do not top up the central heating circuit on a frequent or continuous basis as this can damage the boiler's heat exchanger. The use of automatic topping up systems should be avoided for this reason.

Filling

Before starting, check that:

- The boiler drain (3) and the heater drain (2) valves are closed and that the shut-off valves on the cold water inlet (CWI) are open;



- Open the system load valve (1) and slowly load until the display reaches the water pressure value (cold water) of **1.5 bar**



- Close the load valve.

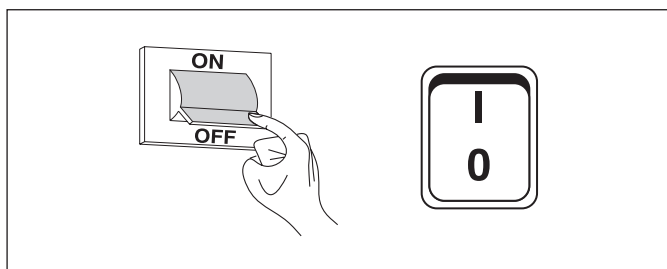
NOTE The system is de-aerated automatically through the automatic vent valve.

The drain pipe of the drain valve must be connected to a suitable collection system.

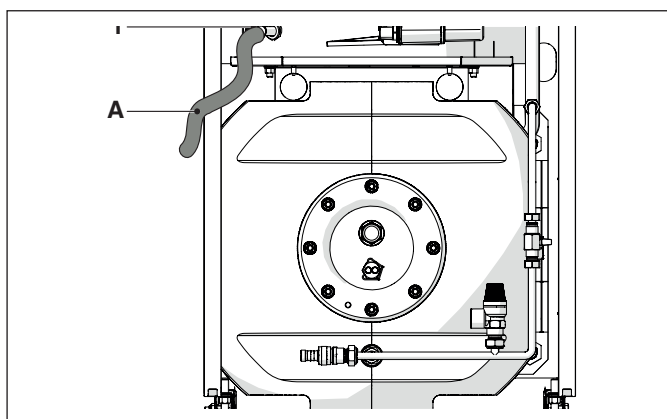
Emptying

Before emptying:

- Set the main switch of the system to OFF and the main switch of the equipment to (0).



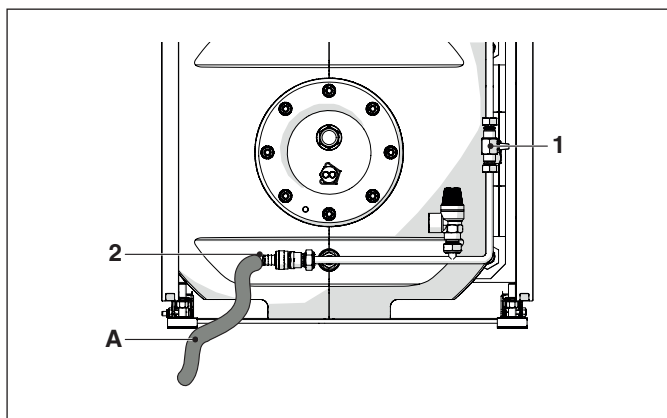
- Close the water supply shut-off cocks;
- To empty the boiler, connect a rubber tube (A) (int \varnothing =12mm) to the hose connector of the boiler drain valve (1) and open it.



Heater emptying

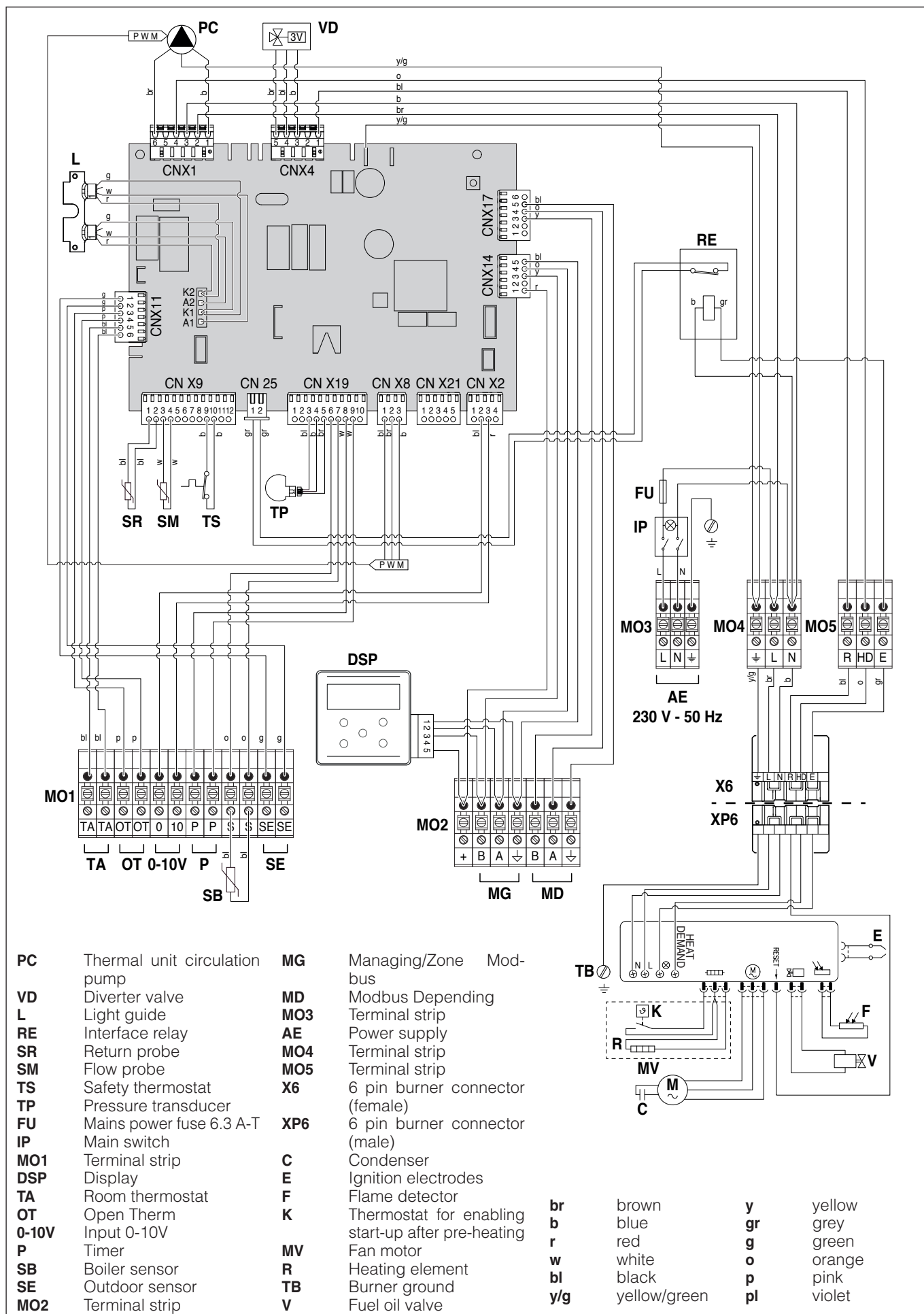
To empty the heater:

- Make sure that the system load valve (1) is closed;
- Connect a rubber hose (A) (int \varnothing =12mm) to the hose connector of the heater drain valve (2) and open it.

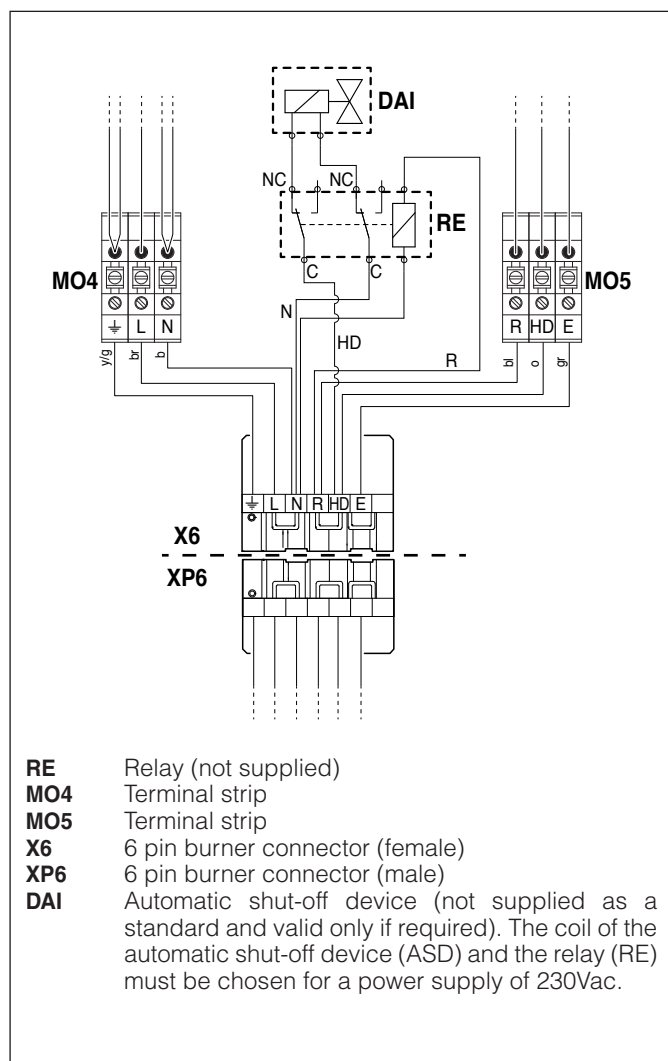


NOTE Open a hot water tap to facilitate emptying the storage cylinder.

Wiring diagram



Automatic shut-off device (not supplied)

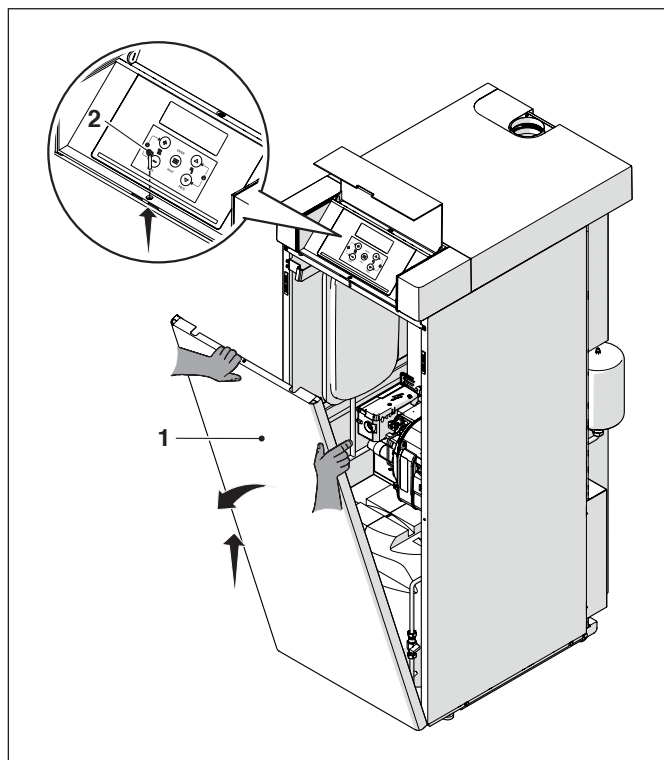


Electrical connections

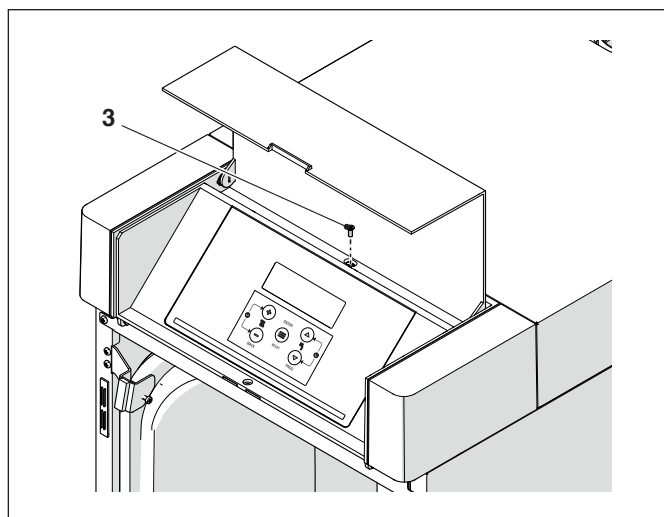
The **ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU** boiler is fully cabled in the factory. The only connections required for its installation are those of the mains power supply, room thermostat and other optional system components.

Proceed as follows to access the control panel terminals:

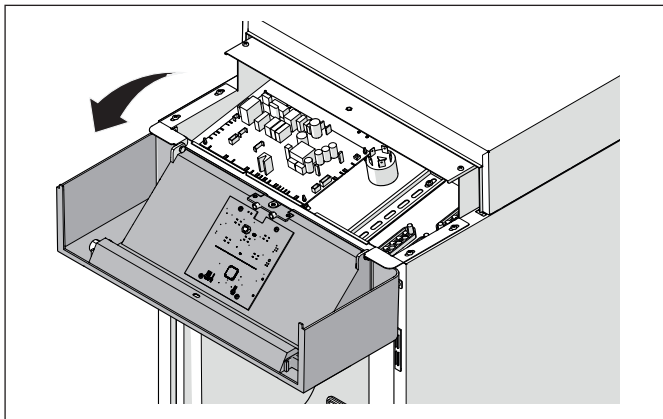
- open the control panel door and remove the fixing screw (2);
- remove the front panel (1) and lift it by pulling it towards yourself;



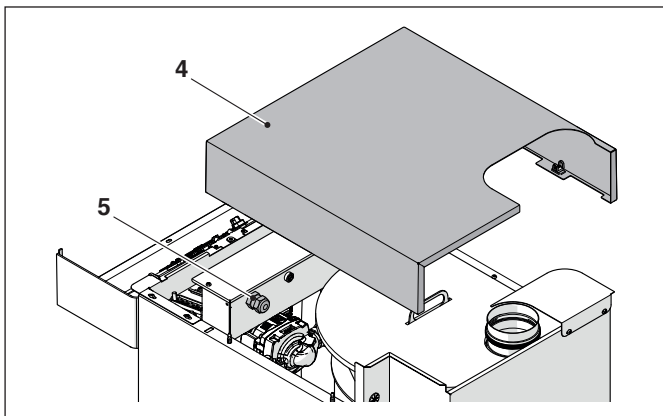
- remove the fixing screw (3) from the top of the control panel;



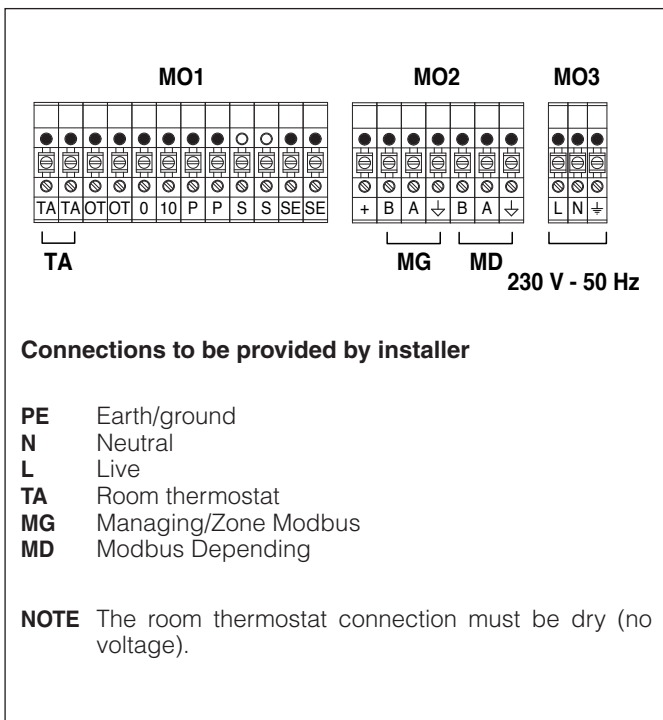
- close the door and turn the control panel outwards;



- Lift the upper panel (4) and insert the external connection cables into the preset cable glands (5);



- Make the electrical connections as shown in the following diagrams;



- on completion of the electrical connections, replace all removed components in the opposite order.



The following is mandatory:

- The use of an omnipolar magnetothermic switch, line disconnecting switch in compliance with CEI-EN standards (contact opening of at least 3 mm)
- Respect the connection L (line) - N (neutral). Keep the earth conductor 2 cm longer than the power supply conductors
- Use cables with a section greater than or equal to 1.5 mm², complete with cable terminal caps
- Refer to the wiring diagrams in this manual for all electric operations
- Connect the equipment to an effective earthing system.



It is strictly forbidden to use pipes of any kind to ground the appliance.

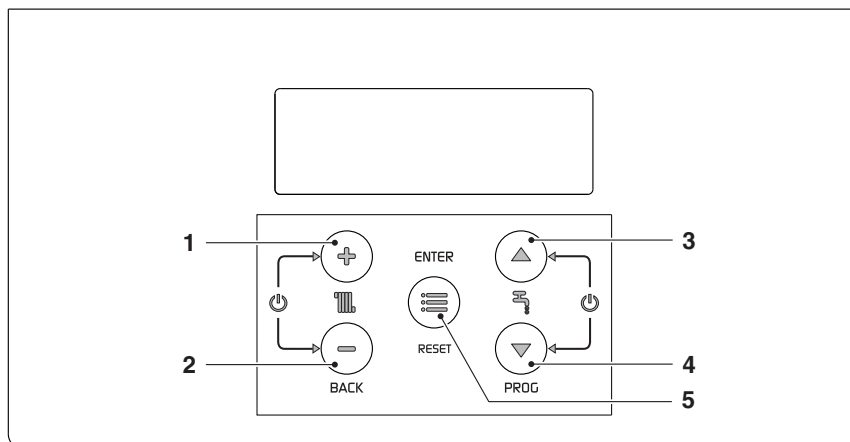


It is prohibited to lay power supply and room/heat demand thermostat cables near hot surfaces (delivery pipes). If they may come into contact with parts that have a temperature of over 50°C, use a suitable type of cable.

The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage caused by failure to earth connect the device and failure to comply with what is indicated in the wiring diagrams.

Menu navigation

At start-up or when no key is pressed for more than 4 minutes, the display is in "basic display" mode and provides general information on the equipment operation.



In this mode, keys have the following functions:

Nr.	Button	Function
1	"+"	It increases the heating setpoint (when active/available)
2	"-"	It decreases the heating setpoint (when active/available)
3	"▲"	Raise the DHW set point (when available)
4	"▼"	Decrease the DHW set point (when available)
5	"ENTER/RESET"	Enters into "MENU" mode If pressed for more than 5 seconds, it resets a permanent error (Loc)

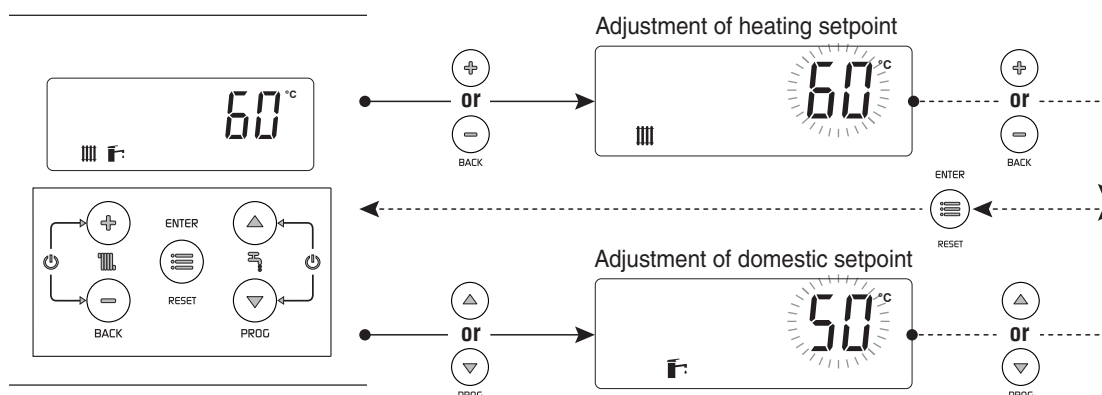
Additional functions:

Button	Function
"+" with "-"	It accesses enable/disable heating function mode
"▲" + "▼"	It accesses enable/disable DHW production function mode



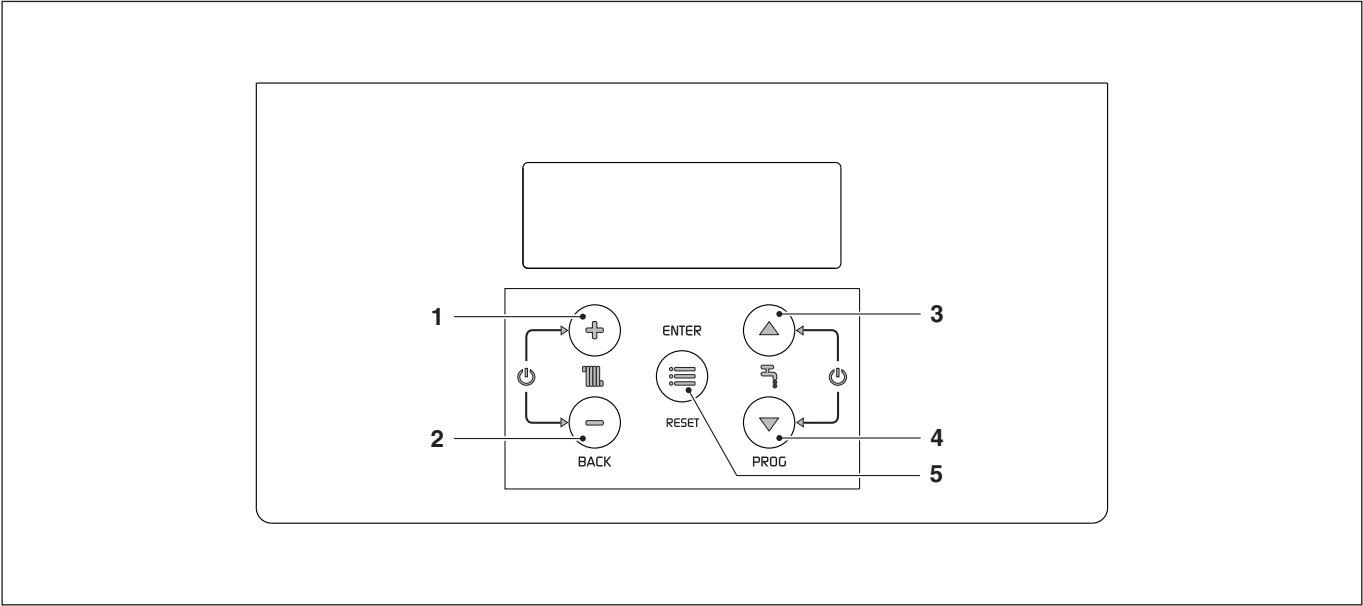
For more information, see paragraph "Enable/disable the heating function" on page 37.

"Basic display" mode



MENU selection

Access the “menu” mode by pressing the key “ENTER/RESET” The digits of the small display indicate “0000”, which is the first accessible menu.



In this mode, keys have the following functions:

Nr.	Button	Function
1	"+"	Exits from the menu and cancels a parameter change
2	"-"	Exits from the menu and cancels a parameter change
3	"▲"	Selects the following menu or increases a certain parameter value
4	"▼"	Selects the previous menu or decreases a certain parameter value
5	"ENTER/RESET"	Enters into the selected menu/parameter or confirms the parameter change

Enter password

It is necessary to enter the password to access the INSTALLER / MANUFACTURER parameters

- Press the key “ENTER/RESET” and select “Code” by using the keys “▲” and “▼”.





- Press the key “ENTER/RESET” to confirm



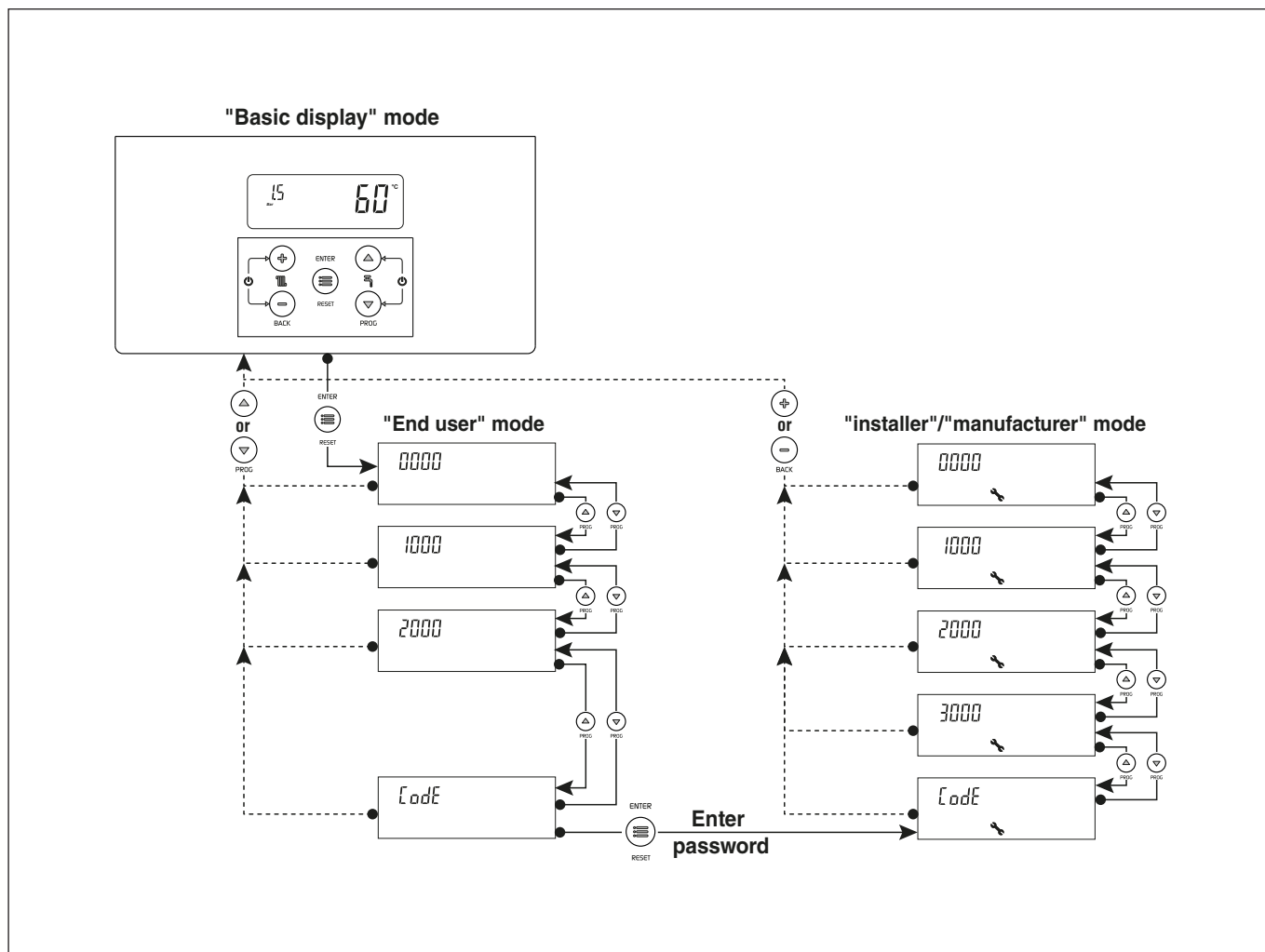
- Press the keys “▲” and “▼” to increase or decrease the value of the blinking digit
- Once the required value is obtained, press the key “ENTER/RESET” to confirm the entered value

After entering the INSTALLER or MANUFACTURER password, the related menu and parameters will be displayed.

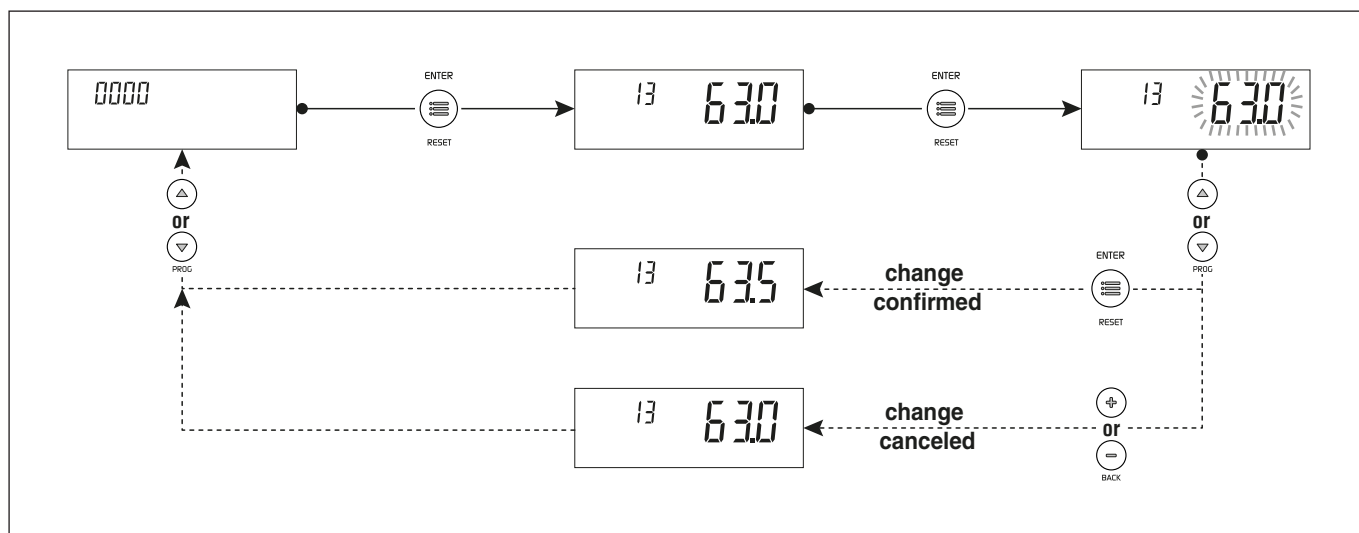
The system provides for three types of access:
USER: new password
INSTALLER: password 18
MANUFACTURER

 After entering the password, the display will show the symbol  which will be displayed until the displaying and/or parametrisation proceed. After some minutes of inactivity of the display, it must be entered again.

Navigation scheme



Example of parameter setting



List of parameters



The programming lines can be hidden, according to the access level (User, Installer, Manufacturer) and to the thermal unit configuration.



The parameters of Installer and Manufacturer levels must be changed only by the Technical Assistance Service **RIELLO**.

Access level:

U: End user

I: Installer

F: Manufacturer

Key:

DHW Domestic hot water

AT High temperature direct circuit

BT Low temperature mixed circuit

EAF Domestic cold water inlet

OT OpenTherm

SA Ambient probe

SE Outdoor sensor

TA Room thermostat

UAC Hot water outlet

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
Main menu						
0000	013	Quick adjustment of direct Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint in 0 and 3 heating modes. By connecting the zone control accessory, this parameter can be used to quickly change direct Zone/Zone 1 setpoint. This parameter simultaneously modifies the value of Par. 2103.	See Par. 2103	See Par. 2103	°C	U
0000	023	Quick adjustment of Zone 2 heating setpoint in 0 and 3 heating modes. By connecting the zone control accessory, this parameter can be used to quickly change Zone 2 setpoint. This parameter simultaneously modifies the value of Par. 2203.	See Par. 2203	See Par. 2203	°C	U
0000	033	Quick adjustment of Zone 3 heating setpoint in 0 and 3 heating modes. By connecting the zone control accessory, this parameter can be used to quickly change Zone 3 setpoint. This parameter simultaneously modifies the value of Par. 2303.	See Par. 2303	See Par. 2303	°C	U
0000	047	Quick adjustment of DHW setpoint with heater	See Par. 2047		°C	U
0000	048	Quick adjustment of DHW setpoint with instant production	See Par. 2048		°C	U
0000	200	Test mode 0 = Function disabled 1 = Function active	0...1	0		I
0000	201	Stops the venting function 0 = No action 1 = Stop venting	0...1	0		U
0000	901	Unit of measurement for temperature 0 = °C 1 = °F	0...1	0		U
0000	902	Pressure unit of measurement 0 = BAR 1 = PSI	0...1	0		U
0000	998	Installer level access code	0...1000	18		F
0000	999	Manufacturer level access code	0...1000	53		F
Info menu						
1000	1101	Direct Zone/Zone 1 delivery temperature			°C	U
1000	1102	Direct Zone/Zone 1 ambient temperature			°C	U
1000	1201	Zone 2 delivery temperature			°C	U
1000	1202	Zone 2 ambient temperature			°C	U
1000	1301	Zone 3 delivery temperature			°C	U
1000	1302	Zone 3 ambient temperature			°C	U
1000	1001	CH flow temperature			°C	U
1000	1002	Domestic hot water temperature			°C	U
1000	1003	Domestic cold water temperature			°C	U
1000	1004	Outdoor temperature			°C	U
1000	1007	Return temperature			°C	U
1000	1033	System pressure			bar	U
1000	1032	Error code				U
1000	1112	Zone 1 heating setpoint			°C	U
1000	1113	Zone 2 heating setpoint			°C	U
1000	1114	Zone 3 heating setpoint			°C	U
1000	1053	Flame failure number				U

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
1000	1054	Number of ignitions				U
1000	1055	Number of failed ignitions				U
1000	1056	Total hours of operation in heating mode			h x 10	U
1000	1057	Total hours of operation in domestic mode			h x 10	U
1000	1058	Total hours of operation			h x 10	U
1000	1063	Input signal 0-10V			V	U
Heating general settings						
2000	2001	Heating operating mode 0 = Operation with fixed setpoint and ambient thermostat 1 = Operation with climatic curve and ambient thermostat 2 = Continuous operation with climatic curve and night reduction with ambient thermostat 3 = Continuous operation with fixed setpoint and night reduction with ambient thermostat 4 = Operation with variable setpoint with input signal 0-10V	0...4	0		I
2000	2007	Switch-off hysteresis in heating mode	0...20	3	°C	I
2000	2008	Ignition hysteresis in heating mode	0...20	3	°C	I
2000	2005	Circulator post-circulating time in heating mode	10...900	120	sec	I
2000	2006	Maximum temperature of the flue gases	10...120	95	°C	F
2000	2009	Burner restart time It defines the stand-by time for a subsequent restart after a switch-off, regardless of the delivery temperature decrease. If it goes below the value set in Par. 2010 the thermal unit remains on.	10...900	180	sec	I
2000	2010	Temperature differential for burner restart It defines the temperature difference below which the burner restarts regardless of the elapsed time indicated in Par. 2009.	0...20	16	°C	I
2000	2024	Maximum heating setpoint	Par. 2023,90	82	°C	F
2000	2023	Minimum heating setpoint	Par. 2051,Par. 2024	20	°C	F
2000	2025	Minimum 0-10V input voltage in heating mode Par. 2001= 4	0...10	1	V	I
2000	2026	Maximum 0-10V input voltage in heating mode Par. 2001= 4	0...10	9	V	I
2000	2016	Circulator PID P in heating mode.	0...100	20		F
2000	2017	Circulator PID I in heating mode.	0...600	50		F
2000	2018	Circulator PID D in heating mode.	0...100	50		F
2000	2080	Anti-legionella function (it starts without RTCC) 0 = deactivated 1 = daily 2 = weekly	0...2	1		I
2000	2081	Maximum delay of anti-legionella program start	0...5	3	hours	F
2000	2082	Anti-legionella program duration	0...120	30	min	F
2000	2083	Anti-legionella program setpoint	50...90	65	°C	F
2000	2084	ΔT DHW outlet	0...100	30	°C	F
2000	2085	Verification time ΔT DHW	0...30	2	min	F
2000	2086	Control time R1	0...120	13	min	F
2000	2087	Operating time R1	0...180	120	min	F
2000	2090	Venting function 0 = deactivated 1 = activated	0...1	1		I
2000	2091	Repetitions of circulator switch-on/switch-off in each venting cycle Each switch-on/switch-off lasts 10 seconds.	0...255	2	%	F
2000	2092	Venting function duration	0...255	10	min	F

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
2000	2095	Heat discharge The heat discharge function enables the thermal unit circulator if the delivery temperature exceeds the value set here. If the last heat request received before the intervention of the function was a DHW request, also the DHW 3-way valve will be enabled.	70...100	91	°C	F
2000	2096	Overtemperature protection If the boiler temperature exceeds this value, the burner turns off and the circulator continues its operation to discharge the excessive heat.	85...95	85	°C	I
2000	2097	Value of the PWM signal for 3-way valve	0...100	20	%	F
2000	2098	3-way valve opening time	0...30	6	sec	F
Direct Zone / Zone 1 Heating Settings						
3000	3100	Use of Zone 1 control accessory 0 = NO 1 = Yes If Zone 1 control accessory is used, AT and AP inputs are not enabled. AT input is used only to enable the night reduction on all the active zones (Par. 2001 = 2 and 3)	0...1	0		I
3000	3101	Zone 1 mode 0 = direct 1 = mixed	0...1	1		I
3000	3102	Zone 1 heating request 0 = with ambient thermostat (AT) 1 = with ambient probe (AP)	0...1	0		I
2000	2103	Direct Zone/Zone 1 setpoint in heating mode Par. 2001= 0 and 3 The thermal unit adjustment determines the boiler setpoint in heating mode, using the highest value among the requests of all the active zones (Par. 1101, 1201, 1301) If Zone 1 is configured as mixed, the value set in parameter 1112 will be used as setpoint	If Zone 1 is not enabled: (Par. 2121, Par. 2024) If Zone 1 is enabled: BT: (Par. 2121, 45) AT: (Par. 2121, Par. 2024)	70 (AT) 45 (BT)	°C	U
2000	2119	Direct Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint at the minimum external temperature The range of this parameter is limited by the values of Minimum (Par. 2023) and Maximum (Par. 2024) setpoints	If Zone 1 is not enabled: (Par. 2121, Par. 2024) If Zone 1 is enabled: BT: (Par. 2121, 45) AT: (Par. 2121, Par. 2024)	82 (AT) 45 (BT)	°C	I
2000	2121	Direct Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint at the maximum external temperature (Par. 2122) It sets the minimum heating setpoint when the external temperature is equal to the value set in parameter 2122 (basic external temperature)	If Zone 1 is not enabled: (Par. 2023, Par. 2119) If Zone 1 is enabled: BT: (20, Par. 2119) AT: (Par. 2023, Par. 2119)	30 (AT) 20 (BT)	°C	I
2000	2120	Direct Zone/Zone 1 minimum external temperature It defines the minimum external temperature to which the heating maximum setpoint in Par. 2119 must be associated	-20...5	-20	°C	I
2000	2122	Direct Zone/Zone 1 maximum external temperature It sets the external temperature at which the boiler setpoint must be reduced, according to the value defined in parameter 2121	5...30	20	°C	I
2000	2125	Direct Zone/Zone 1 summer/winter switching It stops the request in heating mode when the external temperature is higher than this setpoint	0...35	20	°C	I
2000	2130	Parallel shift of direct Zone/Zone 1 climatic curve	-10...10	0	°C	U
2000	2131	Direct Zone/Zone 1 mild climate temperature compensation	0...20	0	°C	I

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
2000	2132	Direct Zone/Zone 1 ambient temperature nominal value When an OpenTherm (OT) ambient thermostat is connected to the thermal unit or to the zone control accessory, this parameter is not displayed	5...35	20	°C	I
2000	2133	Direct Zone/Zone 1 setpoint night reduction in heating mode Par. 2001= 2 or 3 It defines by how many degrees the heating setpoint will be reduced at the opening of the ambient thermostat (AT) contact The reduction of the delivery temperature affects all the active heating zones and it can be used when the AT terminal of every zone regulator is jumpered	0...10	4	°C	I
2000	2134	Compensation factor of direct Zone/Zone 1 external temperature	0...100	50	%	I
2000	2135	Zone 1 mixing valve closing time	0...240	140	sec	I
2000	2136	Zone 1 mixing valve PID P	0...99	5		I
2000	2137	Zone 1 mixing valve PID I	0...99	10		I
2000	2138	Zone 1 valve operating time	0...255	2		I
2000	2139	Supply Extra Only for MIX Zone	0...20	5	°C	I
2000	2140	Zone 1 circulator post-circulating time	0...240	30	sec	I
2000	2141	Zone 1 delivery overtemperature protection	0...100	55	°C	I
2000	2142	Zone 1 overtemperature control time	0...240	0	min	I
2000	2143	Zone 1 overtemperature stand-by time	0...240	2	min	I
2000	2144	Zone 1 system reset time	0...240	2	min	I
Zone 2 Heating Settings						
3000	3200	Use of Zone 2 control accessory 0 = NO 1 = Yes If Zone 2 control accessory is used, AT and OT inputs are not enabled. AT input is used only to enable the night reduction on all the active zones (Par. 2001= 2 and 3)	0...1	0		I
3000	3201	Zone 2 mode 0 = direct 1 = mixed	0...1	1		I
3000	3202	Zone 2 heating request 0 = with ambient thermostat (AT) 1 = with ambient probe (AP)	0...1	0		I
2000	2203	Zone 2 heating setpoint in 0 and 3 heating modes The thermal unit adjustment determines the boiler setpoint in heating mode, using the highest value among the requests of all the active zones (Par. 1101, 1201, 1301) If Zone 2 is configured as mixed, the value set in parameter 1113 will be used as setpoint.	BT: (Par. 2221, 45) AT: (Par. 2221, Par. 2024)	70 (AT) 45 (BT)	°C	U
2000	2219	Zone 2 maximum heating setpoint at the minimum external temperature The range of this parameter is limited by the values of the Minimum (Par. 2023) and Maximum (Par. 2024) setpoints.	BT: (Par. 2221, 45) AT: (Par. 2221, Par. 2024)	82 (AT) 45 (BT)	°C	I
2000	2221	Zone 2 minimum heating setpoint at basic external temperature (Par. 2222) It sets the minimum heating setpoint when the external temperature is equal to the value set in parameter 2222 (basic external temperature).	BT: (20, Par. 2219) AT: (Par. 2023, Par. 2219)	30 (AT) 20 (BT)	°C	I
2000	2220	Zone 2 minimum external temperature It defines the minimum external temperature to which the maximum heating setpoint Par. 2219 must be associated.	-20...5	-20	°C	I
2000	2222	Zone 2 basic external temperature It sets the external temperature at which the boiler setpoint must be reduced, according to the value defined in parameter 2221.	5...30	20	°C	I
2000	2225	Zone 2 summer/winter switching It blocks the heating request when the external temperature is greater than this setpoint.	0...35	20	°C	I
2000	2230	Parallel shift of direct Zone/Zone 1 climatic curve	-10...10	0	°C	U
2000	2231	Zone 2 mild climate temperature compensation	0...20	0	°C	I

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
2000	2232	Zone 2 ambient temperature nominal value When an OpenTherm (OT) ambient thermostat is connected to the zone control accessory, this parameter is not used.	5...35	20	°C	I
2000	2233	Zone 2 setpoint night reduction in heating mode (Par. 2001= 2 or 3) It defines by how many degrees the heating setpoint will be reduced at the opening of the ambient thermostat (AT) contact The reduction of the delivery temperature affects all the active heating zones and it can be used when the AT terminal of every zone regulator is jumpered.	0...10	4	°C	I
2000	2234	Compensation factor of Zone 2 external temperature	0...100	50	%	I
2000	2235	Zone 2 mixing valve closing time	0...240	140	sec	I
2000	2236	Zone 2 mixing valve PID P	0...99	5		I
2000	2237	Zone 2 mixing valve PID I	0...99	10		I
2000	2238	Zone 2 valve operating time	0...255	2		I
2000	2239	Supply Extra Only for MIX Zone	0...20	5	°C	I
2000	2240	Zone 2 circulator post-circulating time	0...60	30	sec	I
2000	2241	Zone 2 delivery overtemperature protection	0...100	55	°C	I
2000	2242	Zone 2 overtemperature control time	0...240	0	min	I
2000	2243	Zone 2 overtemperature stand-by time	0...240	2	min	I
2000	2244	Zone 2 system reset time	0...240	2	min	I
Zone 3 Heating Settings						
3000	3300	Use of Zone 3 control accessory 0 = NO 1 = Yes If Zone 3 control accessory is used, AT and OT inputs are not enabled. AT input is used only to enable the night reduction on all the active zones (Par. 2001 = 2 and 3).	0...1	0		I
3000	3301	Zone 3 mode 0 = direct 1 = mixed	0...1	1		I
3000	3302	Zone 3 heating request 0 = with ambient thermostat 1 = with ambient probe	0...1	0		I
2000	2303	Zone 3 heating setpoint in 0 and 3 heating modes The thermal unit adjustment determines the boiler setpoint in heating mode, using the highest value among the requests of all the active zones (Par. 1101, 1201, 1301) If Zone 3 is configured as mixed, the value set in parameter 1114 will be used as setpoint.	BT: (Par. 2321, 45) AT: (Par. 2321, Par. 2024)	70 (AT) 45 (BT)	°C	U
2000	2319	Zone 3 maximum heating setpoint at the minimum external temperature The range of this parameter is limited by the values of the Minimum (Par. 2023) and Maximum (Par. 2024) setpoints.	BT: (Par. 2321, 45) AT: (Par. 2321, Par. 2024)	82 (AT) 45 (BT)	°C	I
2000	2321	Zone 3 minimum heating setpoint at basic external temperature (Par. 2322) It sets the minimum heating setpoint when the external temperature is equal to the value set in parameter 2322 (basic external temperature).	BT: (20, Par. 2319) AT: (Par. 2023, Par. 2319)	30 (AT) 20 (BT)	°C	I
2000	2320	Zone 3 minimum external temperature It defines the minimum external temperature to which the maximum heating setpoint Par. 2319 must be associated.	-20...5	-20	°C	I
2000	2322	Zone 3 basic external temperature It sets the external temperature at which the boiler setpoint must be reduced, according to the value defined in parameter 2321.	5...30	20	°C	I
2000	2325	Zone 3 summer/winter switching It blocks the heating request when the external temperature is greater than this setpoint.	0...35	20	°C	I
2000	2330	Parallel shift of direct Zone/Zone 1 climatic curve	-10...10	0	°C	U
2000	2331	Zone 3 mild climate temperature compensation	0...20	0	°C	I

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
2000	2332	Zone 3 ambient temperature nominal value When an OpenTherm (OT) ambient thermostat is connected to the zone control accessory, this parameter is not used.	5...35	20	°C	I
2000	2333	Zone 3 setpoint night reduction in heating mode (Par. 2001 = 2 or 3) It defines by how many degrees the heating setpoint will be reduced at the opening of the ambient thermostat (AT) contact The reduction of the delivery temperature affects all the active heating zones and it can be used when the AT terminal of every zone regulator is jumpered	0...10	4	°C	I
2000	2334	Compensation factor of Zone 3 external temperature	0...100	50	%	I
2000	2335	Zone 3 mixing valve closing time	0...240	140	sec	I
2000	2336	Zone 3 mixing valve PID P	0...99	5		I
2000	2337	Zone 3 mixing valve PID I	0...99	10		I
2000	2338	Zone 3 valve operating time	0...255	2		I
2000	2339	Supply Extra Only for MIX Zone	0...20	5	°C	I
2000	2340	Zone 3 circulator post-circulating time	(...)	30	sec	I
2000	2341	Zone 3 delivery overtemperature protection	0...100	55	°C	I
2000	2342	Zone 3 overtemperature control time	0...240	0	min	I
2000	2343	Zone 3 overtemperature stand-by time	0...240	2	min	I
2000	2344	Zone 3 system reset time	0...240	2	min	I
DHW settings and system configuration						
2000	2051	Boiler minimum delivery temperature protection In case of heating or DHW request, the thermal unit circulator must be activated only if the boiler delivery temperature is higher than the value set here	35...60	50	°C	F
2000	2035	Domestic operating mode 0 = DHW disabled 1 = DHW with heater 10 = DHW instant production	0...10	1	n	F
2000	2047	DHW setpoint with heater	40...65	57	°C	U
2000	2036	Hysteresis for heater DHW request start If the heater temperature goes below the DHW setpoint minus the hysteresis value defined in this parameter, the regulator confirms the fulfilment of the request.	0...20	3	°C	I
2000	2037	Hysteresis for heater DHW request stop If the heater temperature goes above the DHW setpoint plus the hysteresis value defined in this parameter, the regulator confirms the stop of the request.	0...20	3	°C	I
2000	2038	Thermal unit delivery temperature increase in DHW mode with heater It increases the delivery temperature to the boiler by the value set in this parameter.	0...30	15	°C	I
2000	2039	Hysteresis of burner switch-on for DHW request with heater The burner switches on for the DHW request if the delivery temperature goes below the DHW delivery setpoint minus the hysteresis value defined in this parameter.	0...20	3	°C	F
2000	2040	Hysteresis of burner switch-off for DHW request with heater The burner switches off for the DHW request if the delivery temperature goes above the DHW delivery setpoint plus the hysteresis value defined in this parameter.	0...20	3	°C	F
2000	2042	DHW production priority 0 = Time priority between domestic and heating mode defined by Par. 2043. 1 = Heating mode priority 2 = Domestic mode priority	0...2	2		I
2000	2043	Time for which the priority is alternately assigned to domestic and heating circuits when the Par. 2042 is set to "0" mode (for heater only).	0...120	60	min	I
2000	2041	Primary setpoint for heater with thermostat	50...82	75	°C	I
2000	2044	Circulator post-circulating time in domestic mode.	10...900	120	sec	I

Menu	Par. No.	Description	Range	Default setting ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU	UM	Access
2000	2045	DHW Enable PO Input 0 = DHW always enabled 1 = DHW enable input via PO input	0...1	0		I
2000	2048	DHW setpoint with instant production	40...70	45	°C	U
2000	2049	Circulator modulation in DHW mode The circulator modulation can vary between 50% = 5 and 100% = 10	5...10	9	%	I
2000	2052	CWI minimum temperature setpoint of DHW exchanger (it activates pump and diverting valve on domestic circuit)	10...35	25	°C	I
2000	2053	CWI maximum temperature setpoint of DHW exchanger (it deactivates pump and diverting valve on domestic circuit)	10...35	25	°C	I
2000	2054	ΔT EAF (gradient calculation)	-0,1...-5	-0,5	°C	F
2000	2055	Verification time ΔT EAF (gradient calculation)	1...20	5	sec	F
2000	2056	Boiler minimum holding temperature for DHW instant production	20...82	60	°C	I
2000	2061	Boiler setpoint for DHW instant production	40...82	80	°C	I
2000	2062	ΔT boiler switch-off setpoint for DHW production	0...3	1	°C	I
2000	2063	ΔT boiler delivery / boiler return	5...40	15	°C	I
2000	2064	Circulator minimum modulation	0...Par. 2027	10	%	F
2000	2065	Circulator maximum modulation	Par. 2026...100	100	%	F
2000	2066	Burner stabilisation time	0...255	120	sec	F
2000	2067	c8ModPumpDefaultDuty	0...100	80	%	F
2000	2068	c8PidScalingRate	0...25	0	°C	F
2000	2070	Circulator modulation mode	0...10	1		F
2000	2071	PWM outlet PID P control	0...100	60		F
2000	2072	PWM outlet PID I control	0...600	120		F
2000	2073	PWM outlet PID D control	0...100	50		F
2000	2074	Burner anti-freeze protection 0 = NO 1 = Yes	0...1	1		I
2000	2075	Heating circuit anti-freeze protection 0 = NO 1 = Yes	0...1	1		I
2000	2076	DHW anti-freeze protection 0 = NO 1 = YES	0...1	1		I
2000	2077	DHW anti-freeze protection time	0...24	12	hours	I
2000	2099	Burner ignition stand-by time It delays the burner ignition after the opening of the solenoid valve on the fuel supply pipeline	0...60	0	sec	I
Error log						
2000	9001	Last error logged				I
2000	9002	Second last error logged				I
2000	9003	Third last error logged				I
2000	9004	Fourth last error logged				I
2000	9005	Fifth last error logged				I
2000	9006	Sixth last error logged				I
2000	9007	Seventh last error logged				I
2000	9008	Eighth last error logged				I
2000	9009	Ninth last error logged				I
2000	9010	Tenth last error logged				I

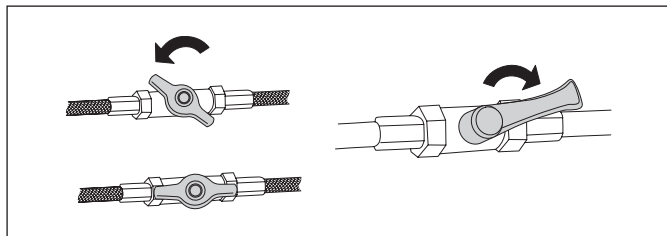
COMMISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE

Preparing for initial startup

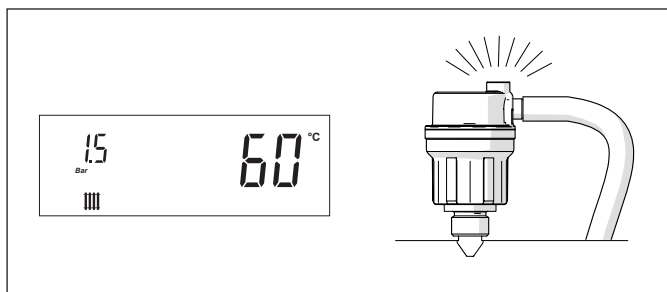
The first start-up of the thermal unit must be carried out by the Technical Assistance Centre.

Perform the following checks before starting up the boiler:

- Check that the fuel shut-off cock and heating system shut-off cock are open



- the pressure of the hydraulic circuit, with cold water, is **1.5 bar** (value indicated on the first screen of the control panel display) and the circuit is not vented

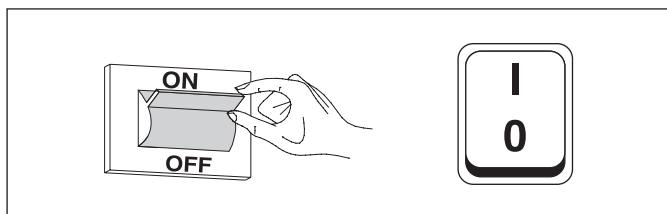


- Check that the expansion vessel is correctly pre-charged
- the electric connections have been made correctly
- Check that the flue and air vents are made to applicable laws and standards.

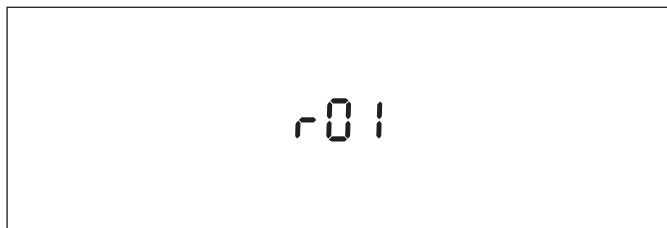
Initial startup

Once you have completed all the checks listed above, proceed as follows to start up the boiler for the first time:

- set the main switch of the system to ON and the main switch of the equipment to (I).





Once the device is on, the software version number will be displayed for a few seconds.



Once the initialization phase is complete, the display switches to "basic display" mode.

In this mode, the main information on the equipment operation is displayed. The meaning of the different icons displayed is explained in paragraph Control panel.

The icon  and the heating delivery temperature are displayed, either if the boiler is in stand-by mode or if a temperature request is active (icon  blinking).

To switch off the equipment, set the main switch to "0".



Never power off the appliance before switching the master switch to the "0" position.

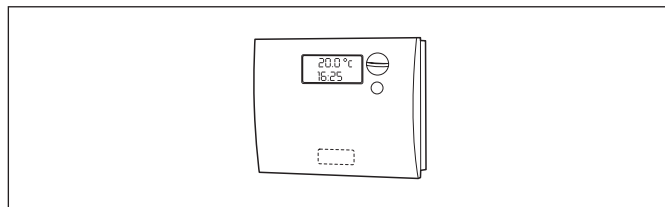


Never switch off the appliance with the master switch if a request is active. Always make sure that the appliance is in stand-by before switching the main switch.

Example of generator stand-by display in heating only mode (external probe not connected)





- Set the room thermostat to the required temperature (~ 20°C) or, if the system has a timer or timer-thermostat, make sure that this is switched "ON" and adjusted to the required temperature (~ 20°C).;




Adjustment of heating setpoint

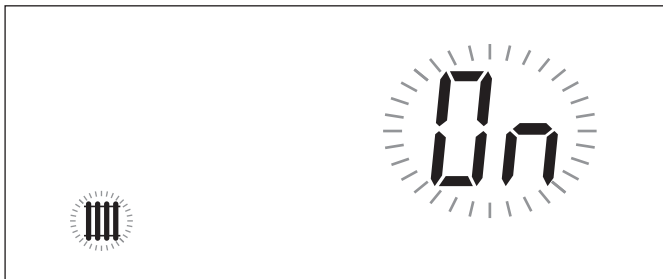
- Press the key "+" or "-" to display the current value of the heating temperature setpoint.



- Increase or decrease the setpoint according to the type of system by using the key "+" of "-".
- To save the modification made and go back to the initial screen, wait for 3 seconds or press the key "ENTER/RESET".
- Check that the thermal unit starts the ignition phase and that the display shows the icon  blinking (ambient heating request) and the icon .
- The thermal unit ignition phase will start only after the light oil pre-heating phase will be completed and will remain active until the set temperature will be reached.

Enable/disable the heating function

- Press the keys "+" and "-" simultaneously for a few seconds;
- The icon  and the current heating mode (ON or OFF) will blink on the display;



- Press the keys "+" and "-" to select the required mode;
- Press the key "ENTER/RESET" or wait for 3 seconds to save the modification made and go back to the initial screen.


Adjustment of domestic setpoint

- Press the key "▲" or "▼" to display the current value of domestic setpoint.



- Increase or decrease the setpoint by using the key "▲" or "▼".
- To save the modification made and go back to the initial screen, press the key "ENTER/RESET".

Enable/disable the domestic function

- Press the keys "▲" and "▼" simultaneously for a few seconds;
- The icon  and the current domestic mode (ON or OFF) will blink on the display;



- Press the keys "▲" and "▼" to select the required mode;
- To save the modification made and go back to the initial screen, press the key "ENTER/RESET".

Setting the heating parameters

The thermoregulation on the thermal unit uses pre-configurations which allow to simplify the first start-up operations. There are five boiler operating modes in heating mode (Par. 2001). The basic configuration of the parameter 2001 is 0. The parameters to be set on the regulator will vary according to the selected operating mode.

Mode 0: operation with ambient thermostat (AT)/heat request

In this mode:

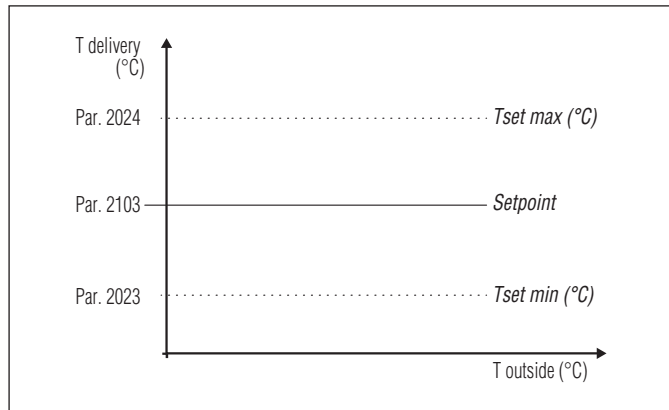
- External probe is not required.
- The OpenTherm (OT) communication is not enabled and any OT thermostat connected is supplied but signals a "communication error".
- Input 0-10V is not used.
- The Modbus communication is enabled. If a device is connected to the Modbus, the zone regulator works in priority to the ambient thermostat (AT/OT).

The thermal unit thermoregulation manages the heating delivery temperature with a fixed setpoint defined in Par. 2103. The setpoint value can be directly set, without having to access the list of parameters as indicated in paragraph "Menu navigation" on page 26.

The setpoint can be set within a range defined by par. 2023 (minimum) and 2024 (maximum) as indicated in the figure.

The parameters regulating such temperature are:

Par. No.	Description
2103	Main Zone/Zone 1 setpoint in heating mode Par. 2001 = 0 and 3. The thermal unit adjustment determines the boiler setpoint in heating mode, using the highest value among the requests of all the active zones (Par. 1101, 1201, 1301). If Zone 1 is set as mixed, the value set in parameter 1112 will be used as setpoint.
2023	Minimum heating setpoint.
2024	Maximum heating setpoint.



Mode 1: Operation with ambient thermostat (AT/OT) heat request and external probe (accessory)

Display on climatic mode



In this mode:

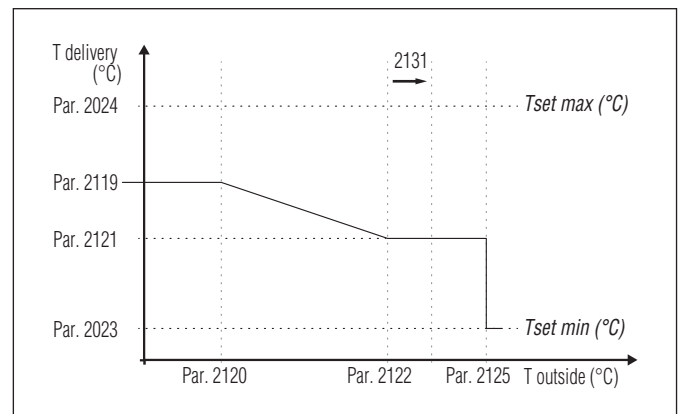
- The external probe (accessory) is necessary to enable the thermal unit operation. The icon **OUTSIDE** is displayed. In this case the heating setpoint can no longer be manually changed, but is calculated by the regulator.
- The Open Therm (OT) communication is enabled.
- Input 0-10V is not used.
- The Modbus communication is enabled. If a device is connected to the Modbus, the zone regulator works in priority to the ambient thermostat (AT/OT).

The heating delivery temperature is defined by a setpoint which varies according to the external temperature and the ambient temperature on the basis of a climatic curve defined by the following parameters:

Par. No.	Description
2131	Main Zone/Zone 1 mild climate external temperature compensation.
2132	Main Zone/Zone 1 ambient temperature nominal value When an OpenTherm (OT) ambient thermostat is connected to the thermal unit or to the zone control accessory, this parameter is not displayed
2119	Main Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint at the minimum external temperature. The range of this parameter is limited to the values of Minimum (Par. 2023) and Maximum (Par. 2024) setpoints.
2120	Main Zone/Zone 1 minimum external temperature. It defines the minimum external temperature to which the maximum heating setpoint Par. 2119 must be associated.
2121	Main Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint at the maximum external temperature (Par. 2122). It sets the minimum heating setpoint when the external temperature is equal to the value set in parameter 2122 (basic external temperature).
2122	Main Zone/Zone 1 maximum external temperature. It sets the external temperature at which the boiler setpoint must be reduced, according to the value defined in parameter 2121.
2023	Minimum heating setpoint.
2024	Maximum heating setpoint.
2125	Main Zone/Zone 1 summer/winter switching. It blocks the heating request when the external temperature is greater than this setpoint.
2130	Parallel shift of main Zone/Zone 1 climatic curve.
2134	Compensation factor of external temperature.

Parameter 2131 (installer level)

Between seasons, in certain days, the day external temperature may exceed the limit threshold set in parameter 2125 (summer/winter switching), in this case the heat request in heating mode is interrupted even if the ambient temperature has not yet reached the target setpoint. By using this parameter, it is possible to increase the value of Par. 2125 preventing the request from being stopped in heating mode.

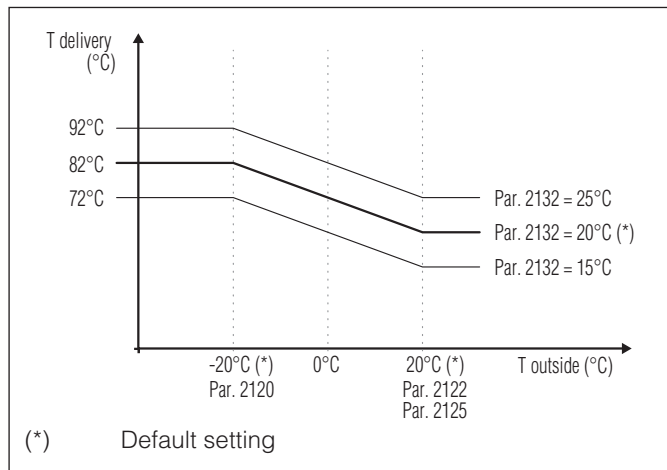


Parameter 2132 (installer level)

Main Zone/Zone 1 ambient temperature nominal value.

This parameter defines the required ambient temperature with which the regulator calculates the heating delivery setpoint. A higher or lower required ambient temperature moves the heating curve upwards or downwards on a 45° axis.

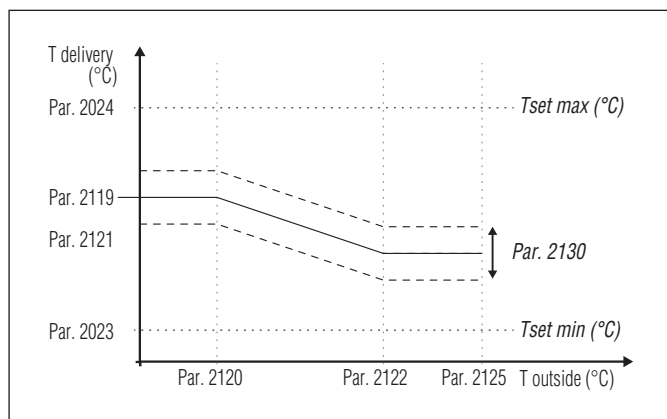
If, in heating mode 1 (Par. 2001 = 1) an OpenTherm (OT) ambient thermostat is connected to the thermal unit or to the zone control accessory, this parameter is not used since the OT ambient thermostat directly provides the regulator with the ambient temperature setpoint.



Parameter 2130 (user level)

The parallel shift of the climatic curve is used to modify, in a uniform way, the delivery temperature for the whole scale of the external temperature. Changing the value of this parameter will correct the climatic curve if the ambient temperature is too high (set a negative value) or too low (set a positive value). If there is an Open Therm thermostat, this value is not considered.

This parameter allows the user to directly and easily increase (positive value) or decrease (negative value) the delivery temperature to the heating system and thus the ambient temperature.



Parameter 2134 (installer level)

Each building has its own thermal characteristics, therefore the time needed to set up the heating system can differ even among buildings located in the same area, with the same external temperature.

By using this parameter it is possible to modify the heating system reactivity adapting its response to the thermal characteristics of the building and thus optimising the environmental comfort.

Modifying the setting of this parameter (0-100%) increases or decreases the speed at which the delivery temperature changes according to the external temperature change.

Setting a higher value will improve the building insulation.

Example:

- 0%: The delivery temperature changes quickly when the external temperature changes.
- 100%: The delivery temperature changes slowly when the external temperature changes.

The request is enabled upon the closing of the ambient thermostat/heat request contact, provided that the external temperature does not exceed the value defined by parameter 2125.

If the external temperature exceeds that set in parameter 2125, the burner stops even in the presence of a heat request.

! If the external probe (accessory) is not detected (not installed or damaged), the system issues an alarm: no. 048. The active alert does not stop the equipment, allowing to issue a heat request at the maximum programmed setpoint (Par. 2024).

Mode 2: continuous operation with variable setpoint and external probe (accessory) and ambient thermostat (AT) night reduction

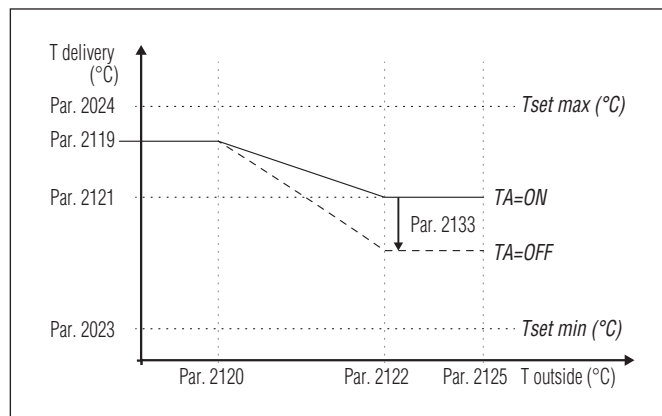
In this mode:

- The external probe (accessory) is necessary to enable the thermal unit operation.
- The OpenTherm (OT) communication is not enabled and any OT thermostat connected is supplied but signals a "communication error".
- Input 0-10V is not used.
- The Modbus communication is enabled. If a device is connected to the Modbus, the zone regulator works in priority to the ambient thermostat (AT/OT).

The equipment works with a variable setpoint defined by the climatic curve (which can be set as described in mode 1) according to the external temperature. The heat request is active regardless of the closing of the ambient thermostat/heat request contact and stops only when the external temperature is higher than that defined by the parameter 2125.

Par. No.	Description
2131	Main Zone/Zone 1 mild climate external temperature compensation.
2119	Main Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint at the minimum external temperature. The range of this parameter is limited to the values of Minimum (Par. 2023) and Maximum (Par. 2024) setpoints.
2120	Main Zone/Zone 1 minimum external temperature. It defines the minimum external temperature to which the maximum heating setpoint Par. 2119 must be associated.
2121	Main Zone/Zone 1 heating setpoint at the maximum external temperature (Par. 2122) It sets the minimum heating setpoint when the external temperature is equal to the value set in parameter 2122 (basic external temperature).
2122	Main Zone/Zone 1 maximum external temperature. It sets the external temperature at which the boiler setpoint must be reduced, according to the value defined in parameter 2121.
2023	Minimum heating setpoint.
2024	Maximum heating setpoint.
2125	Main Zone/Zone 1 summer/winter switching. It blocks the heating request when the external temperature is greater than this setpoint.
2130	Parallel shift of main Zone/Zone 1 climatic curve.
2133	Main Zone/Zone 1 setpoint night reduction in heating mode Par. 2001 = 2 or 3. It defines by how many degrees the heating setpoint will be reduced at the opening of the ambient thermostat (AT) contact. The reduction of the delivery temperature affects all the active heating zones and it can be used when the AT terminal of every zone regulator is jumpered.
2134	Compensation factor of external temperature.

The parameter 2133 defines by how many degrees the setpoint decreases (night reduction) when the ambient thermostat/heat request contact opens.



If the outdoor probe (accessory) is not detected (e.g.: not installed or broken), the system provides the alarm nr. 202

The active alert does not stop the equipment, allowing to issue a heat request at the maximum setpoint programmed on the climatic control unit.

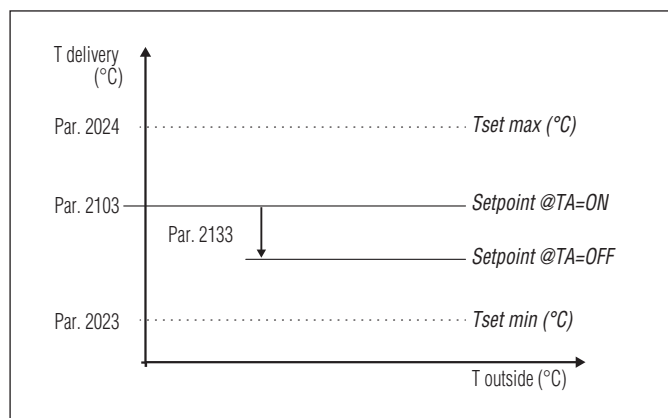
Mode 3: continuous operation with fixed setpoint and night reduction with ambient thermostat (AT)

In this mode:

- External probe is not required.
- The OpenTherm (OT) communication is not enabled and any OT thermostat connected is supplied but signals a "communication error".
- Input 0-10V is not used.
- The Modbus communication is enabled. If a device is connected to the Modbus, the zone regulator works in priority to the ambient thermostat (AT/OT).

The fixed setpoint adjustment procedure is the same of mode 0. The only difference is that the request is always active and the setpoint is decreased (night reduction) by the value defined by the parameter 2133 upon the opening of the ambient thermostat/heat request contact.

Par. No.	Description
2103	Main Zone/Zone 1 setpoint in heating mode Par. 2001= 0 and 3. The thermal unit adjustment determines the boiler setpoint in heating mode, using the highest value among the requests of all the active zones (Par. 1101, 1201, 1301). If Zone 1 is set as mixed, the value set in parameter 1112 will be used as setpoint.
2023	Minimum heating setpoint.
2024	Maximum heating setpoint.
2133	Main Zone/Zone 1 setpoint night reduction in heating mode Par. 2001=2 or 3. It defines by how many degrees the heating setpoint will be reduced at the opening of the ambient thermostat (AT) contact. The reduction of the delivery temperature affects all the active heating zones and it can be used when the AT terminal of every zone regulator is jumpered.



Mode 4: operation with variable setpoint according to the value of the input signal 0-10V

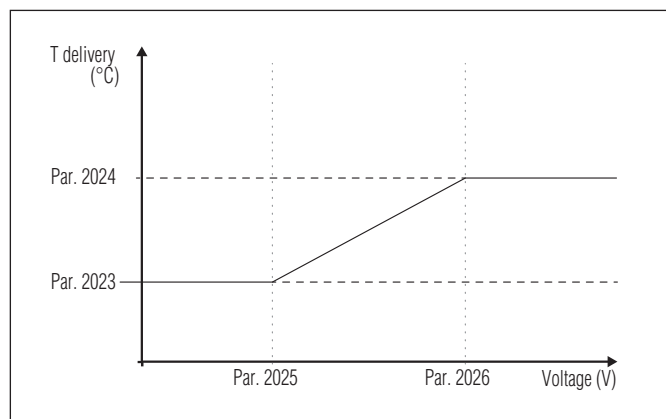
In this mode:

- External probe is not required.
- The OpenTherm (OT) communication is not enabled and any OT thermostat connected is supplied but signals a "communication error".
- The Modbus communication is not enabled. If a device is connected to the Modbus, the values on the remote device are not updated.

The parameters regulating such temperature are:

Par. No.	Description
2023	It limits the minimum value that can be assigned to the setpoint in heating mode.
2024	It limits the maximum value that can be assigned to the setpoint in heating mode.
2025	It defines the delivery temperature minimum value in heating mode (Par. 2001 = 4).
2026	It defines the delivery temperature maximum value in heating mode (Par. 2001 = 4).

The operation set-point is adjusted on the basis of the following curve:



Setting the domestic hot water parameters

The thermoregulation on the thermal unit features a management mode for DHW production priority (Par. 2042). The basic configuration of the parameter 2042 is 2. In this mode, the domestic hot water production has absolute priority and the request is fulfilled as soon as it is received.

DHW production setting

Priority setting

The parameter 2042 defines the priority between domestic and heating circuit.

Three modes are available:

- 0:** Time priority between the two circuits. In case of simultaneous request, the first priority is assigned to the domestic circuit for a time period defined in parameter 2043. Once this time period has elapsed, the priority is assigned to the heating circuit (for the same time period) and so on, alternately, until the request of one or both circuits stops;
- 1:** Priority assigned to the heating circuit;
- 2:** Priority assigned to the domestic circuit (factory setting).

Special functions

When a special function is active, a specific message is shown on the display of the thermal module control interface.

Anti-freeze protection (Par. 2074 - 2075 - 2076 - 2077)

When the anti-freeze function is active, the message "AFro" is displayed.

Venting (Par. 2090)

The function is automatically enabled at the first start-up and at each reset of the power supply.

During the venting, the circulator is enabled, so that the air which may be present inside the system circuit can exit through the automatic drain valve of the thermal module.


The light guide status changes as indicated in the paragraph Light guide Displaying.

Test mode (chimney sweeper)

When this function is enabled (Par. 200 = 1) the equipment works for a time (which cannot be changed) of 15 minutes at maximum power, then it goes back to its normal operation. It is possible to interrupt at any moment the operation in test mode (Par. 200 = 0).

Anti-legionella (Par. 2080)

The function is automatically enabled at first start-up, at each reset of the power supply or daily, if necessary (factory setting Par. 2080 = 1).

When the function is active, the message "ALE9" is displayed beside the heater temperature and the icon  blinks.

The function increases the water temperature inside the heater up to 65°C (factory setting Par. 2083) and keeps it for 30 minutes (factory setting Par. 2082).

Once this time has elapsed, the control box normal operation is restored.

Ignition failure

If an ignition or operating anomaly occurs, the thermal unit display will show a text message (small digit) and a number (large digit), which vary according to the anomaly detected.

For a detailed description, see the error list.


There are 3 error levels:

- Permanent (Loc)
- Temporary (Err)
- Alerts (AttE)

The section with the large digit will display the error number and, according to the error / alert, a message which will cyclically blink together with the number.

For a detailed description, see the error list.


Permanent Error

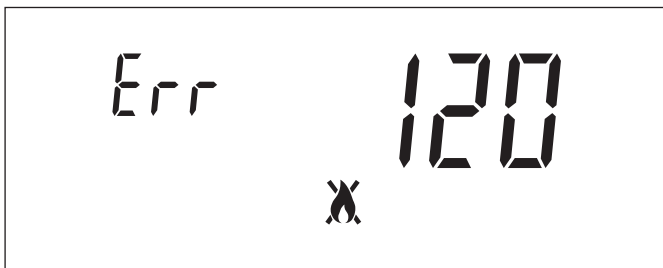
The text "Loc" is displayed together with the permanent error number. The icon  indicates that the burner is disabled. The equipment must be manually reset by keeping the key "ENETER/RESET" pressed.



Temporary Error

The text "Err" is displayed together with the temporary error number.

The icon  indicates that the burner is disabled. The lock-out error must be solved.



Warnings

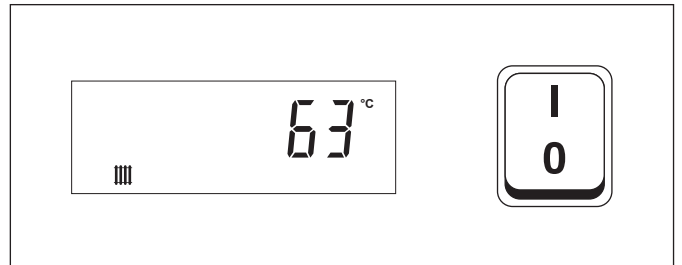
The text "AttE" is displayed together with the alert number. The equipment is not locked out, but its functions may be limited (according to the alert).



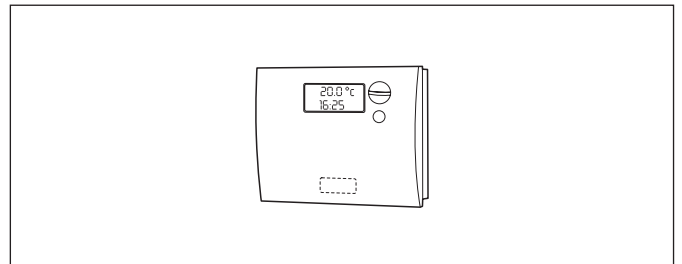
Checks during and after initial start-up

Once the boiler has started up, make sure that it shuts down and re-starts properly when:

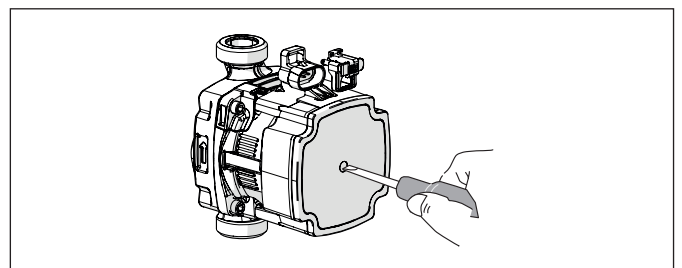
- By changing the set temperature;
- By moving the main switch from (I) to (0) and vice versa;



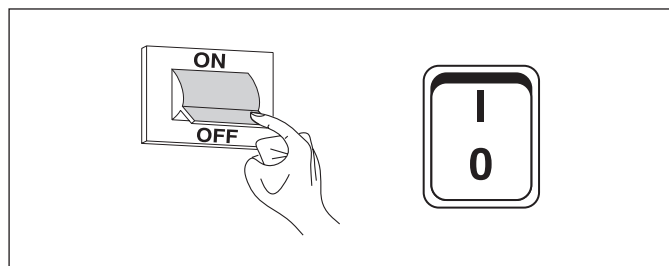
- The room thermostat or timer setting is changed;



- Check that the circulator rotation is free and correct;



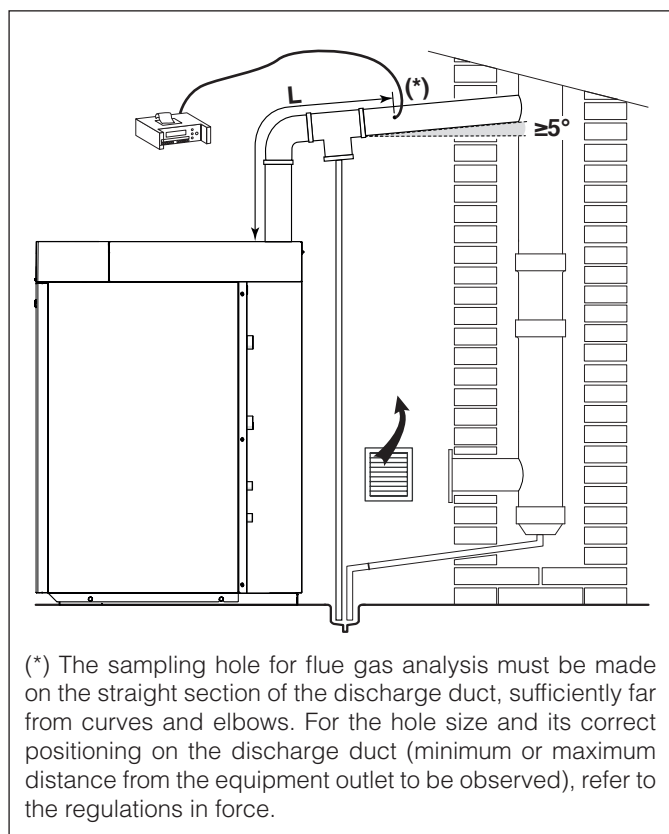
- Check that the thermal unit has come to a complete stop by setting the main switch of the equipment and the main switch of the system to "off".




If all the requirements are fulfilled, restart the thermal unit and carry out the analysis of the combustion products by enabling the test mode (Par. 200 = 1).

During the test mode (chimney sweeper), the equipment works at the maximum power for a time period of 15 minutes, then it is automatically disabled.

When using this function, it is recommended to leave one of the domestic hot water valves open, in order to discharge excessive heat. Once the analysis of the combustion products is complete, disable the function (Par. 200 = 0).



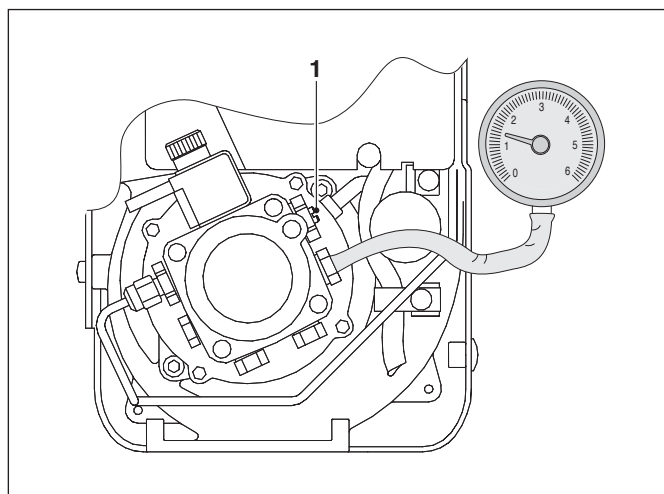
(*) The sampling hole for flue gas analysis must be made on the straight section of the discharge duct, sufficiently far from curves and elbows. For the hole size and its correct positioning on the discharge duct (minimum or maximum distance from the equipment outlet to be observed), refer to the regulations in force.

 Always plug the sampling hole after analysing the flue gases.

Burner control and adjustment

ADJUSTING PUMP PRESSURE

Turn the adjuster screw (1) to achieve the pressure setting specified in the table.



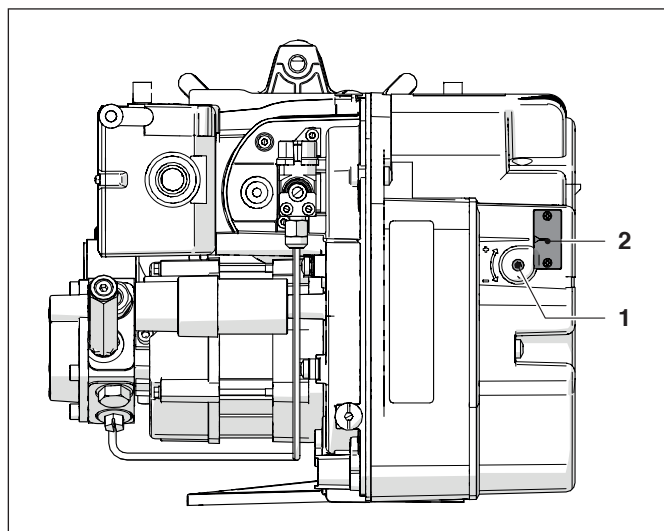
	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU (*)
Adjusting pump pressure	12 bar

(*) Burner with oil heater

ADJUSTING THE AIR DAMPER

The air damper can be adjusted without removing the burner cover.

- Use an Allen key to turn the adjuster screw (1) to achieve the required setting on the graduated scale (2)

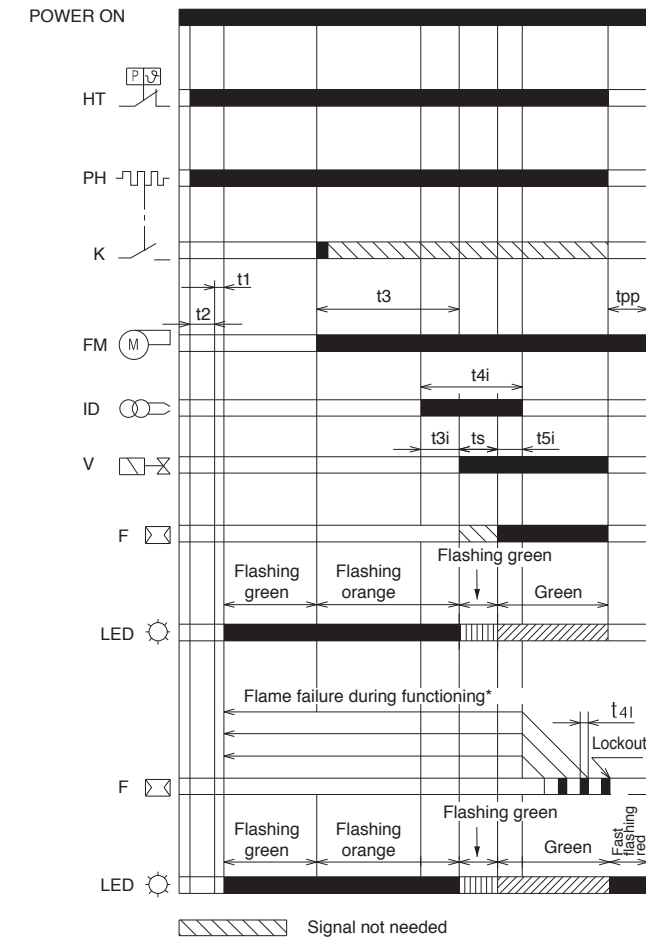


	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU (*)
Adjusting the air damper	3,2

(*) Burner with oil heater

Burner functioning and programming

Program for functioning with heater Normal functioning



HT	Heat request
PH	Pre-heater
K	Thermostat for enabling start-up after pre-heating
FM	Fan motor
ID	Ignition electrode
V	Fuel oil valve
F	Flame detector
LED	Colour of button LED

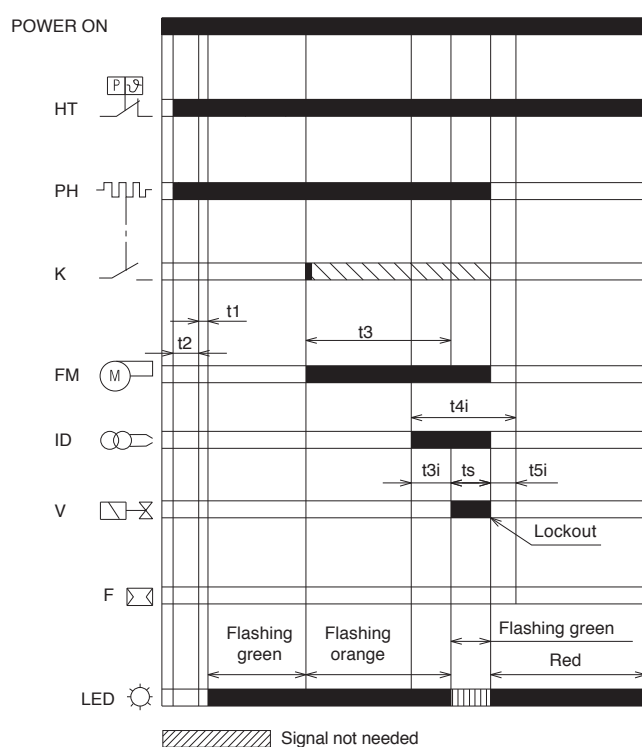
Cycle times		
t0	-	-
t1	≤	1
t2	-	3.5
t2l	-	25
t2p	max	600 (*)
t3	-	15
t3l	-	25
t3i	-	2
ts	-	5
t4i	-	10
t4l	≤	1
t5i	-	3
-	-	0.4
-	-	0.8
tr		3 repeats
tpp		10

Times are expressed in seconds.

(*) independent of burner controller

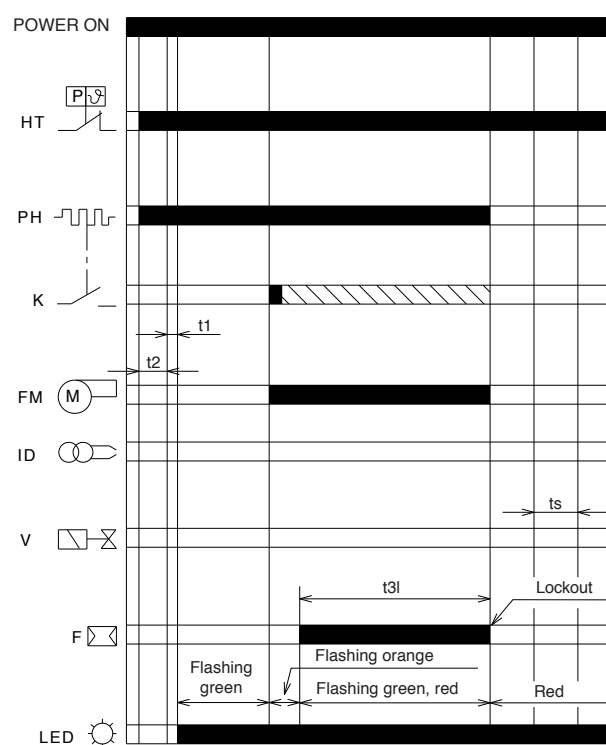
	DESCRIPTION
t0	Standby: the burner waits for a heat request
t1	Input signal standby time: reaction time, the burner controller waits for time t1
t2	Initialisation verification time: time following start-up of main power supply
t2l	Check for extraneous light or false flame signal during t2 : the burner controller waits for time t2 then enters lockout; the motor does not start
t2p	Maximum fuel oil pre-heating time: the burner controller waits for time t2p then enters lockout
t3	Pre-purging time: the fan motor runs then the fuel oil valve opens
t3l	Check for extraneous light or false flame signal during pre-purging: the burner controller enters lockout after time t3l
t3i	Spark pre-ignition time
ts	Safety time
t4i	Total spark ignition time
t4l	Valve deactivation reaction time following flame failure
t5i	Spark post-ignition time
-	Time needed to reset controller from reset button
-	Time needed to reset controller from remote reset
tr	Cycle repetition: max. 3 repeats of the complete ignition sequence if flame fails during normal functioning; the controller enters lockout if no flame is detected after the last ignition attempt
tpp	Post-purging time: supplementary purge at the end of the heat request Post-purging can be interrupted by a new heat request

Lockout caused by ignition failure



HT Heat request
PH Pre-heater
K Thermostat for enabling start-up after pre-heating
FM Fan motor
ID Ignition electrode
V Fuel oil valve
F Flame detector
LED Colour of button LED

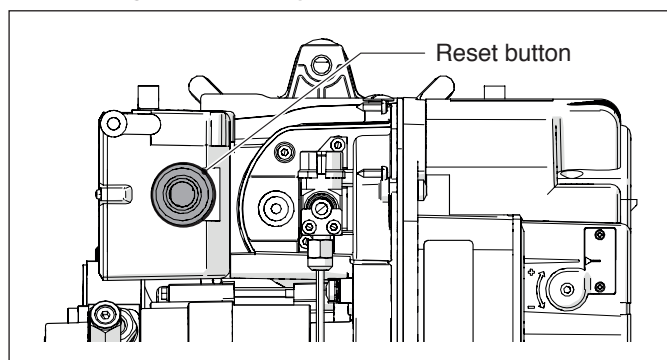
Lockout caused by extraneous light during pre-purging



Cycle times		
t0	-	-
t1	≤	1
t2	-	3.5
t2l	-	25
t2p	max	600 (*)
t3	-	15
t3l	-	25
t3i	-	2
ts	-	5
t4i	-	10
t4l	≤	1
t5i	-	3
-	-	0.4
-	-	0.8
tr		3 re-peats
tpp		60

Times are expressed in seconds.
 (*) independent of burner controller

Functioning status display



Functioning status	Reset button LED colour	Flash time	Seconds	
			ON	OFF
OFF	○ OFF	-	-	-
Pre-heating time	● Flashing GREEN	Slow	0,5	2,5
Pre-ventilation	● Flashing ORANGE	Slow	0,5	0,5
Safety time	● Flashing GREEN	Slow	0,5	0,5
Normal functioning position	● GREEN	-	Steady ON	
Extraneous light or false flame signal	●● GREEN, RED alternate flashing	Slow	0,5	0,5
Power supply frequency error	● ORANGE	-	Steady ON	
Internal voltage error	●● ORANGE, GREEN alternate flashing	Fast	0,2	0,2
Reset / remote reset button error	●● GREEN, RED alternate flashing	Fast	0,2	0,2
Lockout for flame failure after Ts	● RED	-	Steady ON	
Lockout for extraneous light or false flame signal	● RED flashing	Slow	0,5	0,5
Lockout for maximum number of cycle repetitions (flame failure during functioning)	● RED flashing	Fast	0,2	0,2
Lockout for exceeding maximum pre-heating time	● RED flashing	Slow	0,5	2,5
Lockout for fan motor fault	●● RED, ORANGE flashing	Reversed	2,5	0,5
Lockout for fuel oil valve fault	●● RED, GREEN flashing	Reversed	2,5	0,5
Lockout for EEPROM fault	●● ORANGE, GREEN alternate flashing	Slow	0,5	0,5

Fault diagnosis - lockouts

Description of lockout	Lockout time
Presence of extraneous light during standby	After 25 seconds
Pre-heating not finished	After 600 seconds
Detection of extraneous light during pre-purging or pre-heating	After 25 seconds
Detection of extraneous light during pre-heating	After 25 seconds
Flame not detected by end of safety time	5 seconds after the activation of the fuel oil valve
Flame failure during functioning	After 3 ignition attempts
Fan motor fault	Immediate (during pre-purging)
Fuel oil valve fault	Immediate (during pre-purging)
EEPROM fault	Immediate (during pre-purging)



To reset the control box after visual diagnostics have been displayed, you must press the reset button.



In the event the burner stops, in order to prevent any damage to the installation, do not unblock the burner more than twice in a row. If the burner locks out for a third time, contact the Technical Assistance Centre.



In the event there are further lockouts or faults with the burner, the maintenance interventions must only be carried out by qualified, authorised personnel, in accordance with the contents of this manual and in compliance with the standards and regulations of current laws.

MAIN BURNER FUNCTIONS

FUEL PRE-HEATING FUNCTION

The burner has an oil pre-heating function. When the boiler thermostat requests a burner start-up, the burner waits for the contacts of pre-heating thermostat (K), located at the oil nozzle holder, to close.

If the startup or pre-heating thermostat does not close after 600 seconds, the burner controller locks out.

If the flame goes out during operation, the burner carries out the recycle again if the contact of the start-up thermostat (or the pre-heating one, K) is closed.

If the flame goes out during normal functioning and the contacts of the startup or pre-heating thermostat (K) are open, the burner remains in the purge phase for the duration of post-purging time (if programmed), then purging stops and the burner waits for the contacts of the startup or pre-heating thermostat (K) to close before restarting pre-purging time.

CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN AND RESTART

After 24 hours of continuous functioning, the controller initiates a controlled shutdown followed by a re-start to ensure that the flame detector is not faulty.

You can reduce reduced shutdown and restart time to 1 hour (see "Programming Mode").

POST-PURGING

The post-purging function keeps the fan running for a set time after the burner shuts down provided there is no new heat request.

When the contacts of the heat request thermostat open, the burner controller shuts down the flame and shuts off the oil supply.

Post-purging does not occur:

- after a lockout;
- if a heat request is cancelled during pre-purging.

Post-purging occurs:

- if a heat request is cancelled during safety time;
- if a heat request is cancelled during normal functioning.

NOTE

If extraneous light or a false flame signal is detected during post-purging, the burner locks out after 25 seconds.

If a new heat request is detected during post-purging, post-purging time is reset, the fan motor stops and a new burner ignition cycle is initiated.

PROGRAMMING MENU

General

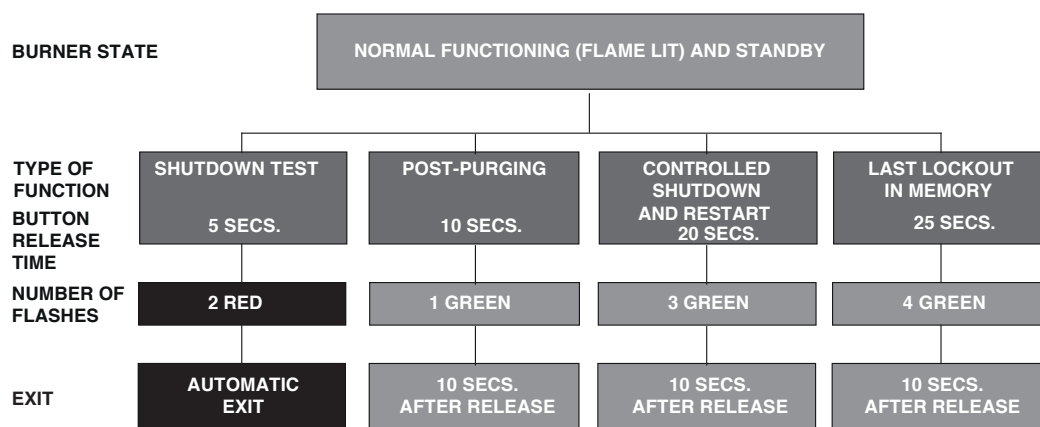
You can use the reset or remote reset buttons to enter programming mode only during NORMAL FUNCTIONING and STANDBY.

If the reset or remote reset button is not pressed for 10 seconds in menu mode, the controller automatically closes the menu and the green LED flashes for the set value.

If you press the reset or remote reset button more than the maximum permissible number of times, the maximum permissible value is stored in memory.

If you press and hold the reset or remote reset button for over 60 seconds, a button error is displayed and the burner controller resets itself.

Menu access block diagram



Function	Button release time	No. of LED flashes for menu page	No. of times reset button is pressed	No. of (green) LED flashes	Exit menu
Shutdown test	$5s \leq t < 10s$	2 flashes RED	/none	/none	Automatic when flashing finishes
Post-purging	$10s \leq t < 15s$	1 flash GREEN	1 = 10 secs. 2 = 20 secs. 3 = 30 secs. 4 = 60 secs. (default) 5 = 120 secs. 6 = 0 secs. (disabled)	1 flash 2 flashes 3 flashes 4 flashes 5 flashes 6 flashes	10 seconds after button is released
Controlled shutdown and restart	$20s \leq t < 25s$	3 flashes GREEN	1 = 0 disabled 2 = 1 hour 3 = 24 hours (default)	1 flash 2 flashes 3 flashes	10 seconds after button is released
Last lockout in memory	$25s \leq t < 30s$	4 flashes GREEN	/none	Display of lockout type acc. to table	10 seconds after button is released

SHUTDOWN TEST

Shutdown test sequence:

- Programming allowed in OPERATING mode and in STANDBY.
- Press button for 5 sec. $\leq t < 10$ sec.
- RED led Blinking 2 times (0.2s. ON; 0.2s. OFF).
- Release the button.
- The burner shuts down and restarts.

The burner shuts down then restarts automatically. Each shutdown test resets (zeroes) the ignition cycle count.

No LEDs flash when you exit the shutdown test menu.

POST-PURGING

Post-purging time can be set to a maximum of **120 seconds**. To set post-purging time, proceed as follows.

Post-purging programming sequence:

- programming permitted in NORMAL FUNCTIONING and STANDBY mode;
- Press and hold the burner reset button for between 10 and 15 seconds.;
- The GREEN LED flashes 1 once;

- Release the button;
- The GREEN LED stays OFF;
- Press the button from 1 to 5 times (*);
- The GREEN LED flashes ON-OFF at each press and release;
- After 10 seconds, the GREEN LED flashes for the programmed number of times (0.5s ON; 0.5s OFF).

Post-purging de-activation sequence:

- resetting permitted in NORMAL FUNCTIONING and STANDBY mode;
- Press and hold the burner reset button for between 10 and 15 seconds.;
- The GREEN LED flashes 1 once;
- Release the button;
- The GREEN LED stays OFF;
- Press the button 6 times (*);
- The GREEN LED flashes ON-OFF at each press and release;
- After 10 seconds, the green LED flashes 6 times (0.5s ON; 0.5s OFF).

If a heat request occurs during the programming of the post-purging function, the controller exits the menu without saving the new setting.

If a heat request occurs while the LED is flashing, the controller exits the menu but the new setting is saved.

CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN AND RESTART

Enabling/disabling sequence:

- programming permitted in NORMAL FUNCTIONING and STANDBY mode;
- Press and hold the burner reset button for between 20 and 25 seconds.;
- The GREEN LED flashes 3 times;
- Release the button;
- The GREEN LED stays OFF;
- Press the burner reset button once to enable the function. (*);
- Press the burner reset button twice to select one shutdown every hour. (*);
- Press the burner reset button 3 times to select one shutdown every 24 hours. (*);
- The GREEN LED flashes ON-OFF at each press and release;
- After 10 seconds, the GREEN LED flashes for the programmed number of times (0.5s ON; 0.5s OFF).

Changes to the setting of the controlled shutdown and restart function become active:

- after the next heat request from the thermostat (HT);
- after the next controlled shutdown and restart;
- after a flame failure during normal functioning;
- after power has been switched off and back on again.

DISPLAYING THE LAST LOCKOUT

The burner controller lets you display the last lockout stored in memory. To do so, access the "Programming menu".

This page can be accessed during NORMAL FUNCTIONING or STANDBY mode.

Sequence for displaying the last lockout in memory:

- Press and hold the burner reset button for between 25 and 30 seconds.;
- The GREEN LED flashes 4 times;
- Release the button;
- The type of lockout is displayed for 10 seconds.

Lockout type display time can be extended (for another 10 seconds) by pressing the reset button again while the lockout type is being displayed.

(*) Always wait 1 second between every press and release of the button to ensure correct interpretation of the command.

SHUTDOWN TEST

If the reset button is pressed and held down for a time between 5 and 10 seconds during normal functioning, the burner shuts down, the fuel oil valve closes, the flame goes out and then the startup sequence starts. (Holding the button for longer moves on to the next menu function).

If controlled shutdown and restart is enabled, the number of startup sequence repetitions and the number of resets permitted are both zeroed.

CYCLING AND THE SEQUENCE REPETITION LIMIT

The burner controller has a cycling function. This means that the controller will repeat the complete startup sequence up to 3 times if the flame goes out during normal functioning.

If the flame goes out a fourth time, the burner controller locks out. If the burner controller receives a new heat request while it is repeating the ignition cycle, the ignition attempt count is reset when the heat request thermostat trips.

NOTE

Note: If the burner functions continuously for 510 seconds, the controller is allowed one additional startup attempt.

Disconnect and reconnect power to the burner to obtain a further complete series of startup attempts (max. 3) for the next heat request.

EXTRANEOUS LIGHT OR FALSE FLAME SIGNAL

The presence of the parasite flame or the extraneous light can be detected in the standby condition when the burner is stopped and waiting for a heat request. If the presence of a flame or extraneous light is detected also in the "t2" stage, the motor does not start until the flame signal has disappeared or until lockout has been reached. If extraneous light or a false flame signal is detected when the fan motor is running during pre-purging, the burner stays in purge mode until the light or flame signal stops. If this does not occur within 25 seconds, the burner locks out. If the parasite flame or the extraneous light are detected during the pre-purging, the pre-purging time of 15 seconds is reset and the time for checking for the presence of a parasite flame or extraneous light begins (the motor continues to purge).

The function is cumulative and can be carried out a maximum of 2 times. If at the 24th second the parasite flame or the extraneous light disappears, the pre-purging time starts and if the parasite flame or the extraneous light reappear the pre-purging time is reset and the countdown of 25 seconds for checking for the presence of the parasite flame or the extraneous light restarts. The burner also locks out if extraneous light or a false flame signal is detected three times.

If during the recycling due to flame disappearance when operating and the consequent repetition of the start-up sequence the presence of a parasitic flame or extraneous light is detected, the control countdown of 25 seconds starts (for the presence of the parasitic flame or extraneous light).

The fault is indicated by the blinking LED (see paragraph "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" on page 47).

PRE AND POST-IGNITION

During pre-ignition, the ignition electrode switches on 2 seconds before the fuel oil valve opens.

During post-ignition, the ignition electrode switches off 3 seconds after the end of safety time.

Ignition remains active throughout safety time.

NOTE

If the ignition cycle repeats continuously or a series of heat requests are received in a short time, the functioning of the ignition transformer is limited to one cycle a minute.

POWER SUPPLY FREQUENCY ERROR

The burner controller automatically detects the frequency of the main power supply over the interval of 50 to 60 Hz. Operating times are verified for both frequencies.

An error is indicated by the LED flashing (see paragraph "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" on page 47).

- If an error is detected before a heat request is made or during pre-heating, the burner does not start up and the error is signalled.
- If an error is detected during pre-purging, the burner remains in purge mode and the error is signalled.
- If no error is detected during normal functioning, the burner continues to function normally.
The burner starts up as soon as the error disappears.

FAN MOTOR CONTROL

The burner controller automatically detects the presence of the fan motor and enters lockout in the event of a fan motor failure. An error is indicated by the LED flashing (see the "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" section on page 47).

INTERNAL VOLTAGE ERROR

The burner controller automatically checks that internal voltage is correct. An error is indicated by the LED flashing (see the "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" section on page 47).

- If an error is detected during initialisation, the burner does not start up.
- If an error is detected after a lockout, the burner will not start up.
- If an error is detected after a shutdown test, the burner will not start up.
- If no error is detected during normal functioning, the burner continues to function normally.
The burner starts up as soon as the error disappears.

RESET / REMOTE RESET BUTTON ERROR

If the reset or remote reset button is held down for more than 60 seconds, the LED flashes to indicate an error until the button is released. (See the "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" section on page 47).

This is merely a signal of the error condition.

- If an error is detected during pre-ventilation or safety time, the burner does not enter lockout but continues with the startup sequence.
- If an error is detected during normal functioning, the burner shuts down and does not restart. The error is signalled.
- If an error is detected while the burner is already locked out, no signal is displayed but the burner cannot be reset. The LED stops flashing as soon as the error disappears.

CHECKING THE ELECTRONIC CIRCUIT CONTROLLING THE OIL VALVE

The control box detects the presence of a fault inside the electronic circuit controlling the oil valve, the fault is indicated by the blinking LED (see paragraph "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" on page 47).

- If the anomaly is detected during the initialisation, the burner goes into lockout.
- If the anomaly is detected during the pre-purging, the burner goes into lockout.
- During a recycling, if the fault is detected, the burner does not start and goes into lockout.
- If the fault is not detected during running position the burner remains in operation.

The fault is not detected if the burner is in lockout.

EEPROM CONTROL

The burner controller automatically checks for errors in the microcontroller EEPROM and enters lockout if an error is detected. An error is indicated by the LED flashing (see the "Fault diagnosis - lockouts" section on page 47).

DEACTIVATION OF AUTOMATIC PRE-HEATING

The automatic pre-heating functioning can be deactivated by pressing the reset or remote reset button.

Pre-heating remains de-activated until:

- a lockout occurs;
- mains power fails or is switched off;
- the boiler shuts down for a controlled shutdown and restart.

Pre-heating de-activation sequence	Colour of button LED
Only de-activate the pre-heating if no lockout or errors are present	-
Deactivate the pre-heating by means of the reset or remote reset button.	-
Switch on the burner and simultaneously hold down the reset or remote reset button for 3 seconds.	RED
Release the reset or remote reset button within 3 seconds.	OFF
The burner will de-activate pre-heating only if the reset or remote reset button is released within 3 seconds.	-

The deactivation of the automatic pre-heating function is not lost if the switching off test function is active or if the heat request thermostat opens.

Error List

When a technical anomaly occurs, the control interface display shows a text message (small digit) and a number (large digit), which indicate the type and level of the detected error.

There are 3 error levels:

- 1 Permanent: heating and/or DHW requests are suspended and burner and circulator are switched off. For the error to disappear, keep the key ENTER/RESET on the control interface pressed for 3 seconds or reset the power supply by using the main switch.
- 2 Temporary: heating and/or DHW requests are suspended and burner and circulator are switched off. The error disappears automatically when the cause which generated it is solved.
- 3 Alert: the thermal unit is not locked out, but its functions may be limited according to the signalled alert code.

The log of the last ten errors occurred can be viewed through the error log (menu 9000 - installer level) (from Par. 9001 to Par. 9010).

Permanent Errors

Message	Error No.	Description
Loc	E010	Ignition failure
Loc	E020	Safety thermostat tripped
Loc	E040	Low water pressure - Load the system
Loc	E042	Pressure transducer not connected or read value outside of the permitted range

Temporary Errors

Message	Error No.	Description
Err	E046	Water pressure is decreasing (<0.8)
Err	E060	Heater sensor/thermostat in short circuit or disconnected
Err	E070	Delivery probe in short circuit or disconnected. Delivery probe overtemperature
Err	E080	Return probe in short circuit or disconnected. Return probe overtemperature
Err	E099	Too many resets from remote control (No more available resets from REC10)
Err	E101	Zone 1 limit thermostat
Err	E102	Zone 1 delivery probe
Err	E103	Zone 1 ambient probe
Err	E105	Zone 2 limit thermostat
Err	E106	Zone 2 delivery probe
Err	E107	Zone 2 ambient probe
Err	E109	Zone 3 limit thermostat
Err	E110	Zone 3 delivery probe
Err	E111	Zone 3 ambient probe

Warnings

Message	Error No.	Description
AttE	E041	Low water pressure - Load the system
AttE	E043	Venting in progress
AttE	E044	High water pressure

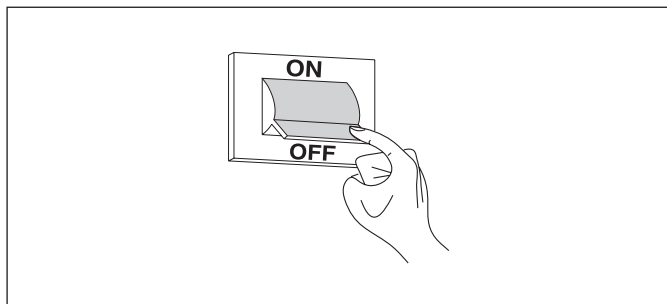
Temporary or short-term shut-down

In the event of temporary or short-term shut-down (e.g. due to holidays), proceed as follows:

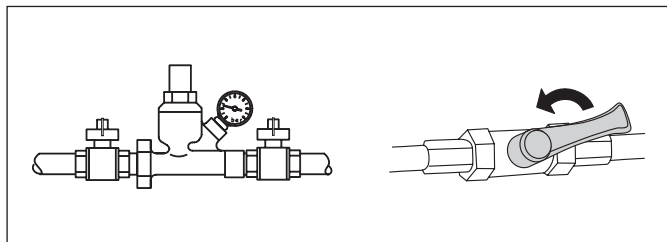
- Remove the power supply by setting the main switch of the equipment and the main switch of the system to "OFF".
- If there is a danger of frost, keep the system on. To reduce fuel consumption, set the heating set point to the minimum allowed value.


Preparing for extended periods of disuse

If the appliance is not going to be used for a long period of time, the following operations should be carried out: set the main switch of the system to OFF and the main switch of the equipment to (0);




- Close the fuel and water valves for the heating and domestic hot water system.



 Empty the thermal and sanitary system if there is a danger of frost.

Device cleaning and maintenance

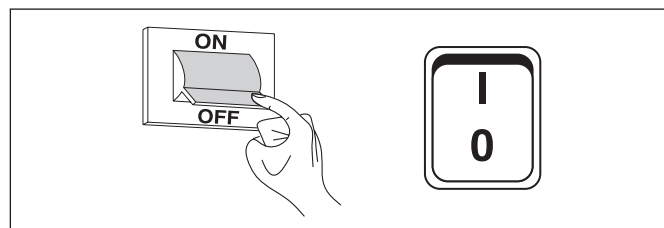
It is essential to clean the boiler and remove carbon deposits from the surfaces of the heat exchanger in order to keep the boiler efficient and economical.

 All cleaning operations **MUST** be performed under the following conditions:

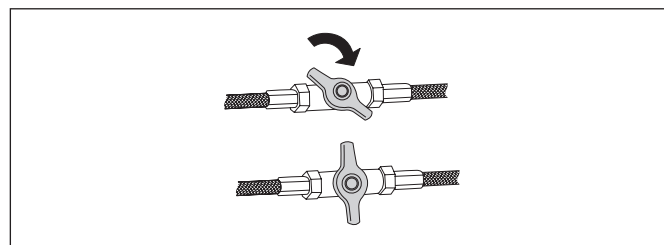
- boiler cold
- boiler switched OFF
- Suitable personal protection equipment

Perform the following operations before beginning any maintenance or cleaning:

- set the main switch of the system to OFF and the main switch of the equipment to (0);



- close all external fuel shut-off cocks.

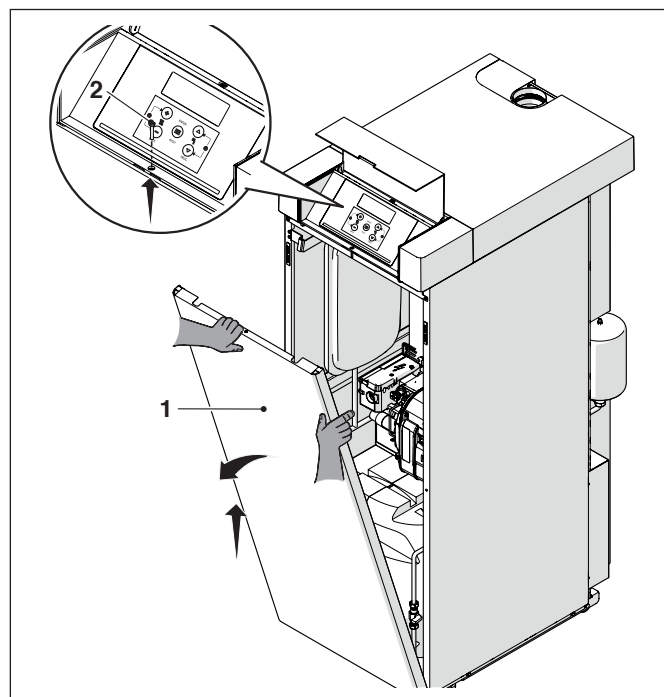


Annual cleaning

Cleaning and maintaining the burner

Proceed as follows to access the internal parts of the boiler:

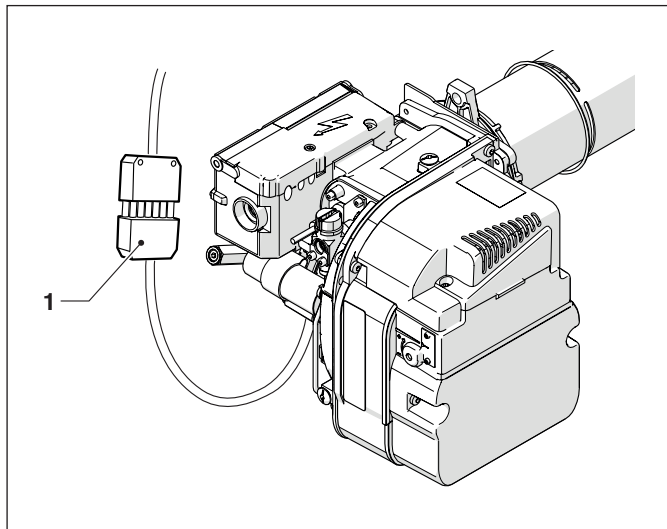
- remove the fixing screw (2) and extract the front panel (1);



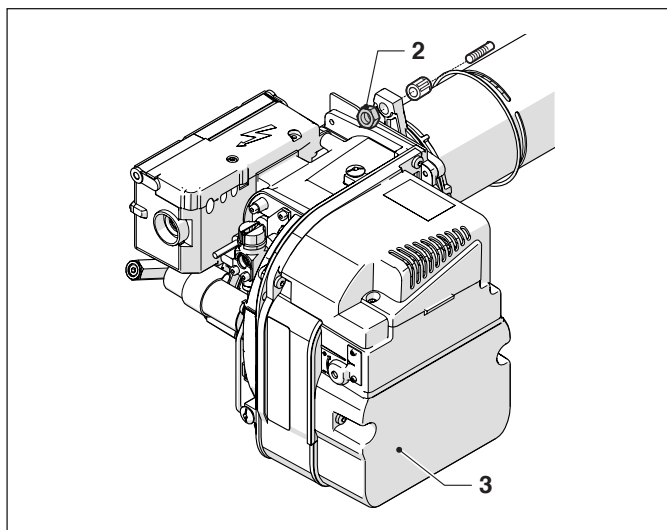
REMOVING THE BURNER

Proceed as follows to remove the burner:

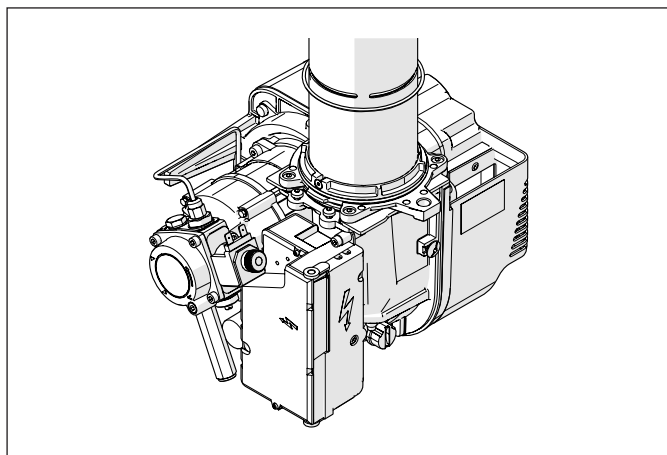
- Close the fuel shut-off cocks;
- disconnect the connector (1);



- Unscrew the fixing nut (2) and remove the burner;
- Pull the burner (3) out, taking care not to damage it;



- Place the burner in an upright position.

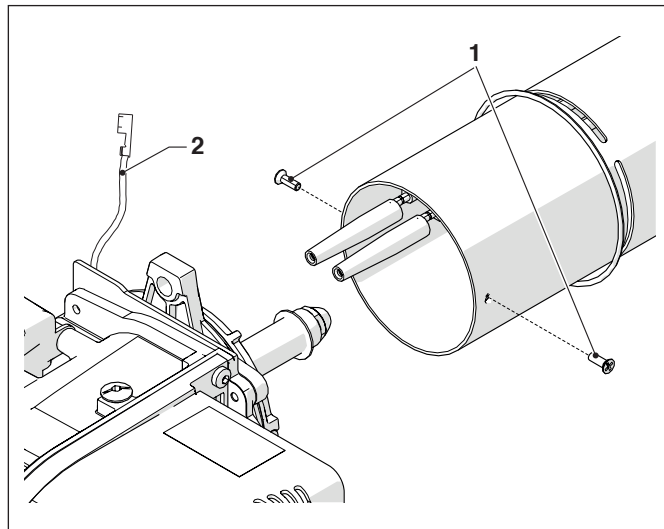


Reverse the above steps to reassemble.

REMOVING THE BLAST TUBE

Proceed as follows to remove the blast tube:

- Remove the screws (1) and remove the blast tube.
- disconnect the high voltage cable (2).



! With the blast tube removed, check its front edge to make sure that it is smooth, free from deposits, burns and dents.

Reverse the above steps to reassemble.

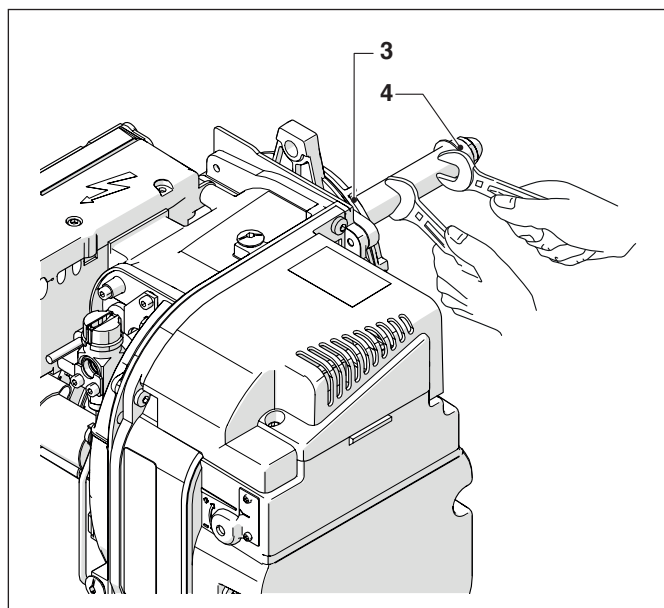
REPLACING THE NOZZLE

	ACQUAHOME 25 B BLU (*)
Nozzle type	0.65 80°HF Fluidics

(*) Burner with oil heater

Remove the blast tube then proceed as follows:

- Clean the electrodes without removing the clamp;
- Hold the nozzle holder (3) steady with one wrench while using a second wrench to remove the nozzle (4)



- Make sure that the new nozzle is exactly the same type and size as the old one
- Clean the contact and sealing surfaces
- manually drive and screw the new nozzle fully home, then tighten it properly.



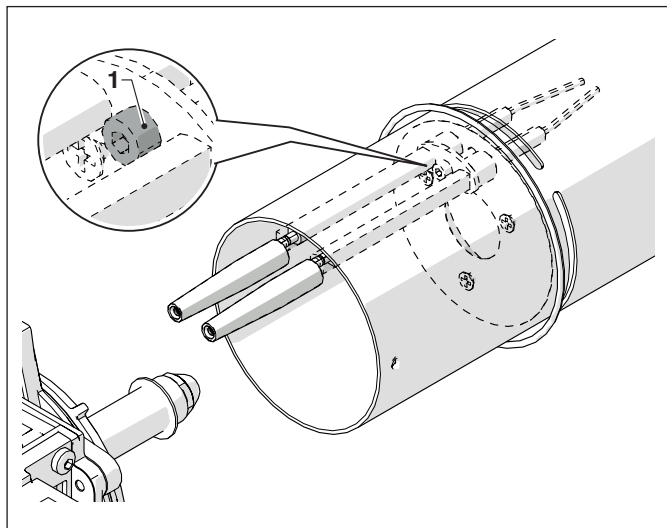
Do not use nozzles of different make, type and specifications to the original.

REMOVING THE ELECTRODES

Proceed as follows to remove the electrodes:

- Loosen the screw (1)
- Extract the electrodes and check them for wear

Reverse the above steps to reassemble.

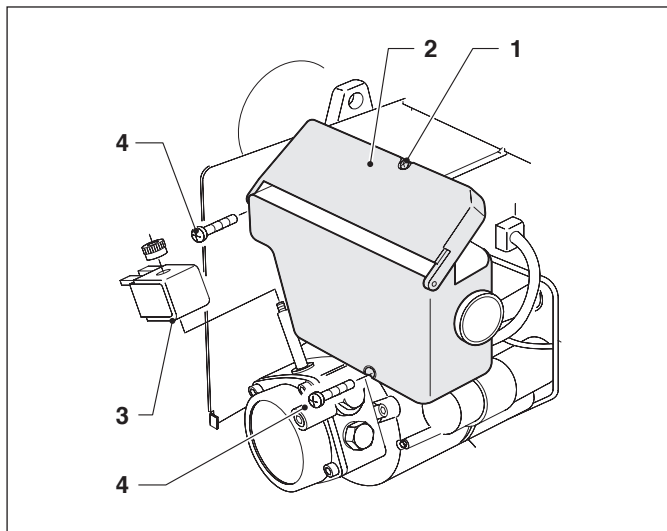


REMOVING THE BURNER CONTROLLER

The burner cover has to be removed first in order to remove the controller.

Proceed as follows:

- Loosen the screw (1), open the cover (2) and remove all the components inside
- Remove the coil (3)
- Unscrew and remove the two screws (4).



This operation must be performed with the burner turned off and mains power disconnected.

CLEANING THE FAN



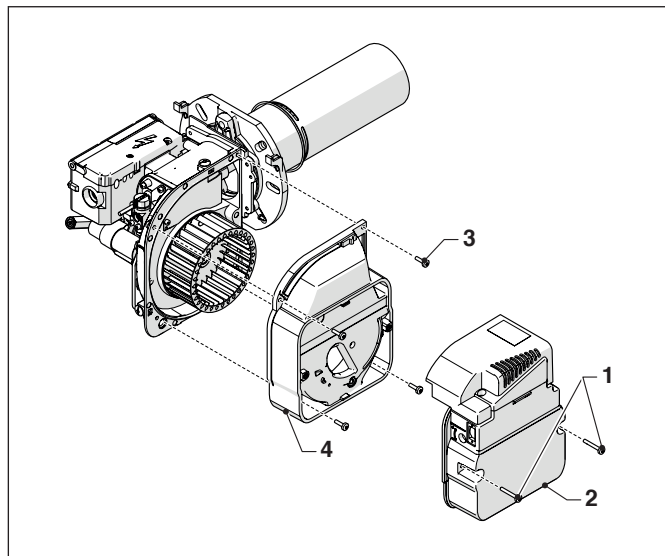
Clean the inside and the rotor blades of the fan unit to remove any build-up of dust. Accumulated dust reduces the air flow and therefore reduces combustion efficiency, leading to increased emissions.



Take care not to damage or block the fan while performing cleaning or maintenance.

Proceed as follows

- Unscrew the screws (1) and remove the air damper (2);
- Unscrew the screws (3) and remove the suction cover (4);
- Clean the fan and the inside of the suction cover using a suitable brush and compressed air.

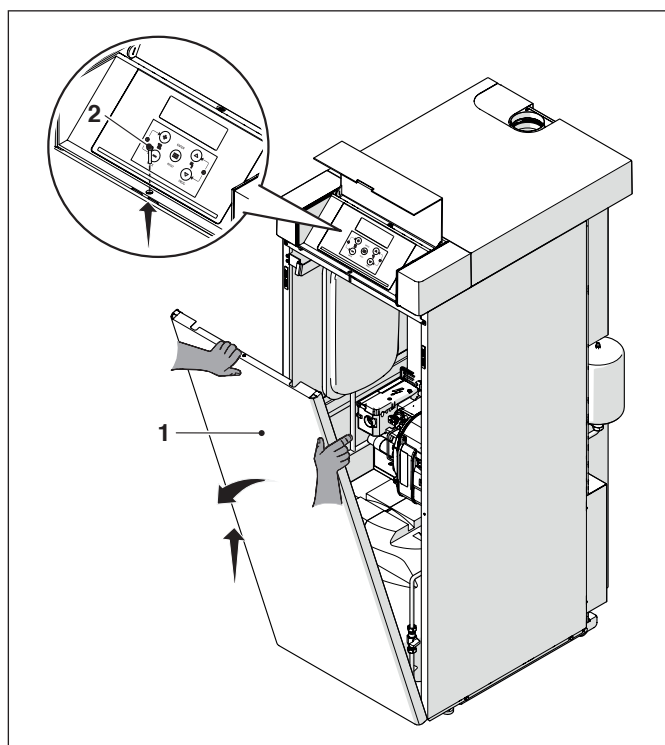


- Reverse the above steps to reassemble. Take care to replace all burner parts in their original positions.

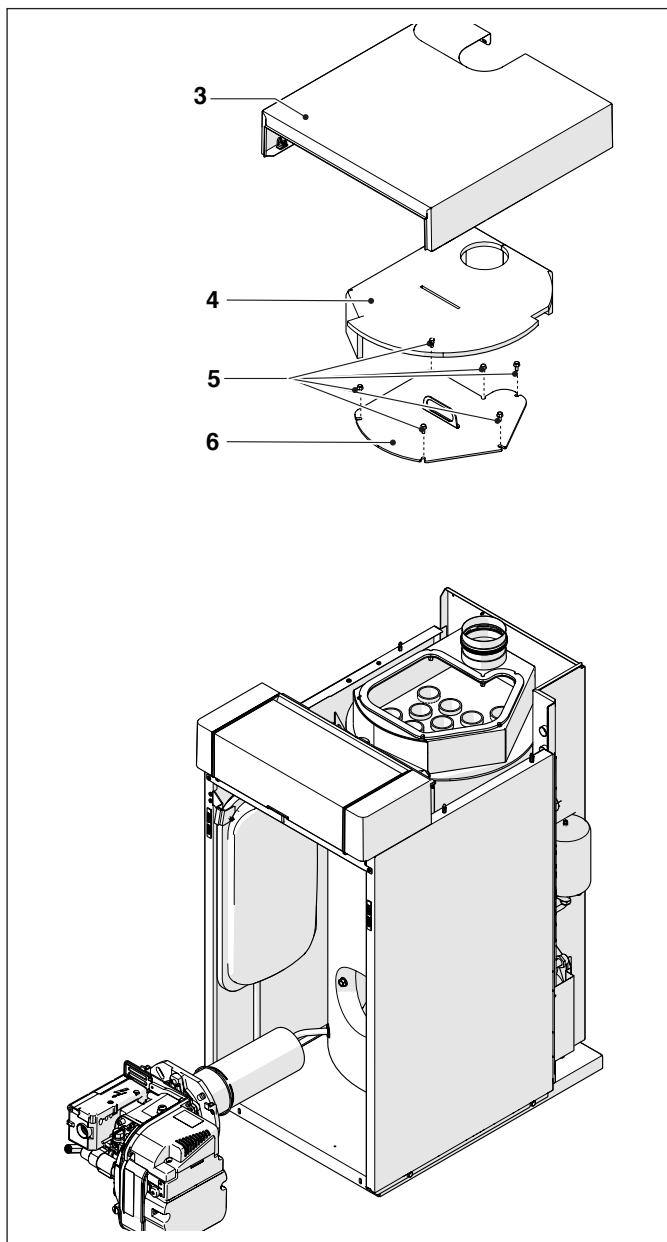
Boiler exchanger cleaning

Proceed as follows to access the internal parts of the boiler:

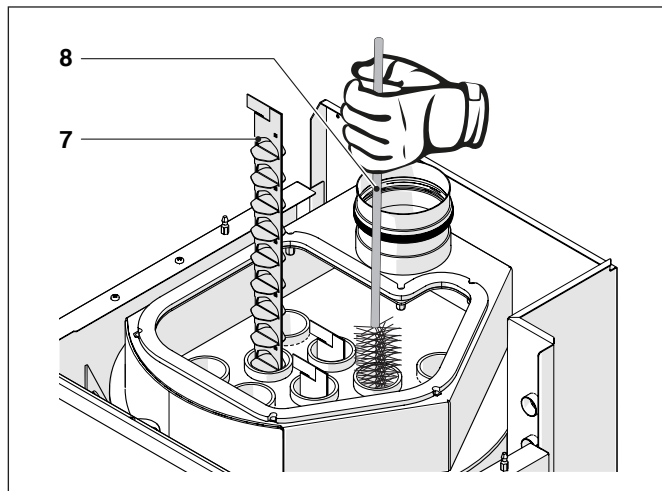
- remove the fixing screw (2) and extract the front panel (1);



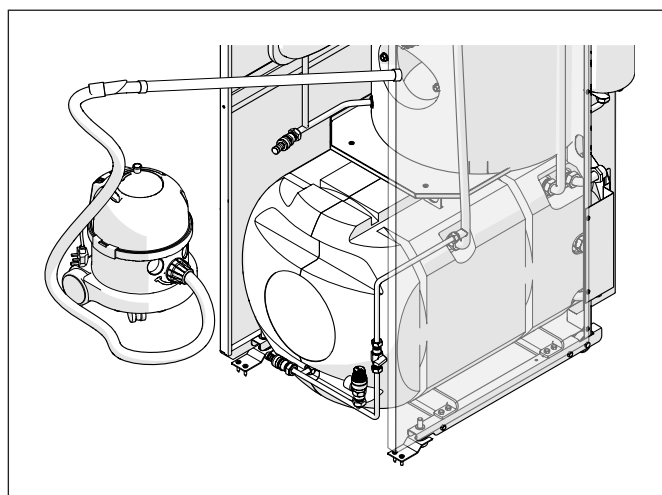
- Remove the burner;
- Remove the top panel (3);
- remove the insulating cover (4);
- remove the screws (5) and slide the flue gas chamber out (6);



- remove the turbulators (7) and check them for wear and fin angle (replace as necessary);
- use a flue brush (8) or other suitable tool;



- remove any displaced soot through the combustion chamber hole.



Proceed as follows on completion of cleaning:

- refit the turbulators in the flue gas pipes, making sure that they are correctly seated;
- replace all removed components in the opposite order.

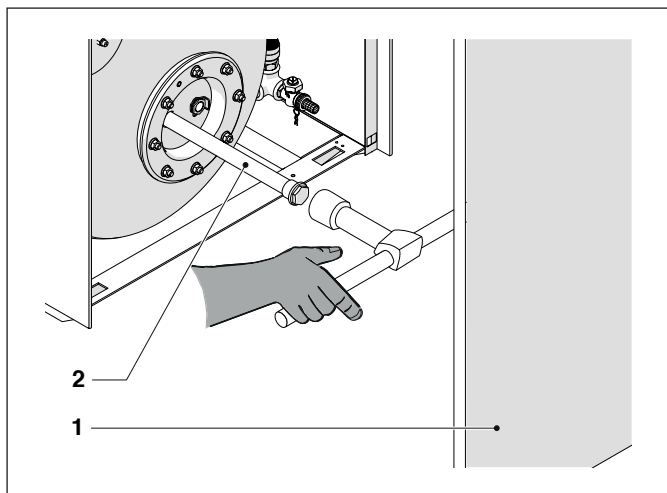


Before repositioning the flue gas chamber closure, replace the expanded silicone seal.

Checking and replacing the storage cylinder anode

To check the magnesium anode and its wear status:

- remove the front panel (1);
- close the cold water inlet (CWI) shut-off valve;
- Empty the heater through its drain valve, after having connected a rubber hose to the hose connector;
- remove the heater flange insulation;
- remove the magnesium anode (2) using a socket wrench;
- check the wear status and replace it if necessary.



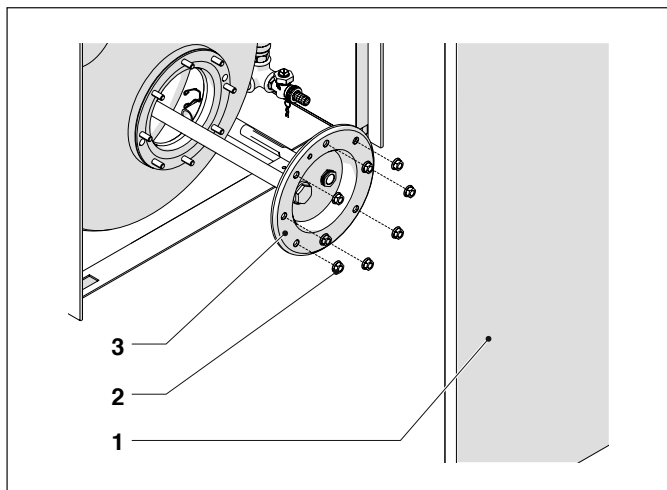
Extraordinary cleaning

Cleaning the storage cylinder

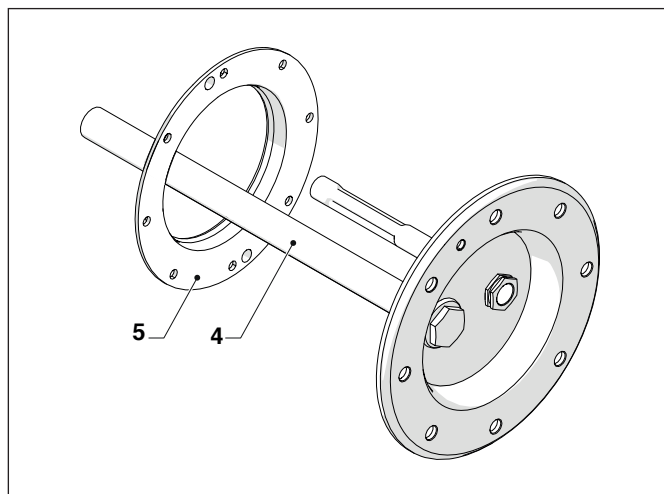
Ordinary maintenance work must be carried out when needed, in case the heater performance is not satisfying or when the domestic water is particularly hard.

Perform the following operations before beginning any cleaning:

- remove the front panel (1);
- close the cold water inlet (CWI) shut-off valve;
- partially empty the heater through its drain valve, after having connected a rubber hose to the hose connector;
- remove the heater flange insulation;
- extract the heater sensor;
- remove the screws (2) fastening the flange (3) and extract it;



- clean the internal surfaces and remove any residues through the opening;
- check the magnesium anode wear status (4) (replace it if necessary);
- check that the seal (5) is intact.



On completion of cleaning, refit all removed parts in the reverse order, taking care to ensure the efficiency of the seals. Position the heater sensor bulb so that it reaches the bottom.

N.B.: Tighten the fixing nuts, proceeding diagonally around the flange to apply pressure uniformly around the seal.

External cleaning

Clean the boiler's casing panels and control panel with a soft cloth dampened in soapy water.

To remove marks from the boiler casing, use a cloth dampened in a 50% mix of water and denatured alcohol or a suitable cleaning product.

Wipe the boiler dry after cleaning it.



Do not use abrasive products, petrol or triethylene.

Troubleshooting

FAULT	CAUSE	SOLUTION
There is a smell of fumes	Fumes escaping into the air	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check that the burner body is clean - Check that the flue pipes are clean - Check the condition of the boiler seals - Check the quality of combustion
The boiler gets dirty very quickly	Burner badly adjusted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check adjustment of burner (perform flue gas analysis)
	Blockage in stack	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clean flue pipes
	Burner air intake dirty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clean the burner air intake
The generator is at temperature but the heating system is cold	Air in the circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bleed the circuit
	Pump malfunctioning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check/unseize the pump - Change the pump
The boiler does not reach its temperature setpoint	Boiler dirty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clean
	Burner capacity insufficient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check and adjust the burner
	Boiler temperature setpoint	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check correct functioning - Check the temperature setting
The generator triggers a thermal safety block	Safety thermostat / delivery overtemperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check correct functioning - Check the temperature setting - Check the electrical wiring - Check the position of the sensor bulbs
	No water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the bleed valve - Check the heating circuit pressure
The safety valve keeps opening	Incorrect central heating circuit pressure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the circuit pressure - Check pressure reducer functioning - Check efficiency of safety valve
	CH expansion vessel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the efficiency of the expansion vessel
The circulator does not work	Pump seized Electrical connections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the pump and connections
	The request from the ambient thermostat is missing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the temperature controller, sensors and connections
Insufficient domestic hot water or water not hot enough	Faulty diverting valve or circulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Replace the circulator or the valve
	Domestic setpoint	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Check the temperature set

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Diagnostic signal	Probable cause	Remedy
The burner does not ignite when heat is requested	○ OFF	No electrical power	Check voltage at L, N and in power plug
			Check the condition of the fuses
			Check that the safety thermostat has not tripped
	●● GREEN, RED alternate flashing	The flame detector reads extraneous light	Eliminate cause of light or false flame signal
	○ OFF	The burner controller connectors are not properly plugged in	Make sure that all connectors are properly connected
	● GREEN flashing	Short circuit connector P not connected	Replace as necessary
The burner locks out before or during pre-purging or pre-heating	● RED flashing	The flame detector is reading extraneous light	Eliminate cause of light or false flame signal
The burner performs pre-purging and ignition correctly but locks out after about 5 seconds	● RED	Flame detector dirty	Clean the flame detector
		The flame detector is faulty	Change as necessary
		The flame detaches or fails	Check fuel oil pressure and flow rate
			Check the air flow
			Change the nozzle
The burner starts up only after late ignition.	○ OFF	Ignition electrodes incorrectly positioned	Adjust ignition electrodes as instructed in this manual.
		Air flow rate too high	Adjust air flow rate as instructed in this manual.
		Nozzle dirty or worn	Replace

RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL

The device is primarily composed of:

Material	Component
Metal materials	Pipes, circulator, boiler body
ABS (acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene)	Control panel enclosure
Glass wool felt	Boiler body insulation
Electrical and electronic components	Cables and wirings, regulator, circulator

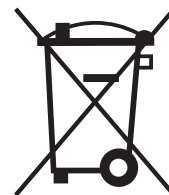
At the end of the life cycle, safely remove the components and dispose of them in a responsible manner, in compliance with the installation country's applicable environmental legislation.



Adequate sorted waste collection, processing and environmentally-friendly disposal contribute to preventing possible negative impacts on the environment and health and promote the reuse and/or recycling of the materials of which the appliance consists.



Illegal disposal of the product by the owner shall be subject to administrative fines provided for by applicable laws.



THERMITAL

RIELLO S.p.A.
Via Ing. Pilade Riello, 7
37045 - Legnago (VR)
www.thermital.it

The manufacturer strives to continuously improve all products. Appearance, dimensions, technical specifications, standard equipment and accessories are therefore liable to modification without notice.